

# YASKAWA AC Drive – V1000

**Compact Vector Control Drive** 

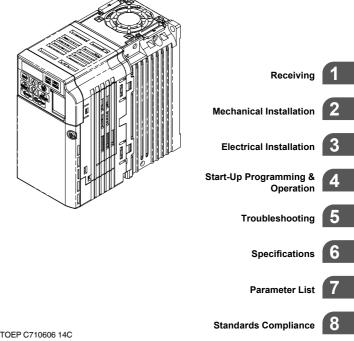
# **Quick Start Guide**

Type: CIMR-VU	
---------------	--

Model: 200 V Class. Three-Phase Input: 0.1 to 18.5 kW 200 V Class, Single-Phase Input: 0.1 to 3.7 kW 400 V Class, Three-Phase Input: 0.2 to 18.5 kW

To properly use the product, read this manual thoroughly and retain for easy reference, inspection, and maintenance. Ensure the end user receives this manual.

Contém manual suplementar em Português.



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# Preface & General Safety

This section provides safety messages pertinent to this product that, if not heeded, may result in fatality, personal injury, or equipment damage. Yaskawa is not responsible for the consequences of ignoring these instructions.

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# i.1 Preface

Yaskawa manufactures products used as components in a wide variety of industrial systems and equipment. The selection and application of Yaskawa products remain the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer or end user. Yaskawa accepts no responsibility for the way its products are incorporated into the final system design. Under no circumstances should any Yaskawa product be incorporated into any product or design as the exclusive or sole safety control. Without exception, all controls should be designed to detect faults dynamically and fail safely under all circumstances. All systems or equipment designed to incorporate a product manufactured by Yaskawa must be supplied to the end user with appropriate warnings and instructions as to the safe use and operation of that part. Any warnings provided by Yaskawa must be promptly provided to the end user. Yaskawa offers an express warranty only as to the quality of its products in conforming to standards and specifications published in the Yaskawa assumes no liability for any personal injury, property damage, losses, or claims arising from misapplication of its products.

## Applicable Documentation

The following manuals are available for V1000 series drives:

	V1000 Series AC Drive Quick Start Guide
	Read this manual first. This guide is packaged together with the product. It contains basic information required to install and wire the drive. This guide provides basic programming and simple setup and adjustment. Refer to the
B	V1000 Technical Manual for complete descriptions of drive features and functions.
Artigues (Balance Artigues (Ba	V1000 Series AC Drive Technical Manual
	This manual describes installation, wiring, operation procedures, functions, troubleshooting, maintenance, and inspections to perform before operation.

# i.2 General Safety

## Supplemental Safety Information

#### **General Precautions**

- The diagrams in this manual may be indicated without covers or safety shields to show details. Restore
  covers or shields before operating the drive and run the drive according to the instructions described
  in this manual.
- Any illustrations, photographs, or examples used in this manual are provided as examples only and may not apply to all products to which this manual is applicable.
- The products and specifications described in this manual or the content and presentation of the manual may be changed without notice to improve the product and/or the manual.
- When ordering a new copy of the manual due to damage or loss, contact your Yaskawa representative
  or the nearest Yaskawa sales office and provide the manual number shown on the front cover.
- If nameplate becomes worn or damaged, order a replacement from your Yaskawa representative or the nearest Yaskawa sales office.

# 

Read and understand this manual before installing, operating or servicing this drive. The drive must be installed according to this manual and local codes.

The following conventions are used to indicate safety messages in this manual. Failure to heed these messages could result in serious or possibly even fatal injury or damage to the products or to related equipment and systems.

# 

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

# 

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING!** will also be indicated by a bold key word embedded in the text followed by an italicized safety message.

Indicates a hazardous situation, which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

**CAUTION!** will also be indicated by a bold key word embedded in the text followed by an italicized safety message.

## NOTICE

Indicates a property damage message.

**NOTICE:** will also be indicated by a bold key word embedded in the text followed by an italicized safety message.

### Safety Messages

# 

#### Heed the safety messages in this manual.

Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

The operating company is responsible for any injuries or equipment damage resulting from failure to heed the warnings in this manual.

### **Electrical Shock Hazard**

#### Do not connect or disconnect wiring while the power is on.

Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

Before servicing, disconnect all power to the equipment. The internal capacitor remains charged even after the power supply is turned off. The charge indicator LED will extinguish when the DC bus voltage is below 50 Vdc. To prevent electric shock, wait at least five minutes after all indicators are OFF and measure the DC bus voltage level to confirm safe level.

## Sudden Movement Hazard

System may start unexpectedly upon application of power, resulting in death or serious injury.

Clear all personnel from the drive, motor and machine area before applying power. Secure covers, couplings, shaft keys and machine loads before applying power to the drive.

# When using DriveWorksEZ to create custom programming, the drive I/O terminal functions change from factory settings and the drive will not perform as outlined in this manual.

Unpredictable equipment operation may result in death or serious injury.

Take special note of custom I/O programming in the drive before attempting to operate equipment.

## **Electrical Shock Hazard**

#### Do not attempt to modify or alter the drive in any way not explained in this manual.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Yaskawa is not responsible for any modification of the product made by the user. This product must not be modified.

#### Do not allow unqualified personnel to use equipment.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

Maintenance, inspection, and replacement of parts must be performed only by authorized personnel familiar with installation, adjustment and maintenance of AC drives.

#### Do not remove covers or touch circuit boards while the power is on.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

## Fire Hazard

#### Do not use an improper voltage source.

Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire.

Verify that the rated voltage of the drive matches the voltage of the incoming power supply before applying power.

## **Crush Hazard**

#### Do not carry the drive by the front cover.

Failure to comply may result in minor or moderate injury from the main body of the drive falling.

## NOTICE

Observe proper electrostatic discharge procedures (ESD) when handling the drive and circuit boards.

Failure to comply may result in ESD damage to the drive circuitry.

Never connect or disconnect the motor from the drive while the drive is outputting voltage.

Improper equipment sequencing could result in damage to the drive.

#### Do not perform a withstand voltage test on any part of the drive.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the sensitive devices within the drive.

#### Do not operate damaged equipment.

Failure to comply could result in further damage to the equipment.

Do not connect or operate any equipment with visible damage or missing parts.

#### Install adequate branch circuit short circuit protection per applicable codes.

Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive.

The drive is suitable for circuits capable of delivering not more than 30,000 RMS symmetrical Amperes, 240 Vac maximum (200 V Class) and 480 Vac maximum (400 V Class).

#### Do not expose the drive to halogen group disinfectants.

Failure to comply may cause damage to the electrical components in the drive.

Do not pack the drive in wooden materials that have been fumigated or sterilized.

Do not sterilize the entire package after the product is packed.

## Drive Label Warnings

Always heed the warning information listed in *Figure i.1* in the position shown in *Figure i.2*.



- Read manual before installing.
- Wait 5 minutes for capacitor discharge after disconnecting power supply.
- To conform to CE requirements, make sure to ground the supply neutral for 400V class.



Figure i.1 Warning Information

Figure i.2 Warning Information Position

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# Receiving

This chapter describes the proper inspections to perform after receiving the drive and illustrates the different enclosure types and components.

1.1	MODEL NUMBER AND NAMEPLATE	
	CHECK	16

# 1.1 Model Number and Nameplate Check

Please perform the following tasks after receiving the drive:

• Inspect the drive for damage.

If the drive appears damaged upon receipt, contact the shipper immediately.

- Verify receipt of the correct model by checking the information on the nameplate.
- If you have received the wrong model or the drive does not function properly, contact your supplier.

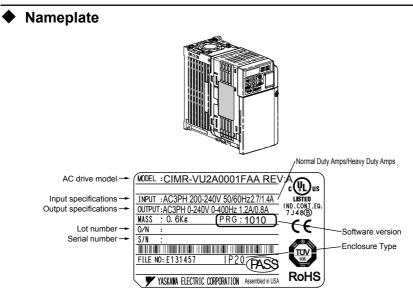
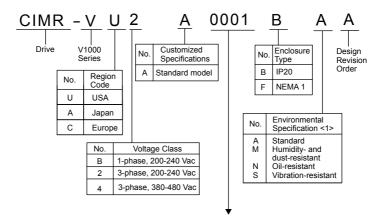


Figure 1.1 Nameplate Information



#### Single-Phase 200 V

Normal Duty			
No.	Max. Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A	
0001	0.2	1.2	
0002	0.4	1.9	
0003	0.75	3.3	
0006	1.1	6	
0010	2.2	9.6	
0012	3.0	12	
	—	—	

Heavy Duty			
No.	Max. Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A	
0001	0.1	0.8	
0002	0.2	1.6	
0003	0.4	3	
0006	0.75	5	
0010	1.5	8	
0012	2.2	11	
0018	3.7	17.5	

Note: CIMR-VDBA0018 is available with a Heavy Duty rating only.

1

Normal Duty			
No.	Max Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A	
0001	0.2	1.2	
0002	0.4	1.9	
0004	0.75	3.5	
0006	1.1	6	
0010	2.2	9.6	
0012	3.0	12	
0020	5.5	19.6	
0030	7.5	30	
0040	11	40	
0056	15	56	
0069	18.5	69	

#### Three-Phase 200 V

Heavy Duty			
No.	Max Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A	
0001	0.1	0.8	
0002	0.2	1.6	
0004	0.4	3	
0006	0.75	5	
0010	1.5	8	
0012	2.2	11	
0020	3.7	17.5	
0030	5.5	25	
0040	7.5	33	
0056	11	47	
0069	15	60	

#### Three-Phase 400 V

Normal Duty								
No.	Max. Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A						
0001	0.4	1.2						
0002	0.75	2.1						
0004	1.5	4.1						
0005	2.2	5.4						
0007	3.0	6.9						
0009	3.7	8.8						
0011	5.5	11.1						
0018	7.5	17.5						
0023	11	23						
0031	15	31						
0038	18.5	38						

Heavy Duty							
No.	Max. Motor Capacity kW	Rated Output Current A					
0001	0.2	1.2					
0002	0.4	1.8					
0004	0.75	3.4					
0005	1.5	4.8					
0007	2.2	5.5					
0009	3.0	7.2					
0011	3.7	9.2					
0018	5.5	14.8					
0023	7.5	18					
0031	11	24					
0038	15	31					

<1> Drives with these specifications do not guarantee complete protection for the specified environmental condition.





# Mechanical Installation

This chapter explains how to properly mount and install the drive.

### 2.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION ...... 20

# 2.1 Mechanical Installation

This section outlines specifications, procedures, and environment for proper mechanical installation of the drive.

## Installation Environment

To help prolong the optimum performance life of the drive, install the drive in the proper environment. The table below provides a description of the appropriate environment for the drive.

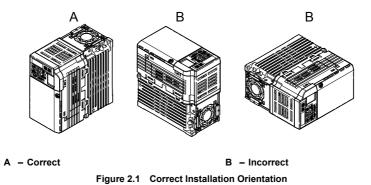
Environment	Conditions		
Installation Area	Indoors		
Ambient Temperature	-10 °C to +40 °C (IP20/NEMA 1) -10 °C to +50 °C (IP20/Open-Chassis) Drive reliability improves in environments without wide temperature fluctuations. When using an enclosure panel, install a cooling fan or air conditioner in the area to ensure that the air temperature inside the enclosure does not exceed the specified levels. Do not allow ice to develop on the drive.		
Humidity	95% RH or less and free of condensation		
Storage Temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C		
Surrounding Area	Install the drive in an area free from: • oil mist and dust • metal shavings, oil, water or other foreign materials • radioactive materials • combustible materials (e.g., wood) • harmful gases and liquids • excessive vibration • chlorides • direct sunlight		
Altitude	1000 m or lower		
Vibration	10 to 20 Hz at 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> 20 to 55 Hz at 5.9 m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Orientation	Install the drive vertically to maintain maximum cooling effects.		

Table 2.1 Installation Environment

**NOTICE:** Prevent foreign matter such as metal shavings or wire clippings from falling into the drive during installation and project construction. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive. Place a temporary cover over the top of the drive during installation. Remove the temporary cover before startup, as the cover will reduce ventilation and cause the drive to overtheat.

## Installation Orientation and Spacing

Install the drive upright as illustrated in *Figure 2.1* to maintain proper cooling.



#### Single Drive Installation

**Refer to Correct Installation Spacing on page 21** to maintain sufficient space for airflow and wiring. Install the heatsink against a closed surface to avoid diverting cooling air around the heatsink.

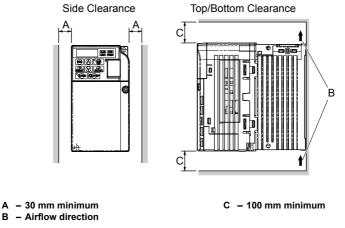
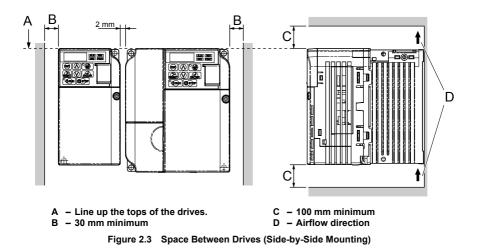


Figure 2.2 Correct Installation Spacing

Note: IP20/NEMA Type 1 and IP20/Open-Chassis models require the same amount of space above and below the drive for installation.

#### Multiple Drive Installation

When installing multiple drives into the same enclosure panel, mount the drives according to *Figure 2.2*. When mounting drives with a minimum side-by-side clearance of 2 mm according to *Figure 2.3*, derating must be considered and parameter L8-35 must be set. *Refer to Parameter List on page 113*.



Note: When installing drives of different sizes into the same enclosure panel, the tops of the drives should line up. Leave space between the top and bottom of stacked drives for cooling fan replacement if required. Using this method, it is possible to replace the cooling fans later.

**NOTICE:** When drives with IP20/NEMA Type 1 enclosures are mounted side by side, the top covers of all drives must be removed as shown in Figure 2.4.

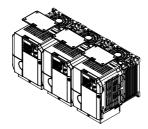
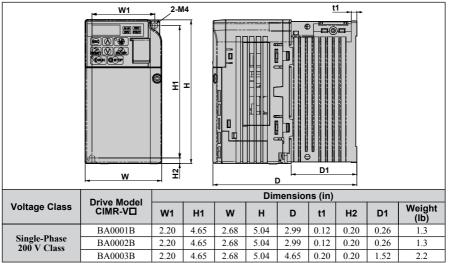


Figure 2.4 IP20/NEMA 1 Side-by-Side Mounting in Enclosure

## • Exterior and Mounting Dimensions

#### IP20/Open-Chassis Drives





		2-W	14 T							
				-	Dir	nensio	ıs (in)			
Voltage Class	Drive Model CIMR-VD	W1	H1	w	н	D	t1	H2	D1	Weight (lb)
	2A0001B	2.20	4.65	2.68	5.04	2.99	0.12	0.20	2.26	1.3
Three-Phase	2A0002B	2.20	4.65	2.68	5.04	2.99	0.12	0.20	2.26	1.3
200 V Class	2A0004B	2.20	4.65	2.68	5.04	4.25	0.20	0.20	1.52	2.0
	2A0006B	2.20	4.65	2.68	5.04	5.04	0.20	0.20	2.30	2.4

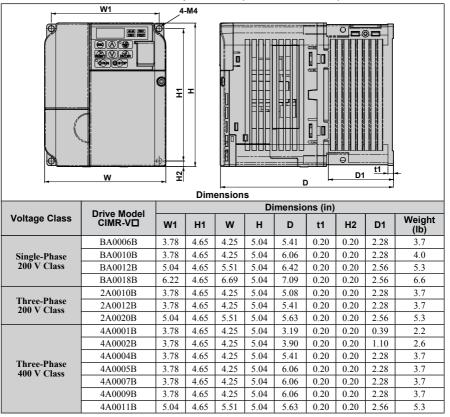
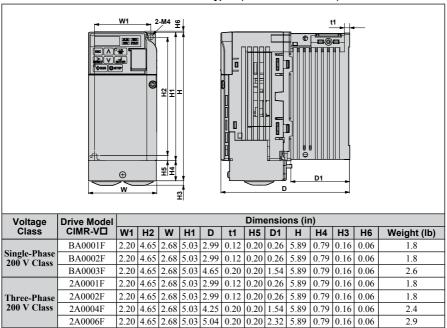


Table 2.3 IP20/Open-Chassis (without an EMC filter)

#### IP20/NEMA Type 1 Drives



#### Table 2.4 IP20/NEMA Type 1 (without an EMC filter)

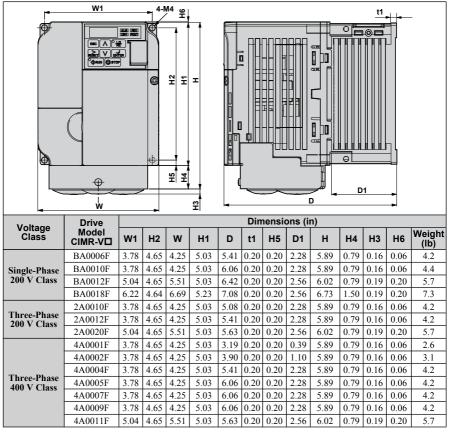


Table 2.5 IP20/NEMA Type 1 (without an EMC filter)

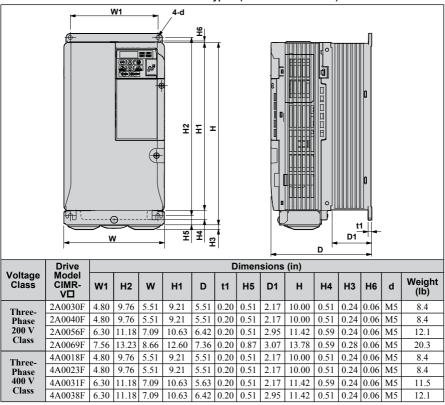


Table 2.6 IP20/NEMA Type 1 (without an EMC filter)



# Electrical Installation

This chapter explains proper procedures for wiring the control circuit terminals, motor and power supply.

3.1	STANDARD CONNECTION DIAGRAM	30
3.2	MAIN CIRCUIT WIRING	33
3.3	CONTROL CIRCUIT WIRING	38
3.4	I/O CONNECTIONS	44
3.5	MAIN FREQUENCY REFERENCE	47
3.6	WIRING CHECKLIST	49

# 3.1 Standard Connection Diagram

Connect the drive and peripheral devices as shown in *Figure 3.1*. It is possible to run the drive via the digital operator without connecting digital I/O wiring. This section does not discuss drive operation; *Refer to Start-Up Programming & Operation on page 51* for instructions on operating the drive.

**NOTICE:** Inadequate branch short circuit protection could result in damage to the drive. Install adequate branch circuit short circuit protection per applicable codes. The drive is suitable for circuits capable of delivering not more than 30,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 240 Vac maximum (200 V Class) and 480 Vac maximum (400 V Class).

**NOTICE:** When the input voltage is 480 V or higher or the wiring distance is greater than 100 meters, pay special attention to the motor insulation voltage or use an inverter duty motor. Failure to comply could lead to motor insulation breakdown.

**NOTICE:** Do not connect the AC control circuit ground to the drive enclosure. Improper drive grounding can cause the control circuit to malfunction.

**NOTICE:** The minimum load for the multi-function relay output MA-MB-MC is 10 mA. If a circuit requires less than 10 mA (reference value), connect it to a photocoupler output (P1, P2, PC). Improper application of peripheral devices could result in damage to the photocoupler output of the drive.

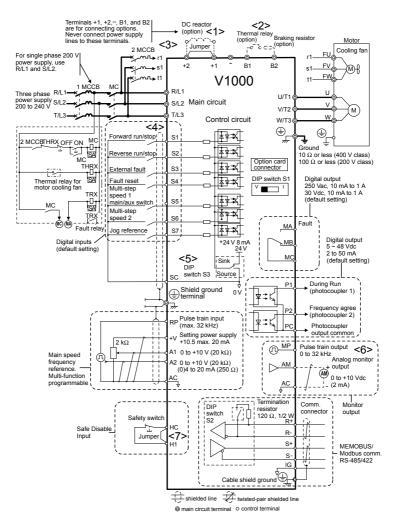


Figure 3.1 Drive Standard Connection Diagram

<1> Remove the jumper when installing an optional DC reactor.

YASKAWA ELECTRIC TOEP C710606 14C YASKAWA AC Drive - V1000 Quick Start Guide

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<2> The MC on the input side of the main circuit should open when the thermal relay is triggered.

<3> Self-cooled motors do not require separate cooling fan motor wiring.

<4> Connected using sequence input signal (S1 to S7) from NPN transistor; Default: sink mode (0 V com)

<5> Use only a +24 V internal power supply in sinking mode; the source mode requires an external power supply. *Refer to I/O Connections on page 44*.

<6> Monitor outputs work with devices such as analog frequency meters, ammeters, voltmeters and wattmeters; they are intended for use as a feedback-type of signal.

<7> Disconnect the wire jumper between HC and H1 when utilizing the safety input. *Refer to Wiring Procedure on page 42* for details on removing the jumper. The wire length for the Safe Disable input should not exceed 30 m.

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. Do not close the wiring for the control circuit unless the multifunction input terminal parameter is properly set (S5 for 3-Wire; H1-05 = "0"). Improper sequencing of run/stop circuitry could result in death or serious injury from moving equipment.

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. Ensure start/stop and safety circuits are wired properly and in the correct state before energizing the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury from moving equipment. When programmed for 3-Wire control, a momentary closure on terminal S1 may cause the drive to start.

**WARNING!** When 3-Wire sequence is used, set the drive to 3-Wire sequence before wiring the control terminals and ensure parameter b1-17 is set to 0 (drive does not accept a run command at power up (default). If the drive is wired for 3-Wire sequence but set up for 2-Wire sequence (default) and if parameter b1-17 is set to 1 (drive accepts a Run command at power up), the motor will rotate in reverse direction at power up of the drive and may cause injury.

**WARNING!** When the application preset function is executed (or A1-06 is set to any value other than 0) the drive I/O terminal functions change. This may cause unexpected operation and potential damage to equipment or injury.

*Figure 3.2* illustrates an example of a 3-Wire sequence.

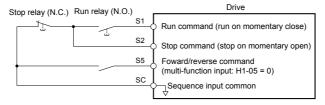


Figure 3.2 3-Wire Sequence

# 3.2 Main Circuit Wiring

This section describes the functions, specifications, and procedures required to safely and properly wire the main circuit of the drive.

**NOTICE:** Do not solder the ends of wire connections to the drive. Soldered wiring connections can loosen over time. Improper wiring practices could result in drive malfunction due to loose terminal connections.

## Main Circuit Terminal Functions

Terminal	Туре	Function F	
R/L1		Connects line power to the drive.	
S/L2	Main circuit power supply input	Drives with single-phase 200 V input power use terminals R/L1 and	
T/L3	suppry input	S/L2 only (T/L3 must not be used).	
U/T1			
V/T2	Drive output	Connects to the motor.	36
W/T3			
B1	Dualain a mainte a	Available for connecting a braking resistor or the braking resistor	
B2	Braking resistor	unit option.	
+1	DC reactor	These terminals are shorted at shipment. Remove the shorting bar	
+2	connection	between +1 and +2 when connecting to this terminal.	
+1	DC power supply	For connecting a DC new or supply	
-	input	For connecting a DC power supply.	-
(2 terminals)	Ground	Grounding Terminal For 200 V class: 100 Ω or less For 400 V class: 10 Ω or less	36

Table 3.1 Main Circuit Terminal Functions

## Wire Gauges and Tightening Torque

Select the appropriate wires and crimp terminals from Table 3.2 through Table 3.4.

- Note: 1. Wire gauge recommendations based on drive continuous current ratings using 75°C 600 Vac vinyl-sheathed wire assuming ambient temperature within 30°C and wiring distance less than 100 m.
  - 2. Terminals +1, +2, -, B1 and B2 are for connecting optional devices such as a DC reactor or braking resistor. Do not connect other non-specified devices to these terminals.
- Consider the amount of voltage drop when selecting wire gauges. Increase the wire gauge when the voltage drop is greater than 2% of motor rated voltage. Ensure the wire gauge is suitable for the terminal block. Use the following formula to calculate the amount of voltage drop:
- Line drop voltage (V) =  $\checkmark$  3 x wire resistance ( $\Omega$ /km) x wire length (m) x current (A) x  $10^{-3}$
- Refer to instruction manual TOBPC72060000 for braking unit or braking resistor unit wire gauges.
- Refer to UL Standards Compliance on page 145 for information on UL compliance.

#### ■ Single-Phase 200 V Class

Model CIMR- V⊡BA	Terminal	Screw Size	Tightening Torque N•m (Ib.in.)	Applicable Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recommended Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Line Type
0001 0002 0003	R/L1, S/L2, U/T1, V/T2, W/ T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2,	M3.5	0.8 to 1.0 (7.1 to 8.9)	0.75 to 2.0 (18 to 14)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33
0006	R/L1, S/L2, U/T1, V/T2, W/ T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2,	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33
0010	R/L1, S/L2, U/T1, V/T2, W/ T3, 🖶	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	(12)	Note 1 on page 33
0010	-, +1, +2, B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
0012	R/L1, S/L2, U/T1, V/T2, W/ T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2,	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
0018	R/L1, S/L2, U/T1, V/T2, W/ T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2,	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	3.5 to 8 (12 to 8)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33

Table 3.2 Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications

### Three-Phase 200 V Class

Table 3.3	Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications
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Model CIMR- V⊡2A	Terminal	Screw Size	Tightening Torque N•m (lb.in.)	Applicable Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recommended Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Line Type	
0001 0002 0004 0006	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2,	M3.5	0.8 to 1.0 (7.1 to 8.9)	0.75 to 2.0 (18 to 14)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33	
0010	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33	
0010	Ð	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	3.5 (12)	Note 1 on page 33	
0012	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2, (=)	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	3.5 (12)	Note 1 on page 33	
0020	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2, (=)	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33	
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33	
0030	B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33	
	Ð	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33	
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	14 (6)	Note 1 on page 33	
0040	B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33	
	Ð	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33	

Model CIMR- V⊡2A	Terminal	Screw Size	Tightening Torque N•m (Ib.in.)	Applicable Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recommended Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Line Type
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M6	4 to 6 (35.4 to 53.1)	14 to 22 (6 to 4)	22 (4)	Note 1 on page 33
0056	B1, B2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 8 (10 to 8)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33
	Ð	M6	4 to 6 (35.4 to 53.1)	14 to 22 (6 to 4)	22 (4)	Note 1 on page 33
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M8	9 to 11 (79.7 to 11.0)	8 to 38 (8 to 2)	38 (2)	Note 1 on page 33
0069	B1, B2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	8 to 14 (8 to 6)	14 (6)	Note 1 on page 33
	Ð	M6	4 to 6 (35.4 to 53.1)	8 to 22 (8 to 4)	22 (4)	Note 1 on page 33

### ■ Three-Phase 400 V Class

Table 3.4	Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications	

Model CIMR- V⊡4A	Terminal	Screw Size	Tightening Torque N•m (Ib.in.)	Applicable Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recommended Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Line Type
0001 0002 0004 0005 0007	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, −, +1, +2, B1, B2, ⊕	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33
0009	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33
0009	Ð	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	3.5 (12)	Note 1 on page 33
0011	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	2 (14)	Note 1 on page 33
0011	Ð	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	3.5 (12)	Note 1 on page 33
0010	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2, B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
0018	Ð	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33
0023	B1, B2	M4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)	2.0 to 5.5 (14 to 10)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
	Ð	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	5.5 (10)	Note 1 on page 33
	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33
0031	B1, B2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 8 (10 to 8)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33
	Ð	M6	4 to 6 (35.4 to 53.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33

3

Model CIMR- V⊡4A	Terminal	Screw Size	Tightening Torque N•m (Ib.in.)	Applicable Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recommended Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Line Type
0038	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	14 (6)	Note 1 on page 33
	B1, B2	M5	2 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)	5.5 to 8 (10 to 8)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33
	Ð	M6	4 to 6 (35.4 to 53.1)	5.5 to 14 (10 to 6)	8 (8)	Note 1 on page 33

## Main Circuit Terminal Power Supply and Motor Wiring

This section outlines the various steps, precautions, and checkpoints for wiring the main circuit terminals and motor terminals.

**NOTICE:** When connecting the motor to the drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3, the phase order for the drive and motor should match. Failure to comply with proper wiring practices may cause the motor to run in reverse if the phase order is backward.

**NOTICE:** Do not connect phase-advancing capacitors or LC/RC noise filters to the output circuits. Improper application of noise filters could result in damage to the drive.

**NOTICE:** Do not connect the AC power line to the output motor terminals of the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury by fire as a result of drive damage from line voltage application to output terminals.

#### Cable Length Between Drive and Motor

When the cable length between the drive and the motor is too long (especially at low frequency output), note that the cable voltage drop may cause reduced motor torque. Drive output current will increase as the leakage current from the cable increases. An increase in leakage current may trigger an overcurrent situation and weaken the accuracy of the current detection.

Adjust the drive carrier frequency according to the following table. If the motor wiring distance exceeds 100 m because of the system configuration, reduce the ground currents.

*Refer to Cable Length Between Drive and Motor on page 36* to set the carrier frequency to an appropriate level.

Cable Length	50 m or less	100 m or less	Greater than 100 m					
Carrier Frequency	15 kHz or less	5 kHz or less	2 kHz or less					

Table 3.5 Cable Length Between Drive and Motor

**Note:** When setting carrier frequency, calculate the cable length as the total distance of wiring to all connected motors when running multiple motors from a single drive.

### Ground Wiring

Follow the precautions to wire the ground for one drive or a series of drives.

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. Always use a ground wire that complies with technical standards on electrical equipment and minimize the length of the ground wire. Improper equipment grounding may cause dangerous electrical potentials on equipment chassis, which could result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. Be sure to ground the drive ground terminal. (200 V Class: Ground to 100  $\Omega$  or less, 400 V Class: Ground to 10  $\Omega$  or less). Improper equipment grounding could result in death or serious injury by contacting ungrounded electrical equipment.

**NOTICE:** Do not share the ground wire with other devices such as welding machines or large-current electrical equipment. Improper equipment grounding could result in drive or equipment malfunction due to electrical interference.

**NOTICE:** When using more than one drive, ground multiple drives according to instructions. Improper equipment grounding could result in abnormal operation of drive or equipment.

*Refer to Multiple Drive Wiring on page 37* when using multiple drives. Do not loop the ground wire.

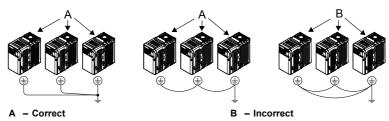
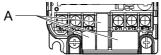


Figure 3.3 Multiple Drive Wiring

#### Wiring the Main Circuit Terminal

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. Shut off the power supply to the drive before wiring the main circuit terminals. Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

Note: 1. A cover placed over the DC Bus and braking circuit terminals prior to shipment helps prevent miswiring. Cut away covers as needed for terminals with a needle-nose pliers.



#### A - Protective Cover to Prevent Miswiring

2. The ground terminal screw on IP20/NEMA Type 1 holds the protective cover in place.

# 3.3 Control Circuit Wiring

<2> Use only the +24 V internal power supply in sinking mode; the source mode requires an external power supply. *Refer to 1/O Connections on page 44*.

### Control Circuit Terminal Block Functions

Drive parameters determine which functions apply to the multi-function digital inputs (S1 to S7), multi-function digital outputs (MA, MB), multi-function pulse inputs and outputs (RP, MP) and multi-function photocoupler outputs (P1, P2). The default is called out next to each terminal.

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. Always check the operation and wiring of control circuits after being wired. Operating a drive with untested control circuits could result in death or serious injury.

**WARNING!** Confirm the drive I/O signals and external sequence before starting test run. Setting parameter A1-06 may change the I/O terminal function automatically from the factory setting. **Refer to Application Selection on page 65.** Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

**NOTICE:** Do not switch an input contactor more often than once every 30 minutes. Improper equipment sequencing could shorten useful life of the drive electrolytic capacitors and circuit relays. Normally the drive I/O should be used to stop and start the motor.

#### Input Terminals

Туре	No.	Terminal Name (Function)	Function (Signal Level) Default Setting	
	S1	Multi-function input 1 (Closed: Forward run, Open: Stop)		
	S2	Multi-function input 2 (Closed: Reverse run, Open: Stop)	Photocoupler	
	S3	Multi-function input 3 (External fault (N.O.)	24 Vdc, 8 mA	
Multi- Function	S4	Multi-function input 4 (Fault reset)	<b>Note:</b> Drive preset to sinking mode. When using source mode, set DIP switch S3 to allow for a 24 Vdc	
Digital Inputs	S5	Multi-function input 5 (Multi-step speed reference 1)	(±10%) external power supply. <i>Refer to Sinking/</i> <i>Sourcing Mode Switch on page 44</i> .	
1	<b>S</b> 6	Multi-function input 6 (Multi-step speed reference 2)		
	S7	Multi-function input 7 (Jog reference)		
	SC	Multi-function input common (Control common)	Sequence common	
	HC	Power supply for safe disable input	+24 Vdc (max 10 mA allowed)	
Safe Disable Input	H1	Safe disable input	Open: Output disabled Closed: Normal operation Note: Disconnect wire jumper between HC and H1 when using the safe disable input. The wire length should not exceed 30 m.	

#### Table 3.6 Control Circuit Input Terminals

Туре	No.	Terminal Name (Function)	Function (Signal Level) Default Setting		
Main Frequency Reference Input	RP	Multi-function pulse train input (frequency reference)	Response frequency: 0.5 to 32 kHz (Duty Cycle: 30 to 70%) (High level voltage: 3.5 to 13.2 Vdc) (Low level voltage: 0.0 to 0.8 Vdc) (input impedance: 3 kΩ)		
	+V	Analog input power supply	+10.5 Vdc (max allowable current 20 mA)		
	A1	Multi-function analog input 1 (frequency reference)	Input voltage 0 to +10 Vdc (20 k $\Omega$ ) resolution 1/1000		
	A2	Multi-function analog input 2 (frequency reference)	Input voltage or input current (Selected by DIP switch S1) 0 to +10 Vdc (20 k $\Omega$ ), Resolution: 1/1000 4 to 20 mA (250 $\Omega$ ) or 0 to 20 mA (250 $\Omega$ ), Resolution: 1/500		
	AC	Frequency reference common	0 Vdc		

#### Output Terminals

Table 3.7	<b>Control Circuit Output Terminals</b>
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Туре	De No. Terminal Name (Function)		Function (Signal Level) Default Setting		
	MA N.O. (fault)		Digital output		
Multi-Function Digital Output	MB	N.C. output (fault)	30 Vdc, 10 mA to 1 A; 250 Vac, 10 mA to 1 A		
Digital Output	MC	Digital output common	Minimum load: 5 Vdc, 10 mA (reference value)		
	P1	Photocoupler output 1 (During run)			
Multi-Function Photocoupler Output	P2	Photocoupler output 2 (Frequency agree)	Photocoupler output 48 Vdc, 2 to 50 mA		
i notocoupier Output	PC	Photocoupler output common			
	MP	Pulse train output (Output frequency)	32 kHz (max)		
Monitor Output	AM	Analog monitor output	0 to 10 Vdc (2 mA or less) Resolution: 1/1000		
	AC	Monitor common	0 V		

Connect a suppression diode as shown in *Figure 3.4* when driving a reactive load such as a relay coil. Ensure the diode rating is greater than the circuit voltage.

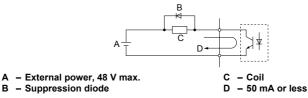


Figure 3.4 Connecting a Suppression Diode

#### Serial Communication Terminals

Table 3.8	Control Circuit Te	erminals: Serial	Communications

Туре	No. Signal Name		Function (Signal Level)		
	R+	Communications input (+)	MEMOBUS/Modbus communication: Use a RS-485		
MEMOBUS/	R-			RS-485/422 MEMOBUS/ Modbus communication protocol 115.2 kbps (max.)	
Modbus	S+	Communications output ( )	or RS-422 cable to connect the		
Communication	ication S- Communications output (-)		drive.	r ·····	
	IG Shield ground		0 V		

#### **Removable Terminal Block Configuration**

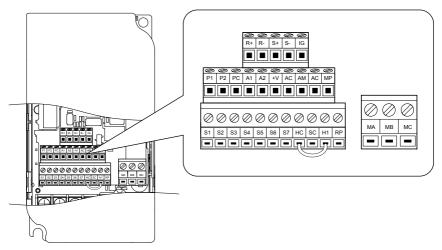


Figure 3.5 Removable Control Circuit Terminal Block (CIMR-VADDDDDD; CIMR-VUDDDDDD)

#### Wire Size and Torque Specifications

Select the appropriate wires and crimp terminals from *Table 3.10*. Crimp a ferrule to signal wiring to improve wiring simplicity and reliability. *Refer to Ferrule Terminal Types and Sizes on page 41*.

				Bare Wire	Terminal	Ferrule-Typ		
Terminal	Scre w Size	Tightening Torque N•m	Tightening Torque (in-Ibs)	Applicable wire size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recomm. mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Applicable wire size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Recomm. mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Wire Type
MA, MB, MC	М3	0.5 to 0.6	4.4 to 5.3	Stranded: 0.25 to 1.5 (24 to 16) Single: 0.25 to 1.5 (24 to 16)	0.75 (18)	0.25 to 1.0 (24 to 18)	0.5 (20)	
S1-S7, SC, RP, +V, A1, A2, AC, HC, H1, P1, P2, PC, MP, AM, AC, S+, S-, R+, R-, IG	M2	0.22 to 0.25	1.9 to 2.2	Stranded: 0.25 to 1.0 (24 to 18) Single: 0.25 to 1.5 (24 to 16)	0.75 (18)	0.25 to 0.5 (24 to 20)	0.5 (20)	Shielded line, etc.

Table 3.9 Wire Size and Torque Specifications (Same for All Models)

#### Ferrule-Type Wire Terminations

Crimp a ferrule to signal wiring to improve wiring simplicity and reliability. Use CRIMPFOX ZA-3, a crimping tool manufactured by PHOENIX CONTACT.

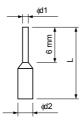


Figure 3.6 Ferrule Dimensions

Table 3.10 Ferrule Terminal Types an	nd Sizes
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Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Туре	L (mm)	d1 (mm)	d2 (mm)	Manufacturer
0.25 (24)	AI 0.25-6YE	10.5	0.8	1.8	
0.34 (22)	AI 0.34-6TQ	10.5	0.8	1.8	
0.5 (20)	AI 0.5-6WH	12	1.1	2.5	PHOENIX CONTACT
0.75 (18)	AI 0.75-6GY	12	1.3	2.8	
1.0	AI 1-6RD	12	1.5	3.0	

#### Wiring Procedure

This section describes the proper procedures and preparations for wiring the terminal board.

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. Do not remove covers or touch the circuit boards while the power is on. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury.

**NOTICE:** Separate control circuit wiring from main circuit wiring (terminals R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, B1, B2, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, -, +1, +2) and other high-power lines. Improper wiring practices could result in drive malfunction due to electrical interference.

**NOTICE:** Separate wiring for digital output terminals MA, MB and MC from wiring to other control circuit lines. Improper wiring practices could result in drive or equipment malfunction or nuisance trips.

**NOTICE:** Use a class 2 power supply (UL standard) when connecting to the control terminals. Improper application of peripheral devices could result in drive performance degradation due to improper power supply.

**NOTICE:** Insulate shields with tape or shrink tubing to prevent contact with other signal lines and equipment. Improper wiring practices could result in drive or equipment malfunction due to short circuit.

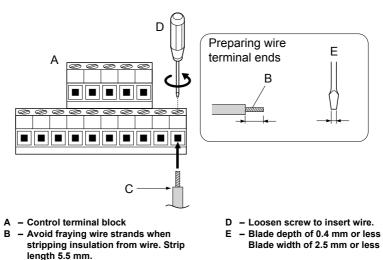
**NOTICE:** Connect the shield of shielded cable to the appropriate ground terminal. Improper equipment grounding could result in drive or equipment malfunction or nuisance trips.

Wire the terminal board using *Figure 3.7* as a guide (control circuit terminal block). Prepare the ends of the control circuit wiring as shown in *Figure 3.7*. *Refer to Wire Size and Torque Specifications on page 40*.

**NOTICE:** Do not tighten screws beyond the specified tightening torque. Failure to comply may damage the terminal block.

**NOTICE:** Use shielded twisted-pair cables as indicated to prevent operating faults. Improper wiring practices could result in drive or equipment malfunction due to electrical interference.

Connect control wires as shown in the following figure:







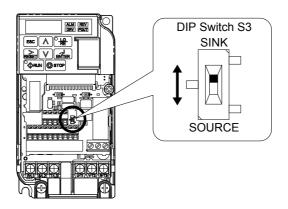
# 3.4 I/O Connections

### Sinking/Sourcing Mode Switch

Set the DIP switch S3 on the front of the drive to switch the digital input terminal logic between sinking mode and sourcing mode; the drive is preset to sinking mode.

Set Value	Details
SINK	Sinking Mode (0 V common): factory setting
SOURCE	Sourcing Mode (+24 V common)

Table 3.11	Sinking/Sourcing Mode Setting
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#### Transistor Input Signal Using 0 V Common/Sink Mode

When controlling the digital inputs by NPN transistors (0 V common/sinking mode), set the DIP switch S3 to SINK and use the internal 24 V power supply.

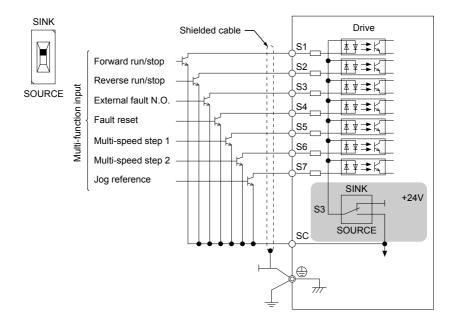


Figure 3.9 Sinking Mode: Sequence from NPN Transistor (0 V Common)

3

#### Transistor Input Signal Using +24 V Common/Source Mode

When controlling digital inputs by PNP transistors (+24 V common/sourcing mode), set the DIP switch S3 to SOURCE and use an external 24 V power supply.

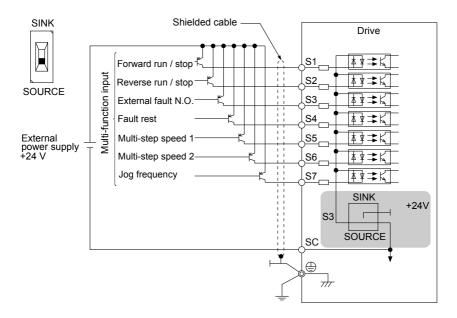


Figure 3.10 Source Mode: Sequence from PNP Transistor (+24 V Common)

### 3.5 Main Frequency Reference

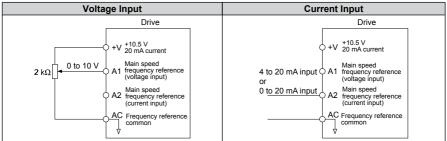
### Terminal A2 Switch

The main frequency reference can either be a voltage or current signal input. For voltage signals both analog inputs, A1 and A2, can be used, for current signals A2 must be used.

To use current input at terminal A2, set the DIP switch S1 to "I" (factory setting) and set parameter H3-09 = "2" or "3" (4-20 mA or 0-20 mA). Set parameter H3-10 = "0" (frequency reference).

Note: If Terminals A1 and A2 are both set for frequency reference (H3-02 = 0 and H3-10 = 0), the addition of both input values builds the frequency reference.

When using input A2 as voltage input, set the DIP switch S1 to "V" (left position) and program parameter H3-09 to "0" (0 to  $\pm$ 10 Vdc with lower limit) or "1" (0 to  $\pm$ 10 Vdc without lower limit).



#### Table 3.12 Frequency Reference Configurations

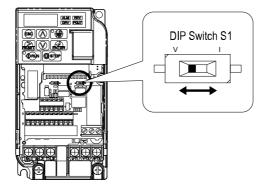


Figure 3.11 DIP Switch S1

Table 3.13	DIP	Switch	<b>S1</b>	Settings
10016 0.10		Owner		Jettings

Setting Value	Description		
V (left position)	Voltage input (0 to 10 V)		
I (right position)	Current input (4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA): factory setting		

No.	Parameter Name	Description	Setting Range	Default Setting
H3-09	Frequency ref. (current)	Selects the signal level for terminal A2. 0: 0 to +10 V, unipolar input (negative frequency reference values are zeroed) 1: 0 to +10 V, bipolar input (negative frequency reference changes the direction) 2: 4 to 20 mA 3: 0 to 20 mA	0 to 3	2

# 3.6 Wiring Checklist

M	No.	Item	Page	
		Drive, peripherals, option cards		
	1 Check drive model number to ensure receipt of correct model.		16	
	2	Check for correct braking resistors, DC reactors, noise filters, and other peripheral devices.		
	3	Check for correct option card model.		
		Installation area and physical setup		
	4	Ensure area surrounding the drive complies with specifications.		
		Power supply voltage, output voltage		
	5	The voltage from the power supply should fall within the input voltage specification range of the drive.		
	6	The voltage rating for the motor should match the drive output specifications.	16	
		Main circuit wiring		
	7	Confirm proper branch circuit protection exists per National and Local codes.	30	
	8	Properly wire the power supply to drive terminals R/L1, S/L2 and T/L3.		
	9	Properly wire the drive and motor together. The motor lines and drive output terminals R/T1, V/T2 and W/T3 should match in order to produce the desired phase order. If the phase order is incorrect, the drive will rotate in the opposite direction.		
	10	Use 600 Vac vinyl-sheathed wire for the power supply and motor lines.	<u>33</u>	
	11	Use the correct wire gauges for the main circuit. <i>Refer to Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications on page 34, Table 3.3</i> , or <i>Table 3.4</i> .	33	
		<ul> <li>When using comparatively long motor cable, calculate the amount of voltage drop.</li> <li>Motor rated voltage (V) x 0.02 ≥</li> <li>3 x voltage resistance (Ω/km) x cable length (m) x motor rated current (A) x 10<sup>-3</sup></li> </ul>	33	
		If the cable between the drive and motor exceeds 50 m, adjust the carrier frequency (C6-02) accordingly.	36	
	12	Properly ground the drive. Review page 36.	36	
	13	Tightly fasten all terminal screws (control circuit terminals, grounding terminals). Refer to Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications on page 34, Table 3.3, or Table 3.4.		

3

#### 3.6 Wiring Checklist

M	No.	Item		
	14	Set up overload protection circuits when running multiple motors from a single drive. Power supply Drive MC1 OL1 MC2 OL2 MC2 OL2 MCn OLn Mn MC1 - MCn magnetic contactor OL1 - OLn thermal relay Note: Close MC1 through MCn before operating the drive.	-	
	15	If using a braking resistor or dynamic braking resistor unit, install a magnetic contactor. Properly install the resistor, and ensure that overload protection shuts off the power supply.		
	16	Verify phase advancing capacitors are NOT installed on the output side of the drive.		
	Control circuit wiring			
	17	Use twisted-pair cables for all drive control circuit wiring.		
	18	Ground the shields of shielded wiring to the GND 🖶 terminal.		
	19	If using a 3-Wire sequence, properly set parameters for multi-function contact input terminals S1 through S7, and properly wire control circuits.		
	20	Properly wire any option cards.		
	21	Check for any other wiring mistakes. Only use a multimeter to check wiring.	-	
	22	Properly fasten the control circuit terminal screws in the drive. <i>Refer to Wire Gauge and Torque Specifications on page 34, Table 3.3</i> , or <i>Table 3.4</i> .		
	23	Pick up all wire clippings.		
	24	Ensure that no frayed wires on the terminal block are touching other terminals or connections.		
	25	Properly separate control circuit wiring and main circuit wiring.		
	26	Analog signal line wiring should not exceed 50 m.	-	
	27	Safe Disable Input wiring should not exceed 30 m.		

4



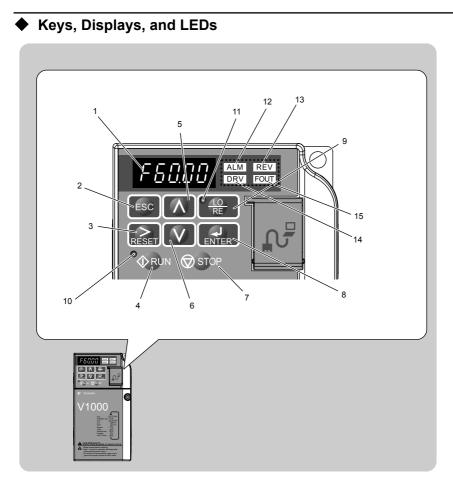
# Start-Up Programming & Operation

This chapter explains the functions of the LED operator and how to program the drive for initial operation.

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# 4.1 Using the Digital LED Operator

Use the LED operator to enter run and stop commands, display data, edit parameters, as well as display fault and alarm information.



No.	Display	Name	Function		
1	F60.00	Data Display Area	Displays the frequency reference, parameter number, etc.		
2	ESC	ESC Key	Returns to the previous menu.		
3	RESET	RESET Key	Moves the cursor to the right. Resets the drive to clear a fault situation.		
4		RUN Key	Starts the drive.		
5	$\land$	Up Arrow Key	Scrolls up to select parameter numbers, setting values, etc.		
6	V	Down Arrow Key	Scrolls down to select parameter numbers, setting values, etc.		
7	STOP	STOP Key	Stops the drive. <b>Note:</b> Stop priority circuit. A fast-stop is available by pressing the STOP key when the drive detects a danger even if the drive is running by a signal from the multi-function contact input terminal (REMOTE is set). To avoid stoppage by using the STOP key, set o2-02 (STOP Key Function Selection) to 0 (Disabled).		
8	ENTER	ENTER Key	Selects all modes, parameters, settings, etc. Selects a menu item to move from one display screen to the next.		
9	● <u>▲O</u> RE	LO/RE Selection Key	Switches drive control between the operator (LOCAL) and the control circuit terminals (REMOTE). Note: LOCAL/REMOTE key effective during stop in drive mode. If the digital operator could change from REMOTE to LOCAL by incorrect operation, set o2-01 (LOCAL/REMOTE Key Function Selection) to "0" (disabled) to disable LOCAL/REMOTE key.		
10		RUN Light	Lit while the drive is operating the motor.		
11	LO RE	LO/RE Light	Lit while the operator (LOCAL) is selected to run the drive.		
12	ALM	ALM LED Light			
13	REV	REV LED Light	Refer to LED Screen Displays on page 53.		
14	DRV	DRV LED Light	Refer to LED Screen Displays on page 55.		
15	FOUT	FOUT LED Light			

Table 4.1 Keys and Displays on the LED Operator

### ♦ LED Screen Displays

Display	Lit	Flashing	Off
ALM	When the drive detects an alarm or error	<ul> <li>When an alarm occurs</li> <li>OPE detected</li> <li>When a fault or error occurs during Auto-Tuning</li> </ul>	Normal state (no fault or alarm)
REV	Motor is rotating in reverse	_	Motor is rotating forward

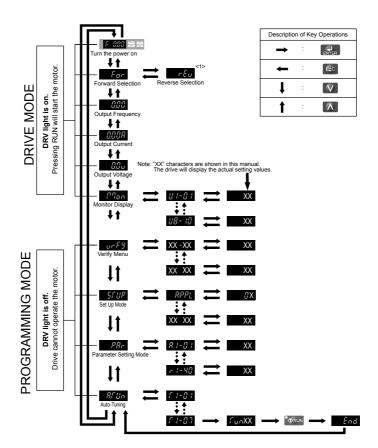
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Display	Lit	Flashing	Off
DRV	Drive Mode Auto-Tuning	When DriveWorksEZ is used <1>	Programming Mode
FOUT	Displays output frequency (Hz)	—	_
As illustrated in this manual			

<1> Refer to the DriveWorksEZ instruction manual for further information.

### ◆ LO/RE LED and RUN LED Indications

LED	Lit	Flashing	Flashing Quickly	Off
• <u>LO</u> RE	When run command is selected from LED operator (LOCAL)		_	Run command is selected from device other than LED operator (REMOTE)
<b>O</b> RUN	During run	<ul> <li>During deceleration to stop</li> <li>When a run command is input and frequency reference is 0</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>During deceleration at a fast-stop.</li> <li>During deceleration</li> <li>During stop by interlock operation.</li> </ul>	During stop
As shown		<b>RUN</b>	∲ RUN	<b>♦</b> RUN



#### Menu Structure for Digital LED Operator

Figure 4.1 Digital LED Operator Screen Structure

<1> Reverse can only be selected when LOCAL is set.

Start-Up Programming & Operation

4

### 4.2 The Drive and Programming Modes

The drive functions are divided into two main groups accessible via the Digital LED Operator:

**Drive Mode:** The Drive mode allows motor operation and parameter monitoring. Parameter settings cannot be changed when accessing functions in the Drive Mode.

**Programming Mode:** The Programming Mode allows access to setup/adjust, verify parameters and Auto-Tuning. The drive prohibits changes in motor operation such as start/ stop when the Digital LED Operator is accessing a function in the Programming Mode.

### Changing Parameter Settings or Values

This example explains changing C1-01 (Acceleration Time 1) from 10.0 seconds (default) to 20.0 seconds.

	Step		Display/Result
1.	Turn on the power to the drive. The initial display appears.	<b>→</b>	
2.	Press the key until the Setup Mode Screen appears.	<b>→</b>	SEUP
3.	Press the key to view the parameter setting display.	<b>→</b>	R I-02
4.	Scroll through parameters by pressing the key until C1-01 appears.	<b>→</b>	
5.	Press to view the current setting value (10.0 seconds). (Number farthest to the left flashes)	<b>→</b>	00 10.0
6.	Press RESET until the desired number is selected. ("1" flashes)	-	
7.	Press the key and enter 0020.0.	-	00200
8.	Press and the drive will confirm the change.	<b>→</b>	End
9.	The display automatically returns to the screen shown in Step 4.	-	E 1-0 I
10.	Press the key until back at the initial display.	<b>→</b>	F 0.00 DRV

#### Switching Between LOCAL and REMOTE

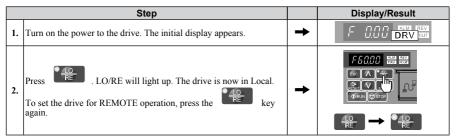
Entering the run command using the LED operator is referred to as LOCAL, while entering the run command from an external device via the control circuit terminals or network option card is referred to as REMOTE.

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. The drive may start unexpectedly if the Run command is already applied when switching from LOCAL mode to REMOTE mode when b1-07 = 1, resulting in death or serious injury. Be sure all personnel are clear of rotating machinery and electrical connections prior to switching between LOCAL mode and REMOTE mode.

There are two ways to switch between LOCAL and REMOTE.

Note: 1. After selecting LOCAL, LO/RE will remain lit.
2. The drive will not allow the user to switch between LOCAL and REMOTE during run.

#### Using the LO/RE Key on the LED Operator



#### Using Input Terminals S1 through S7 to Switch between LO/RE

Switch between LOCAL and REMOTE using one of the digital input terminals S1 through S7 (set the corresponding parameter H1-01 through H1-07 to "1").

Follow the example below to set the digital input terminals.

Note: 1. For a list of digital input selections, *Refer to Parameter List on page 113*.
 2. Setting a multi-function input terminal to a value of 1 disables the LO/RE key on the LED operator.

### Parameters Available in the Setup Group

#### Setup Mode (StUP)

Parameters used for this drive are classified into A to U. To simplify the drive setup, frequently used parameters are selected and input into Setup Mode.

1. To set a parameter, the Setup Mode must be displayed first. Press the Up/Down key until 5.5.11 is displayed.

- 2. Select the parameter and change the setting. *Table 4.2* lists parameters available in the Setup group. If the desired parameter cannot be set in the Setup mode, use the Parameter Setting mode.
- Note: When parameter A1-02 (Control Method Selection) is changed, some parameter set values are also changed automatically.
- **Note:** This manual also explains other parameters not visible in the Setup Group (A1-06 = 0). Use the "Par" menu in the Programming mode to access parameters not listed in the Setup Group.
- Note: Display parameters depend on A1-06. Refer to Application Selection on page 65.

Parameter	Name
A1-02	Control Method Selection
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection 1
b1-02	Run Command Selection 1
b1-03	Stop Method Selection
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1
C6-01	Duty Selection
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1
d1-02	Frequency Reference 2
d1-03	Frequency Reference 3
d1-04	Frequency Reference 4
d1-17	Jog Frequency Reference
E1-01	Input Voltage Reference

Table 4.2 Setup Group Parameters

Parameter	Name	
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	
E1-04	Maximum Output Frequency	
E1-05	Maximum Voltage	
E1-06	Base Frequency	
E1-09	Minimum Output Frequency	
E1-13	Base Voltage	
E2-01	Motor Rated Current	
E2-04	Number of Motor Poles	
E2-11	Motor Rate Capacity	
H4-02	Terminal FM Gain Setting	
L1-01	Motor Protection Function Selection	
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	

## 4.3 Start-up Flowcharts

The flowcharts in this section summarize basic steps required to start the drive. Use the flowcharts to determine the most appropriate start-up method for a given application. The charts are intended as a quick reference to help familiarize the user with start-up procedures.

Flowchart	Subchart	Objective	
Α		Basic startup procedure and motor tuning.	
	A-1	A-1 Simple motor setup with Energy Savings or Speed Search using V/f mode.	
	A-2 High-performance operation using Open Loop Vector (OLV) motor control.		<u>62</u>
	A-3	A-3 Operation with Permanent Magnet (PM) motors.	
	-	Setup of drive using application specific selections. <i>Refer to Application Selection on page 65.</i>	-

Δ

#### Flowchart A: Basic Start-up and Motor Tuning

*Figure 4.2*, Flowchart A, describes basic start-up sequence for the drive and motor system. This sequence varies slightly depending on application. Use drive default parameter settings in simple applications that do not require high precision.

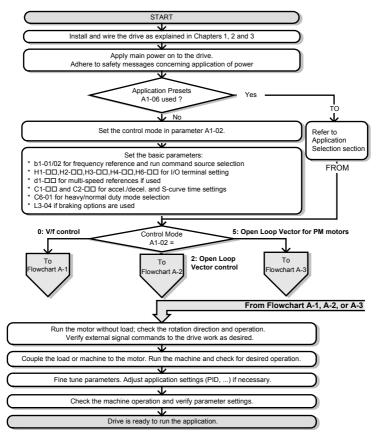


Figure 4.2 Basic Start-Up and Motor Tuning

#### Subchart A1: Simple Motor Setup with Energy Savings or Speed Search Using V/f Mode

*Figure 4.3*, Flowchart A1, describes simple motor setup for V/f control. V/f Motor Control is suited for the most basic applications such as fans or pumps. This procedure illustrates using Energy Savings and Speed Estimation Speed Search. V/f control can be used where rotational auto-tuning cannot be performed.

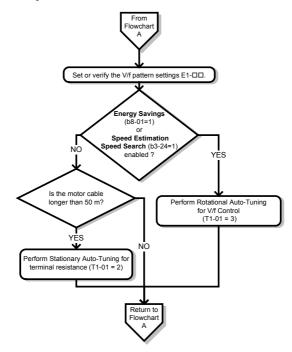


Figure 4.3 Simple Motor Setup with Energy Savings or Speed Search Using V/f Mode

#### Subchart A2: High Performance Operation Using Open Loop Vector Motor Control

*Figure 4.4*, Flowchart A2, uses Open Loop Vector Control for high-performance motor operation. This is appropriate for applications requiring high starting torque, torque limits, and improved speed regulation.

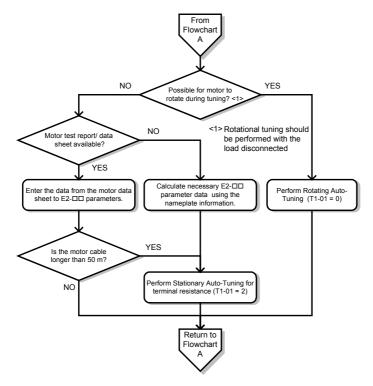


Figure 4.4 Flowchart A2: High Performance Operation Using Open Loop Vector Motor Control

#### Subchart A3: Operation with Permanent Magnet Motors

*Figure 4.5*, Flowchart A3, illustrates tuning for PM motors in Open Loop Vector Control. PM motors can be used for energy savings in reduced or variable torque applications.

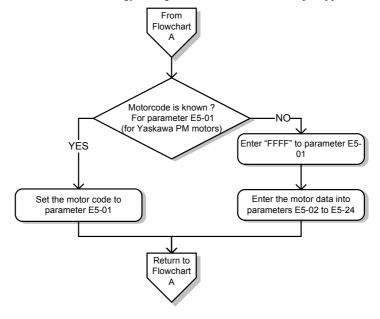


Figure 4.5 Operation with Permanent Magnet Motors

# 4.4 Powering Up the Drive

#### • Powering Up the Drive and Operation Status Display

#### Powering Up the Drive

Review the following checklist before turning the power on.

Item to Check	Description	
Power supply voltage	Ensure the power supply voltage is correct: 200 V class: single-phase 200 to 240 Vac 50/60 Hz 200 V class: 3-phase 200 to 240 Vac 50/60 Hz 400 V class: 3-phase 380 to 480 Vac 50/60 Hz	
rower supply voltage	Properly wire the power supply input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3). (for single-phase 200 V class models, wire only R/L1 and S/L2)	
	Check for proper grounding of drive and motor.	
Drive output terminals and motor terminals		
<b>Control circuit terminals</b>	s Check control circuit terminal connections.	
Drive control terminal status	Open all control circuit terminals (off).	
Status of the load and connected machinery	Uncouple the motor from the load.	

#### Status Display

When the power supply to the drive is turned on, the LED operator lights will appear as follows:

No.	Name	Description
Normal Operation		The data display area displays the frequency reference. DRV flashes.
Fault		Data displayed varies by the type of fault. <i>Refer to Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions on page 89</i> for more information and corrective action. ALM and DRV are lit.

# 4.5 Application Selection

Several Application Presets are available to facilitate drive setup for commonly used applications. Selecting one of these Application Presets automatically sets the required parameters to the Application Preset default values and selects I/Os. In addition, the parameters most likely to be changed are assigned to the list of User Parameters, A2-01 through A2-16. These can be accessed in the Setup Mode and provide quicker application adjustment by eliminating the need to scroll through multiple menus.

The following presets can be selected:

Note: The drive parameters should be initialized by setting A1-03 to "2220" or "3330" prior to selecting an Application Preset.

**WARNING!** Confirm the drive I/O signals and external sequence before performing a test run. Setting parameter A1-06 may change the I/O terminal function automatically from the default setting. Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

No.	Parameter Name	Setting Range	Default
A1-06	Application Preset	0: Disabled 1: Water supply pump 2: Conveyor 3: Exhaust fan 4: HVAC 5: Compressor 	0

<1> Application Preset settings 6 and 7 are only available in software versions 5010, 1010, and 1011. To determine the drive software version, refer to the PRG: field on the drive nameplate or drive parameter U1-25.

### Setting 1: Water Supply Pump Application

Table 4.3	Water Supply Pump Parameter Settings
-----------	--------------------------------------

No.	Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	1: Reverse Prohibited
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	1.0 s
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	1.0 s
C6-01	Duty Rating	1: Normal Duty
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	0FH
E1-07	Mid Output Frequency	30.0 Hz
E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage	50.0 V
L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	1: Enabled
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	1: Enabled

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage
b1-02	Run Command Selection	E2-01	Motor Rated Current
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	H1-05	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S5 Function Selection
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	H1-06	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S6 Function Selection
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	H1-07	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S7 Function Selection
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	L5-01	Number of Auto Restart Attempts
E1-07	Mid Output Frequency		-

Table 4.4 Water Supply Pump: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16)

#### Setting 2: Conveyor Application

Table 4.5	Conveyor:	Parameter Settir	ıgs
-----------	-----------	------------------	-----

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	3.0 s
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	3.0 s
C6-01	Duty Rating	0: Heavy Duty
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	1: Enabled

#### Table 4.6 Conveyor: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16)

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
A1-02	Control Method Selection	C1-02	Deceleration Time 1
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	E2-01	Motor Rated Current
b1-02	Run Command Selection	L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	-	-

#### Setting 3: Exhaust Fan Application

Table 4.7	Exhaust Fan: Parameter Settings
-----------	---------------------------------

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	1: Reverse Prohibited
C6-01	Duty Selection	1: Normal Duty
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	0FH
E1-07	Mid Output Frequency	30.0 Hz
E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage	50.0 V

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	1: Enabled
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	1: Enabled

Table 4.8 Exhaust Fan: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16)

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	E1-07	Mid Output Frequency
b1-02	Run Command Selection	E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	E2-01	Motor Rated Current
b3-01	Speed Search Selection at Start	H1-05	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S5 Function Selection
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	H1-06	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S6 Function Selection
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	H1 <b>-</b> 07	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S7 Function Selection
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	L5-01	Number of Auto Restart Attempts

#### Setting 4: HVAC Fan Application

#### Table 4.9 HVAC Fan: Parameter Settings

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	1: Reverse Prohibited
C6-01	Duty Rating	1: Normal Duty
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	3: 8.0 kHz
H2-03	Terminals P2 Function Selection	39: Watt Hour Pulse Output
L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	2: CPU Power Active - Drive will restart if power returns prior to control power supply shut down.
L8-03	Overheat Pre-Alarm Operation Selection	4: Operation at lower speed
L8-38	Carrier Frequency Reduction	2: Enabled across entire frequency range.

Table 4.10	HVAC Fan: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16)
------------	--

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection
b1-02	Run Command Selection	E1-04	Max Output Frequency
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	E2-01	Motor Rated Current
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	H3-11	Terminal A2 Gain Setting
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	H3-12	Terminal A2 Input Bias
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection
d2-01	Frequency Reference Upper Limit	L8-03	Overheat Pre-Alarm Operation Selection

4

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
d2-02	Frequency Reference Lower Limit	04-12	kWh Monitor Initial Value Selection

#### Setting 5: Compressor Application

#### Table 4.11 Compressor: Parameter Settings

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	1: Reverse Prohibited
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	5.0 s
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	5.0 s
C6-01	Duty Rating	0: Heavy Duty
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	0FH
L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	1: Enabled
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	1: Enabled

Table 4.12 Compressor: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16):

No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection
b1-02	Run Command Selection	E1-07	Mid Output Frequency
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	E2-01	Motor Rated Current
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	-	-



#### Setting 6: Preset 6

Note: 1. Read the instructions listed in on 69 when using Application Preset 6
 2. Perform Auto-Tuning after selecting Application Preset 6.

Table 4.13	Preset 6:	Parameters and	Settings
------------	-----------	----------------	----------

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
A1-02	Control Method Selection	2: Open Loop Vector Control
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	0: Operator
b6-01	Dwell Reference at Start	3.0 Hz
b6-02	Dwell Time at Start	0.3 s
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	3.0 s
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	3.0 s
C6-01	Duty Rating	0: Heavy Duty
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	2: 5 kHz
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1	6.0 Hz
d1-02	Frequency Reference 2	30.0 Hz

No.	Parameter Name	Default Setting
d1-03	Frequency Reference 3	60.0 Hz
E1-03	V/f Pattern Selection	0FH
H2-02	Terminals P1 Function Selection	37: During Frequency Output
H2-03	Terminals P2 Function Selection	5: Frequency Detection 2
L2-03	Momentary Power Loss Minimum Baseblock Time	0.3 s
L3-04	Momentary Power Loss Voltage Recovery Ramp Time	0: Disabled
L4-01	Speed Agreement Detection Level	2.0 Hz
L4-02	Speed Agreement Detection Width	0.0 Hz
L6-01	Torque Detection Selection 1	8: UL3 at RUN - Fault
L6-02	Torque Detection Level 1	5%
L6-03	Torque Detection Time 1	0.5 s
L8-05	Input Phase Loss Protection Selection	1: Enabled
L8-07	Output Phase Loss Protection	1: Enabled
L8-38	Carrier Frequency Reduction	1: Enabled below 6 Hz
L8-41	Current Alarm Selection	1: Enabled (alarm is output)

Table 4.14 Preset 6: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16):

No.	Parameter Name	No. Parameter Name		
A1-02	Control Method Selection	d1-02	2 Frequency Reference 2	
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	d1-03	Frequency Reference 3	
b6-01	Dwell Reference at Start	E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage	
b6-02	Dwell Time at Start	H2-01	Terminals MA, MB, and MC Function Selection	
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	L1-01	1-01 Motor Overload Protection Selection	
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	L4-01	1 Speed Agreement Detection Level	
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	L6-02	Torque Detection Level 1	
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1	L6-03	Torque Detection Time 1	

#### Notes on Controlling the Brake when Using Application Preset 6

• The frequency detection function is used for controlling the brake.

When an external Baseblock command is present while a Run command is active, the frequency reference will be kept as long as the Run command is active. To avoid improper brake operation make sure that frequency detection is set so that the brake does not open during Baseblock (L4-07 = "0", default).

The table below shows how to set up the drive when using output terminals P1-PC as brake control output.

Brake Open/ Close		Brake Activation Level			Control Mode		
Functio n	Param eter	Signal	Parameter	V/ f	O L V	OL V for PM	
Frequen	L4-07 =	Frequency Detection Level	L4-01 = 1.0 to 3.0 Hz	0	0		
Detectio n 2	H2-03 =	Frequency Detection Width	L4-02 = 0.0 to 0.5 Hz	0	0	_	

<1> This is the setting recommended when using Open Loop Vector Control. In V/f Control, set the level as the motor rated slip frequency plus 0.5 Hz. Not enough motor torque will be created if this value is set too low, and the load may tend to slip. Make sure this value is greater than the minimum output frequency and greater than the value of L4-02 as shown in the diagram below. If set too high, however, there may be a jolt at start.

<2> Hysteresis for Frequency Detection 2 can be adjusted by changing the Frequency Detection Width (L4-02) between 0.0 and 0.5 Hz. If the load slips during stop, make changes in steps of 0.1 Hz until the load no longer slips.

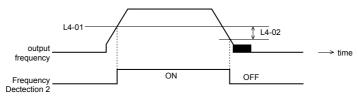


Figure 4.6 Frequency Detection 2

- The braking sequence should be designed as follows:
  - A normally open signal (N.O.) should be used to control the brake so that it is released when terminal P2-PC closes.
  - When an Up or Down command is entered, the brake should release.
  - When a fault signal is output, the brake should close.
- When changing the speed using an analog signal, make sure that the source of the frequency reference is assigned to the control circuit terminals (b1-01 = 1).
- A sequence to open and close the holding brake appears in the diagram below.

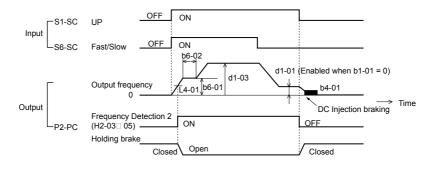


Figure 4.7 Holding Brake Time Chart

#### Setting 7: Preset 7

Table 4.15	Preset 7: Parameters and Settings
------------	-----------------------------------

No.	Parameter Name Default Setting			
A1-02	Control Mode	0: V/f Control		
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	0: Operator		
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	3.0 s		
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	3.0 s		
C6-01	Duty Cycle	0: Heavy Duty		
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	2: 5 kHz		
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1	6.0 Hz		
d1-02	Frequency Reference 2	30.0 Hz		
d1-03	Frequency Reference 3	60.0 Hz		
H1-05	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S5 Function	3: Multi-Step Speed 1		
H1-06	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S6 Function	4: Multi-Step Speed 2		
H2-02	Terminals P1 Function Selection	37: During frequency output		
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Decel	0: Disabled		
L8-05	Input Phase Loss Protection Selection	1: Enabled		
L8-07	Output Phase Loss Protection	1: Triggered when a single phase is lost		
L8-38	Carrier Frequency Reduction	1: Enabled below 6 Hz		
L8-41	Current Alarm Selection	1: Enabled (alarm output)		

Start-Up Programming & Operation

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No.	Parameter Name	No.	Parameter Name		
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection	d1-03	Frequency Reference 3		
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	E2-01	Motor Rated Current		
C1-02	Deceleration Time 1	H1-05	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S5 Function		
C6-02	Carrier Frequency Selection	H1-06	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S6 Function		
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1	H2-01	Terminals MA, MB, and MC Function Selection		
d1-02	Frequency Reference 2	L1-01	Motor Overload Protection Selection		

Table 4.16 Preset 7: User Parameters (A2-01 to A2-16):

# 4.6 Auto-Tuning

# Types of Auto-Tuning

There are three types of Auto-Tuning. Select the best type of Auto-Tuning for the application. *Refer to Auto-Tuning Procedure on page 75*.

Туре	Setting	Application Conditions and Benefits	Control Mode	
Rotational Auto-Tuning for V/f Control	T1-01 = 3	<ul> <li>Assumes the motor can rotate during the Auto-Tuning process</li> <li>Improves torque compensation, slip compensation, energy savings, and Speed Search performance</li> <li>Should be performed when Speed Estimation Type Speed Search or Energy Saving is used in V/ f Control</li> </ul>		
Rotational Auto- Tuning for OLV Control	T1-01 = 0	<ul> <li>Assumes the motor can rotate during the Auto-Tuning process</li> <li>Achieves high-performance motor control and should be performed whenever Open Loop Vector Control is used</li> </ul>	Open Loop Vector Control	
Stationary Auto- Tuning for Line-to-Line Resistance (V/f and OLV Control)	ationary Auto- uning r Line-to-Line esistance (V/f d OLV T1-01 = 2 T1-01 = 2 For use when: • The motor cable exceeds 50 m • The motor cable length has been modified after Auto-Tuning has been previously performed • When motor conscitut and drive conscitut differ		V/f Control, Open Loop Vector Control	

Note: Auto-Tuning cannot be performed on permanent magnet motors (IPM, SPM, etc.).

# Before Auto-Tuning the Drive

Check the items below before Auto-Tuning the drive.

# Basic Auto-Tuning Preparations

- Auto-Tuning automatically determines the electrical characteristics of the motor. This is fundamentally different from other types of Auto-Tuning features used in servo systems.
- Auto-Tuning requires the user to input data from the motor nameplate. Make sure the information written on the nameplate is available before Auto-Tuning the drive.
- For best performance, be sure the drive input supply voltage equals or exceeds the motor rated voltage.

**Note:** Performance can be enhanced by using a motor with a base voltage that is 20 V (40 V for 400 V class models) lower than the input supply voltage. This may be of special importance when operating the motor above 90% of base speed, where high torque precision is required.

- Auto-Tuning is not possible with permanent magnet motors.
- To cancel Auto-Tuning, press the STOP key on the LED operator.
- Table 4.17 describes digital input and output terminal status during Auto-Tuning.

Auto-Tuning Type	Digital Input	Digital Output	
Rotational Auto-Tuning for V/f Control	Not available	Functions the same as during normal operation	
Rotational Auto-Tuning for OLV Control	tional Auto-Tuning for OLV Control Not available Functions the same as during normal oper		
Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line Resistance	Not available	Maintains the status at the start of Auto-Tuning	

Table 4.17	Digital Input and Output Operation During Auto-Tuning
------------	---

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. Do not release the mechanical brake during stationary Auto-Tuning. Inadvertent brake release may cause damage to equipment or injury to personnel. Ensure that the mechanical brake release circuit is not controlled by the drive multi-function digital outputs.

Note: It is recommended that Rotational Auto-Tuning is performed with the load disconnected. Failure to comply could result in improper drive operation. If Rotational Auto-Tuning is performed for a motor coupled to a load, the motor constants will be inaccurate and the motor may exhibit abnormal operation. Disconnect or decouple the motor from the load.

## Notes on Rotational Auto-Tuning

- For optimal performance, Auto-Tuning should only be done with the motor uncoupled from the load for applications requiring high performance over a wide speed range.
- If motor and load can not be uncoupled, the load should be lower than 30% of the rated load. Performing Rotational Auto-Tuning with a higher load will set motor parameters incorrectly, and can cause irregular motor rotation.
- Ensure the motor-mounted brake is fully released if installed.
- Connected machinery should be allowed to rotate the motor.

# Notes on Stationary Auto-Tuning for Terminal Resistance Only

- If the motor cable lead length has been significantly modified after Auto-Tuning has already been performed, perform Stationary Auto-Tuning with the new cables.
- Perform when using motor cables longer than 50 m with V/f Control.

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. When executing stationary Auto-Tuning for line-to-line resistance only, the motor does not rotate, however, power is applied. Do not touch the motor until Auto-Tuning is completed. Failure to comply may result in injury from electrical shock.

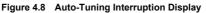
# Auto-Tuning Interruption and Fault Codes

If tuning results are abnormal or the STOP key is pressed before completion, Auto-Tuning will be interrupted and a fault code will be displayed on the digital operator.



A - Normal Auto-Tuning Display

B – Auto-Tuning Interrupted



# Performing Auto-Tuning

# Auto-Tuning Procedure

Auto-Tuning should generally be performed in the following steps.

- **1.** Refer to Before Auto-Tuning the Drive on page 73.
- 2. Determine which type of Auto-Tuning best fits the application requirements following *Figure 4.8*.

4

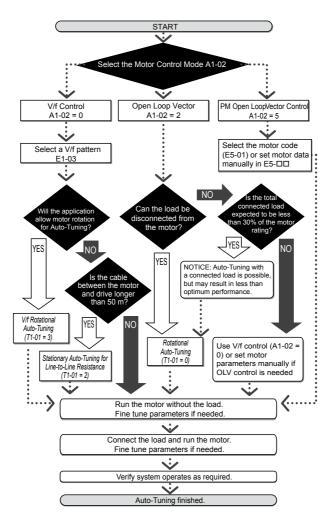


Figure 4.9 Auto-Tuning Selection

3. Enter the type of Auto-Tuning to parameter T1-01.

- **4.** Enter the motor nameplate data.
- 5. Start the Auto-Tuning process when prompted by the drive.
- 6. If Auto-Tuning was successfully performed, do a test run without the load and make any necessary parameter adjustments.
- 7. If the test run was successful, do a test run with the load connected and make parameter adjustments if necessary.

# Auto-Tuning Example

The following example illustrates how to perform Rotational Auto-Tuning for Open Loop Vector Control (A1-02 = 2).

#### Display/Result Step ⇒ Turn on the power to the drive. The initial display appears. 1. **\\\**// -2. Ч'n Press the key until the Auto-Tuning display appears. 111 ➡ 3. 1-11 1 Press to begin setting parameters. 111 -82 4. Press to display the value for T1-01. 17 -5. 82 Press to select the digit to edit. 111 6. ⇒ Press and set the drive to perform Rotational Auto-Tuning nn (00)-End 7. Save the setting by pressing . . . . -> The display automatically returns to the display shown in Step 3. 8.

# Set the Selected Type of Auto-Tuning

# Enter Data from the Motor Nameplate

After selecting the type of Auto-Tuning, enter the data required from the motor nameplate.

Note: These instructions continue from Step 8 in "Set the Selected Type of Auto-Tuning".

	Step		Display/Result
1.	Press to access the motor output power parameter T1-02.	<b>→</b>	F I-02
2.	Press to view the default setting.	-	000.40

#### 4.6 Auto-Tuning

	Step		Display/Result
3.	Press RESET to select the digit to edit.	+	000.40
4.	Press and enter the motor power nameplate data in kW.	<b>→</b>	000.20
5.	Press ENTER to save the setting.	+	End
6.	The display automatically returns to the display in Step 1.	-	F 1-02
7.	Repeat Steps 1 through 5 to set the following parameters: • T1-03, Motor Rated Voltage • T1-04, Motor Rated Current • T1-05, Motor Base Frequency • T1-06, Number of Motor Poles • T1-07, Motor Base Frequency	-	F 1-03

Note: 1. For the details on each setting, *Refer to Input Data for Auto-Tuning on page 79*.

2. For Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line resistance only, set T1-02 and T1-04.

### Starting Auto-Tuning

**WARNING!** Sudden Movement Hazard. The drive and motor may start unexpectedly during Auto-Tuning, which could result in death or serious injury. Ensure the area surrounding the drive motor and load are clear before proceeding with Auto-Tuning.

**WARNING!** Electrical Shock Hazard. High voltage will be supplied to the motor when Stationary Auto-Tuning is performed even with the motor stopped, which could result in death or serious injury. Do not touch the motor until Auto-Tuning has been completed.

**NOTICE:** Rotational Auto-Tuning will not function properly if a holding brake is engaged on the load. Failure to comply could result in improper operation of the drive. Ensure the motor can freely spin before beginning Auto-Tuning.

**NOTICE:** Never perform Rotational Auto-Tuning for a motor connected to a load. Failure to comply could result in improper drive operation. If Rotational Auto-Tuning is performed for a motor coupled to a load, the motor parameters will be inaccurate and the motor may exhibit abnormal operation. Disconnect or decouple the motor from the load.

Enter the required information from the motor nameplate. Press Auto-Tuning start display.



to proceed to the

Note: These instructions continue from Step 7 in "Enter Data from the Motor Nameplate".

	Step		Display/Result
1.	After setting T1-07 as illustrated in the previous section, press and confirm the display is as described below:	+	f Un 10

	Step		Display/Result
2.	Press to activate Auto-Tuning. DRV flashes. Note: The first digit indicates which motor is undergoing Auto-Tuning (motor 1 or motor 2). The second digit indicates the type of Auto- Tuning being performed.	<b>→</b>	
3.	Auto-Tuning finishes in approximately one to two minutes.	+	End

# Input Data for Auto-Tuning

The T1-DD parameters are used to set the Auto-Tuning input data.

## T1-00: Motor 1/Motor 2 Selection

Selects the motor to be tuned when motor 1/2 switching is enabled, i.e., a digital input is set for function H1- $\Box \Box = 16$ . This parameter is not displayed if motor 1/2 switching is disabled.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-00	Motor 1/2 Selection	1 or 2	1

#### Setting 1: Motor 1

Auto-Tuning automatically sets parameters  $E1-\Box\Box$  and  $E2-\Box\Box$  for motor 1.

#### Setting 2: Motor 2

Auto-Tuning automatically sets parameters  $E3-\Box\Box$  and  $E4-\Box\Box$  for motor 2. Make sure that motor 2 is connected to the drive for Auto-Tuning.



### **T1-01: Tuning Mode Selection**

Sets the type of Auto-Tuning to be used. *Refer to Types of Auto-Tuning on page 73* for details on different types of Auto-Tuning.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-01	Auto-Tuning Mode Selection	0, 2 (OLV) 2, 3 (V/f)	0 (OLV) 2 (V/ f)

#### Setting 0: Rotating Auto-Tuning for Open Loop Vector Control

#### Setting 2: Stationary Auto-Tuning for Line-to-Line Resistance

#### Setting 3: Rotating Auto-Tuning for V/f Control

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**Note:** For motors that are to be operated in the field weakening range, first perform the Auto-Tuning with the base data, i.e. the frequency at which the motor is operating with its rated voltage (base frequency). After Auto-Tuning is complete, change the maximum frequency E1-04 to the desired value.

## T1-02: Motor Rated Power

Used to set the motor rated power according to the motor nameplate value. For optimal performance, the motor rated power should be between 50 and 100% of the drive rating.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-02	Motor Rated Power	0.00 to 650.00 kW	Determined by o2-04 and C6-01

# T1-03: Motor Rated Voltage (T1-01 = 0 or 3)

Used to set the motor rated voltage according to the motor nameplate value. If the motor is used above its base speed, enter the voltage at base speed here.

For higher tuning precision and better control performance, enter the motor no-load voltage here if known. The motor no-load voltage is referred as to the voltage needed to operate the motor under no-load condition at its rated speed. Refer to the motor data sheet.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-03	Motor Rated Voltage	0.0 to 255.5 V	200.0 V

<1> Values shown here are for 200 V class drives. Double values when using a 400 V class unit.

# T1-04: Motor Rated Current

Used to set the motor rated current according to the motor nameplate value. For optimal performance in OLV, the motor rated current should be between 50 and 100% of the drive rating. Enter the current at the motor base speed.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-04	Motor Rated Current	10 to 200% of drive rated current	Determined by o2-04 and C6-01

# T1-05: Motor Rated Frequency (T1-01 = 0 or 3)

Used to set the motor rated frequency according to the motor nameplate value. If a motor with an extended speed range is used or the motor is used in the field weakening area, enter the base frequency here.

For higher tuning precision and better control performance, enter the motor no-load frequency here if known. The "no-load frequency" refers to the frequency needed to operate the motor under no-load condition at its rated speed. Refer to the motor data sheet.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-05	Motor Base Frequency	0.0 to 400.0 Hz	60.0 Hz

# T1-06: Number of Motor Poles (T1-01 = 0 or 3)

Used to set the number of motor poles according to the motor nameplate value.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-06	Number of Motor Poles	2 to 48	4

# T1-07: Motor Rated Speed (T1-01 = 0 or 3)

Used to set the motor rated speed according to the motor nameplate value. If a motor with an extended speed range is used or the motor is used in the field weakening area, enter the speed at base frequency here.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-07	Motor Base Speed	0 to 24000 r/min	1750 r/min

# T1-11: Motor Iron Loss (T1-01 = 3)

Provides iron loss information for determining the Energy Saving coefficient. If E2-10 has been changed and the power has been cycled, the value set to E2-10 will appear as the default in T1-11. If the value of T1-02 is not changed during Auto-Tuning data input, the drive will select a value that is typical for the motor power entered to T1-02.

No.	Name	Setting Range	Default
T1-11	Motor Iron Loss	0 to 65535 W	Determined by o2-04 and C6-01

#### 4.7 **No-Load Operation Test Run**

# **No-Load Operation Test Run**

This section explains how to operate the drive with the motor uncoupled from the load during a test run.

## Before Starting the Motor

Check the following items before operation:

- Ensure the area around the motor is safe.
- Ensure external emergency stop circuitry is working properly and other safety precautions have been taken



### During Operation

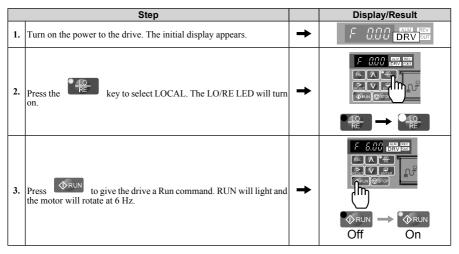
Check the following items during operation:

- The motor should rotate smoothly (i.e., no abnormal noise or oscillation).
- The motor should accelerate and decelerate smoothly.

### No-Load Operation Instructions

The following example illustrates a test run procedure using the digital operator.

Note: Before starting the motor, set the frequency reference d1-01 to 6 Hz.



	Step		Display/Result
4.	Ensure the motor is rotating in the correct direction and no faults or alarms occur.	+	Motor
5.	If there is no error in step 4, press to increase the frequency reference. Increase the frequency in 10 Hz increments verifying smooth operation results at all speeds. For each frequency, monitor the drive output current (U1-03) through the LED operator to confirm the current is well below the motor rated current. Example: $6 \text{ Hz} \rightarrow 60 \text{ Hz}$ .		
6.	The drive should operate normally. Press to stop the motor. RUN flashes until the motor comes to a complete stop.	+	

4

# 4.8 Test Run with Load Connected

# Test Run with the Load Connected

After performing a no-load test run connect the motor and proceed to run the motor and load together.

### Notes on Connected Machinery

- Clear the area around the motor.
- The motor should come to a complete stop without problems.
- Connect the machinery.
- Fasten all installation screws properly. Check that the motor and connected machinery are held in place.
- Confirm that the Fast-stop circuit or mechanical safety measures operate correctly.
- Be ready to press the STÔP button in case of emergency.

## Checklist Before Operation

- The motor should rotate in the proper direction.
- The motor should accelerate and decelerate smoothly.

### Operating the Motor under Loaded Conditions

Test run the application similarly to the no-load test procedure when connecting the machinery to the motor.

- Check monitor parameter U1-03 to ensure there is no overcurrent.
- If the application permits running the load in the reverse direction, try changing motor direction and the frequency reference while watching for abnormal motor oscillation or vibration.
- · Correct any problems that occurs with hunting, oscillation, or other control-related issues.

# 4.9 Test Run Checklist

Review the checklist before performing a test run. Check each item that applies.

M	No.	Checklist	
	1	oroughly read the manual before performing a test run.	
	2	urn the power on.	
	3	Set the voltage for the power supply to E1-01.	

Check the items that correspond to the control mode being used.

WARNING! Ensure start/stop and safety circuits are wired properly and in the correct state before energizing the drive. Failure to comply could result in death or serious injury from moving equipment. When programmed for 3-Wire control, a momentary closure on terminal S1 may cause the drive to start.

M	No.	Checklist			
V/f Contro	ol (A1-	02 = 0)			
	4	Select the best V/f pattern according to the application and motor characteristics. Example: If using a motor with a rated frequency of 60.0 Hz, set E1-03 to "1".			
	5	Perform Auto-Tuning for Energy Savings if using Energy Saving functions.	73		
Open Loop	p Vecto	or Control $(A1-02=2)$			
	6	Uncouple the load from the motor when performing Rotational Auto-Tuning.	73		
	7	Perform Rotational Auto-Tuning.	73		
	8	The following data entered during Auto-Tuning should match the information written on the motor nameplate: • motor rated output power (kW) $\rightarrow$ T1-02 • rated voltage (V) $\rightarrow$ T1-03 • rated current (A) $\rightarrow$ T1-04 • base frequency (Hz) $\rightarrow$ T1-05 • number of motor poles $\rightarrow$ T1-06 • motor rotations per minutes (r/min) $\rightarrow$ T1-07			
PM Open	PM Open Loop Vector Control (A1-02 = 5)				
	9	Set permanent motor parameters E5-01 through E5-24 63			

#### Proceed to the following checklist after checking items 4 through 9.

M	No.	Checklist	Page
	10	The DRV should illuminate after giving a run command.	_
	11	To give a run command and frequency reference from the LED Digital Operator, press to set to LOCAL. The LO/RE key lights while LOCAL is displayed.	
		If the motor rotates in the opposite direction during the test run, switch two of the drive output terminals (U/T1, V/T2, W/T3).	64
	13	Select the correct duty rating (C6-01) for the application.	_

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### 4.9 Test Run Checklist

凶	No.	Checklist	Page
	14	Set the correct values for the motor rated current (E2-01) and the motor protection selection (L1-01) to ensure motor thermal protection.	_
	15	If the run command and frequency reference are provided via the control circuit terminals, set the drive for REMOTE and be sure the LO/RE light is out.	
	16	If the control circuit terminals should supply the frequency reference, select the correct voltage input signal level (0 to 10 V) or the correct current input signal level (4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA).	
	17	Set the proper voltage to terminal A1. (0 to 10 V).	
	18	Set the proper current to terminal A2. (4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA).	
	19	When current input is used, set H3-09 to "2" (4 to 20 mA) or "3" (0 to 20 mA) and set H3-10 to "0".	_
	20	When current input is used, switch the drive built-in DIP switch S1 from V-side (OFF) to I-side (ON).	_
	21	Set the minimum and maximum frequency references to the desired values. Make the following adjustments if the drive does not operate as expected: Gain adjustment: Set the maximum voltage/current signal and adjust the analog input gain (H3-03 for input A1, H3-11 for input A2) until the frequency reference value reaches the desired value. Bias adjustment: Set the minimum voltage/current signal and adjust the analog input bias (H3-04 for input A1, H3-12 for input A2) until the frequency reference value reaches the desired minimum value.	_

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# Troubleshooting

This chapter provides descriptions of the drive faults, alarms, errors, related displays, and possible solutions. This chapter can also serve as a reference guide for tuning the drive during a trial run.

5.1	DRIVE ALARMS, FAULTS, AND ERRORS 8	8
5.2	FAULT DETECTION 8	9
5.3	ALARM DETECTION 10	0
5.4	OPERATOR PROGRAMMING ERRORS 10	2
5.5	AUTO-TUNING FAULT DETECTION 10	3
5.6	DIAGNOSING AND RESETTING FAULTS 10	6

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# 5.1 Drive Alarms, Faults, and Errors

# Types of Alarms, Faults, and Errors

Table 5.1 Types of Alarms, Faults, and Errors

Туре	Drive Responses to Alarms, Faults, and Errors	
Faults	<ul> <li>When the drive detects a fault:</li> <li>The digital operator displays text that indicates the specific fault and the ALM indicator LED remains lit until the fault is reset.</li> <li>The fault interrupts drive output and the motor coasts to a stop.</li> <li>Depending on the setting, the drive and motor may stop via different methods than listed.</li> <li>If a digital output is programmed for fault output (H2-□□ = E), it will close if a fault occurs.</li> <li>When the drive detects a fault, it will remain inoperable until that fault has been reset. <i>Refer to Fault Reset Methods on page 106</i>.</li> </ul>	
Minor Faults and Alarms         When the drive detects an alarm or a minor fault:           • The digital operator displays text that indicates the specific alarm or minor fault and the A indicator LED flashes.           • The motor does not stop.           • One of the multi-function contact outputs closes if set to be tripped by a minor fault (H2-E = 10), but not by an alarm.           • The digital operator displays text indicating a specific alarm and ALM indicator LED flash           • Remove the cause of an alarm or minor fault to automatically reset.		
Operation Errors	When parameter settings conflict with one another or do not match hardware settings (such as with an option card), it results in an operation error. When the drive detects an operation error:	
Tuning Errors	<ul> <li>Tuning errors occur while performing Auto-Tuning.</li> <li>When the drive detects a tuning error:</li> <li>The digital operator displays text indicating the specific error.</li> <li>Multi-function contact outputs do not operate.</li> <li>Motor coasts to stop.</li> <li>Remove the cause of the error and repeat the Auto-Tuning process.</li> </ul>	

# 5.2 Fault Detection

# Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions

Table 5.2 Detailed Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions			
LED Operator Display		Fault Name	
685	bUS	Option Communication Error <ul> <li>After establishing initial communication, the connection was lost.</li> <li>Only detected when the run command frequency reference is assigned to an option card.</li> </ul>	
Cau	ise	Possible Solution	
No signal received	from the PLC.	Check for faulty wiring.	
The communication or a short circuit ex-		<ul><li>Correct the wiring.</li><li>Check for loose wiring and short circuits. Repair as needed.</li></ul>	
A communications data error occurred due to noise.		<ul> <li>Check the various options available to minimize the effects of noise.</li> <li>Counteract noise in control circuit, main circuit, and ground wiring.</li> <li>Ensure that other equipment such as switches or relays do not cause noise and use surge suppressors if required.</li> <li>Use cables recommended by Yaskawa or another type of shielded line. Ground the shield on the controller side or on the drive input power side.</li> <li>Separate all wiring for communications devices from drive input power lines. Install a noise filter to the input side of the drive input power.</li> </ul>	
The option card is	damaged.	<ul> <li>Replace the option card if there are no problems with the wiring and the error continues to occur.</li> </ul>	
The option card is connected to the dr		<ul> <li>The connector pins on the option card are not properly lined up with the connector pins on the drive.</li> <li>Reinstall the option card.</li> </ul>	
ΕE	CE	MEMOBUS/Modbus Communication Error	
LL	CE	Control data was not received for the CE detection time set to H5-09.	
Cau	ise	Possible Solution	
Faulty communica short circuit exists		<ul> <li>Check for faulty wiring.</li> <li>Correct the wiring.</li> <li>Check for loose wiring and short circuits. Repair as needed.</li> </ul>	
A communications data error occurred due to noise.		<ul> <li>Check the various options available to minimize the effects of noise.</li> <li>Counteract noise in control circuit, main circuit, and ground wiring.</li> <li>Use Yaskawa-recommended cables, or another type of shielded line. Ground the shield on the controller side or on the drive input power side.</li> <li>Ensure that other equipment such as switches or relays do not cause noise and use surge suppressors if required.</li> <li>Separate all wiring for communications devices from drive input power lines. Install a noise filter to the input side of the drive input power.</li> </ul>	
		Control Fault	
E F	CF	A torque limit was reached continuously for three seconds or longer during a ramp to stop while in Open Loop Vector Control.	
6.6		Current Offset Fault	
EoF		There is a problem with the current detection circuit or the drive attempted to start a coasting PM motor.	

#### Table 5.2 Detailed Fault Displays, Causes, and Possible Solutions

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Cause While the drive automatically adjusted the current offset, the calculated value exceeded the allowable setting range. This problem may occur when attempting to restart a coasting PM motor.		Possible Solution
		Enable Speed Search at start (b3-01 = 1). Use the multi-function terminals to execute External Speed Search 1 and 2 (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 61 or 62). <b>Note:</b> When using a PM motor, both External Speed Search 1 and 2 perform the same operation.
LED Operat	tor Display	Fault Name
CPF02	CPF02	A/D Conversion Error An A/D conversion error occurred.
[PF03	CPF03	PWM Data Error There is a problem with the PWM data. ERR OM Data E
CPF06	CPF06	EEPROM Data Error There is an error in the data saved to EEPROM.
Cau		Possible Solution
Control circuit is d The power supply when parameters v using a communic card).	was switched off vere written (e.g.,	Reinitialize the drive (A1-03).
<i>EPF07</i>	CPF07	Terminal Board Communications Error A communication error occurred at the terminal board.
CPF08	CPF08	EEPROM Serial Communication Fault EEPROM communications are not functioning properly.
[PF	CPF11	RAM Fault
EPF IZ	CPF12	FLASH Memory Fault Problem with the ROM (FLASH memory).
[PF 13	CPF13	Watchdog Circuit Exception Self-diagnostics problem.
ЕРЕ ІЧ	CPF14	Control Circuit Fault CPU error (CPU operates incorrectly due to noise, etc.)
EPF 16	CPF16	Clock Fault Standard clock error.
[PF 17	CPF17	Timing Fault A timing error occurred during an internal process.
EPF 18	CPF18	Control Circuit Fault CPU error (CPU operates incorrectly due to noise, etc.)
CPF 19	CPF19	Control Circuit Fault CPU error (CPU operates incorrectly due to noise, etc.)
CPF20 or CPF21	CPF20 or CPF21	One of the following faults occurred: RAM fault, FLASH memory error, watchdog circuit exception, clock error • RAM fault. • FLASH memory error (ROM error). • Watchdog circuit exception (self-diagnostic error). • Clock error.
CPF22	CPF22	A/D Conversion Fault A/D conversion error.

LPPE3CPP23PWM feedback error. $[PF24]$ CPF24Drive Capacity Signal Fault Entered a capacity that does not exist. (Checked when the drive is powered up.)CausePossible Solution $dE_u$ dEvReplace the drive. $gE_u$ dEvSpeed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG) According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $dU_uJFL$ dWALDriveWorksEZ Fault $dU_uJRL$ dWALDriveWorksEZ Program Error Output $EF0$ EF0An external fault condition is present.An external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03-3• Remove the cause of the external fault."alarm only" (the drive continued)• Remove the cause of the external fault."alarm only" (the drive continued)• Remove the cause of the external fault."EF1EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) $EF2$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S1) $EF3$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF5$ EF5External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF7$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF7$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7)CausePossible SolutionAn external fault at multi-function input terminal S7External Fault (input terminal S7)External Fault (input terminal S6)EF7External Fault (input terminal S7)External Fault (input term			
Drive Capacity Signal Fault Entered a capacity that does not exist. (Checked when the drive is powered up.)CausePossible SolutionHardware is damaged.Replace the drive.Speed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG) According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $d U \cup F \downarrow$ dWALDriveWorksEZ FaultSpeed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG) According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $d U \cup F \downarrow$ dWALDriveWorksEZ FaultOption Card External Fault An external fault An external fault.Remove the cause of the external fault. $EF D$ EF0Option Card External Fault An external fault input from the PLC.Remove the cause of the external fault. $mather external fault.Remove the cause of the external fault.Remove the external fault.Problem with the PLC program.Check the PLC program and correct problems.EF IEF1External fault at multi-function input terminal S1.EF3EF3EF3EF3EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.EF5EF5External Fault (input terminal S4)EF5EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.EF6EF6External Fault (input terminal S7)External fault at multi-function input terminal S7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7External fault at multi-functio$	<i>[PF23</i>	CPF23	PWM Feedback Fault
LPPEACPP2AEntered a capacity that does not exist. (Checked when the drive is powered up.)CausePossible SolutionHardware is damaged.Replace the drive. $d \xi u$ dEvAccording to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $d U J R L$ dWALDriveWorksEZ Fault $d U J R L$ dWALDriveWorksEZ Forgram Error Output $EFG$ EFOAn external fault $n external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-05 as 3.Remove the cause of the external fault."alarm only" (the drive continued to run after external fault.• Remove the cause of the external fault."rafter external fault).• Remove the external fault input from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program.Check the PLC program and correct problems.\xi F JEF1External Fault (input terminal S1)\xi F JEF2External Fault (input terminal S2)\xi F JEF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.\xi F F JEF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.\xi F F JEF5EF6EF6External Fault (input terminal S5)External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.EF6EF6External Fault (input terminal S5)External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.External Fault (input terminal S7)External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.<$			
CausePossible SolutionHardware is damaged.Replace the drive. $d E u$ $dEv$ $d E u$ $dEv$ $d U J F L$ $dEv$ $d U J F L$ $dWL$ $f F J$ $EFT$ $E K T H = FL$ $External Fault (input terminal S1)E$	ЕРЕЗЧ	CPF24	1 2 0
Hardware is damaged.Replace the drive. $d E u$ $d E v$ Speed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG) $According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the settingin F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11.d U J F Ld WFLDriveWorksEZ Faultd U J F Ld WALDriveWorksEZ Program Error OutputEFGEFOOption Card External FaultAn external fault was received fromthe PLC with other than FA-03 = 3• Remove the cause of the external fault.an external fault).• Remove the cause of the external fault."alarm only" (the drive continued torun after external fault).• Remove the external fault input from the PLC.EF IEF1External Fault (input terminal S1)EF IEF1External Fault (input terminal S2)EFF3EF3External Fault (input terminal S3)EFF3EF3External Fault (input terminal S3)EFF4EF4External Fault (input terminal S4)EF5EF5EF5External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.EF6EF6External Fault (input terminal S6)EF7EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S6.EF7EF7External fault (input terminal S6)EF7External fault (input terminal S6)EF7External fault (input terminal S6)EF7External fault input inpu$			
$d \xi u$ Speed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG) According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $d L J F L$ $d WFL$ DriveWorksEZ Fault $d L J R L$ $d WAL$ DriveWorksEZ Program Error Output $\xi F G$ EF0Option Card External Fault An external fault condition is present. $Cause$ Possible SolutionAn external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3• Remove the cause of the external fault. • Remove the cause of the external fault. $\xi F i$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) External fault at multi-function input terminal S1. External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $\xi F G$ EF5EF5External Fault (input terminal S6) External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. Ext			
d E u $dEv$ According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for longer than the time set to F1-11. $d L J F L$ $dWFL$ DriveWorksEZ Fault $d L J R L$ $dWAL$ DriveWorksEZ Fault $R F G$ EF0Option Card External FaultAn external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3• Remove the cause of the external fault."alarn only" (the drive continued to "alarn only" (the drive continued to the PLC program.• Remove the external fault from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program.Check the PLC program and correct problems. $E F I$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1)External fault at multi-function input terminal S1.External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $E F 3$ EF2External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $E F 4'$ EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $E F 5$ EF5EF5EF6EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $E F G$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7)CausePossible SolutionAn external fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external fault at multi-function input terminal S7External fault it multi-function input terminal S7External fault it detection (H1-D) = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the	Hardware is damag	ged.	1
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$d \sqcup J \exists \bot$ dWALDriveWorksEZ Program Error Output $\overline{\xi} f J$ EF0Option Card External Fault An external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3 "alarm only" (the drive continued to an after external fault).Possible SolutionAn external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3 "alarm only" (the drive continued to an after external fault).• Remove the cause of the external fault. • Remove the external fault input from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program. $\xi f I$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) External Fault (input terminal S2) $\xi f J$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) External fault input terminal S3) External fault input terminal S3 $\xi f J$ EF3EF3 $\xi f f J$ EF4EF4 $\xi f f J$ EF5 $\xi f f J$ EF6 $\xi f f J$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S3) External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $\xi f f J$ EF6Ef f EF6EF6Ef f GEF6External Fault (input terminal S5) External fault at multi-function input terminal S6.External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. External fault te		dEv	
$\xi F \Omega$ EF0Option Card External Fault An external fault condition is present.CausePossible SolutionAn external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3 "alarm only" (the drive continued to an after external fault).• Remove the cause of the external fault. • Remove the external fault input from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program.• Check the PLC program and correct problems. External Fault (input terminal S1) External Fault (input terminal S2) External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $\xi F Q$ EF2EF3EF3 $\xi F Q$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S3) External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $\xi F G$ EF5EF5EF6EF6EF6EF7EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. External fault at multi-function input terminal S7.CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault at multi-function (H1 - = 20 to 2F). • Reconnect the signal line.Wiring is incorrect.• Check if the unused terminals set for H1- = 20 to 2F) (External Fault). • Change the terminal set for H1- = 20 to 2F) (External Fault). • Change the terminal set of the H1- = 20 to 2F) (External Fault). • Change the terminal set of H1- = 20 to 2F) (External Fault). • Change the terminal set of H1- = 20 to 2F) (External Fault). • Change the terminal set of H1- = 20 t	dUJFL	dWFL	DriveWorksEZ Fault
$\mathcal{EFG}$ EFOAn external fault condition is present.CausePossible SolutionAn external fault was received from the PLC with the PLC program.• Remove the cause of the external fault. • Remove the external fault input from the PLC. rom the PLC program. $\mathcal{EF}$ EF1EF1 $\mathcal{EF}$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. External fault (input terminal S3) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF3EF4 $\mathcal{EF}$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S3) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S3) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S3) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S4) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S5) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF5External Fault (input terminal S6) $\mathcal{EF}$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S7) $\mathcal{E}$ External fault at multi-function input terminal S7 $\mathcal{E}$ $\mathcal{F}$	dUJRL	dWAL	DriveWorksEZ Program Error Output
An external fault condition is present.Possible SolutionAn external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3Remove the cause of the external fault."alarn only" (the drive continued to the PLC program.• Remove the external fault input from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program.Check the PLC program and correct problems. $\xi F : I$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) $\xi F : I$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) $\xi F : I$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) $\xi F : I$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $\xi F : I$ EF4External fault (input terminal S3) $\xi F : I$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S4) $\xi F : I$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S5) $\xi F : I$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S5) $\xi F : I$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S6) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $\xi F : I$ EF7External Fault (input	ccn	EEQ	Option Card External Fault
An external fault was received from the PLC with other than F6-03 = 3 * Remove the external fault input from the PLC.* Remove the external fault input from the PLC.* Remove the external fault input from the PLC.run after external fault).* Check the PLC program and correct problems. $EF I$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) $EF2$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) $EF3$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $EF3$ EF3External Fault (input terminal S3) $EFF3$ EF3External Fault (input terminal S3) $EF4$ External Fault (input terminal S4) $EF5$ EF5External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF6$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF71$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF71$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7.CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.* Insure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-D = 20 to 2F).* Reconnect the signal lines.* Chauge the terminal set for H1-D = 20 to 2F (External Fault).* Chauge the terminal settings.* Chauge the terminal set for H1-D = 20 to 2F (External Fault).* Chauge the terminal settings.* Chauge the terminal set for H1-D = 20 to 2F (External Fault).* Chauge the terminal settings.* Chauge the terminal settings.* ErrErrErr<	cru	EF0	An external fault condition is present.
the PLC with other than F6-63 = 3 "Remove the external fault."alarm only" (the drive continued to "alarm only" (the drive continued to "Remove the external fault input from the PLC.Problem with the PLC program.Check the PLC program and correct problems. $EF I$ EF1External Fault (input terminal S1) $EF 2$ EF2External Fault (input terminal S2) $EF 3$ EF3External Fault (input terminal S3) $EF 3$ EF3External Fault (input terminal S3) $EF 4$ EF4External Fault (input terminal S4) $EF 5$ EF5External Fault (input terminal S5) $EF 6$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF 7$ EF6External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF7$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $Er 7$ Er7External Fault (input terminal S7) $External fault at multi-function input terminal S7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-DD = 20 to 2F) (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Change the terminal settings.Er rErErrorData does not match the EEPROM being written to.$	Cau	ise	Possible Solution
$\xi F$ ! $EF1$ External Fault (input terminal S1) $\xi F c$ $EF1$ $External fault at multi-function input terminal S1.\xi F cEF2External Fault (input terminal S2)\xi F dEF2External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.\xi F dEF4External Fault (input terminal S4)\xi F dEF4External Fault (input terminal S5)\xi F fEF4External Fault (input terminal S5)\xi F fEF5External Fault (input terminal S5)\xi F fEF6External Fault (input terminal S6)\xi F fEF6External Fault (input terminal S7)\xi r nEF7External Fault (input terminal S7)\xi r nErfExternal fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.\bullet Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).\bullet Reconnect the signal line.\bullet Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).\bullet Change the terminal settings.Excessive PID Feedback\xi r rErErcessive PID FeedbackPID feedbackPID feedbackPID feedbackPID feedbackPID feedbackPID feedback$	the PLC with other "alarm only" (the d	r than $F6-03 = 3$ lrive continued to	
EF1External fault at multi-function input terminal S1. $EF2$ EF2External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $EF3$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF3$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $EF5$ EF5EF5 $EF6$ EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF6$ EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF7$ EF7External Fault (input terminal S7) $External fault at multi-function input terminal S7.CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the signal line.Err rErrEFROM Write ErrorData does not match the EEPROM being written to.Excessive PID Feedback.FbHFbH$	Problem with the H	PLC program.	Check the PLC program and correct problems.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S1. $EF2$ External Fault (input terminal S2) $EF2$ External Fault (input terminal S2) $EF3$ EF3 $EF3$ EF3 $EF4$ External Fault (input terminal S3) $EF4$ External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ EF4 $EF5$ EF5 $EF5$ External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF5$ EF6 $EF6$ EF6 $EF7$ External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF7$ EF7EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7.CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the signal line.• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• ErrorErrEFROM Write ErrorData does not match the EEPROM being written to.• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Eternal fault detector• Eternal Fault, the terner EPROM being written to.• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).<	CC 1	EE1	
EFCEF2External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $EF3$ EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $EF5$ EF5External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF5$ EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. $EF7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. $EF7$ EF7EF7EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. $Cause$ Possible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the signal line.• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Change the terminal settings. $Err$ ErrErr $FbH$ FbHFbH	<u> </u>	EFI	External fault at multi-function input terminal S1.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S2. $\mathcal{E}F3$ EF3 $\mathcal{E}F3$ EF3 $\mathcal{E}F4$ EF4 $\mathcal{E}F5$ EF5 $\mathcal{E}F5$ EF5 $\mathcal{E}F6$ EF6 $\mathcal{E}F7$ EF7 $\mathcal{E}F7$ EF7 $\mathcal{E}F7$ EF7 $\mathcal{E}rral fault at multi-function input terminal S7\mathcal{C}ausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault at multi-function (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).\mathcal{K}rrat inputs.\mathcal{E}rrErr\mathcal{E}F8Err\mathcal{E}rrErr\mathcal{E}r$	663	EE2	External Fault (input terminal S2)
EF3EF3External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $EF5$ EF5External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF5$ EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. $Er7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7. $Cause$ Possible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault. $\bullet$ Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F). • Reconnect the signal line. $Err c$ Err $EFROM Write Error$ EEPROM Write Error $FbH$ FbHFbHFbH	ברב	EF2	External fault at multi-function input terminal S2.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S3. $EF4$ External Fault (input terminal S4) $EF5$ EF5 $EF5$ EF5 $EF6$ EF6 $EF7$ External Fault (input terminal S6) $EF7$ External fault at multi-function input terminal S6. $EF7$ EF7 $EF7$ EF7Erral fault at multi-function input terminal S7)External fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Viring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F). • Reconnect the signal line.Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.• Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault). • Change the terminal settings. $Err$ ErrEEPROM Write Error Data does not match the EEPROM being written to. $FbH$ FbHFbHFbedback PID feedback	662	EE2	External Fault (input terminal S3)
EF9EF4External fault at multi-function input terminal S4.EF5EF5External fault at multi-function input terminal S5)EF5EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S6)EF7EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7)External device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the signal line.• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Check if the unused terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Change the terminal set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).• Change the terminal settings.• Change the terminal settings.• EFROM Write ErrorData does not match the EEPROM being written to.• FbHFbHFbedback	673	EF3	External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S4. $EF5$ EF5 $EF6$ EF6 $EF6$ EF6 $EF7$ EF7 $EF7$ EF7 $EF7$ EF7 $Erral fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault.Norrect setting of multi-function• Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).• Change the terminal settings.ErrErrEFROM Write ErrorData does not match the EEPROM being written to.FbHFbHFbHFbH$	εευ	EE4	External Fault (input terminal S4)
EFSEFSExternal fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF5$ EF6External fault at multi-function input terminal S6) $EF7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7) $EF7$ EF7External fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionRemove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.* Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).* Reconnect the signal line.• Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).* Charge the terminal settings.• Check if the unused terminal setting. $Err$ ErrEEPROM Write ErrorTata does not match the EEPROM being written to. $FbH$ FbHFbHFbH	ברח	EF4	External fault at multi-function input terminal S4.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S5. $EF6$ EF6 $EF7$ EF7 $EF7$ EF7EF7EF7External Fault (input terminal S7)External fault at multi-function input terminal S7CausePossible SolutionAn external device has tripped an alarm function.Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.Wiring is incorrect.• Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-DD = 20 to 2F).• Reconnect the signal line.Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.• Check if the unused terminals set for H1-DD = 20 to 2F (External Fault). • Change the terminal settings. $Errr$ ErrEBPROM Write Error Data does not match the EEPROM being written to. $FbH$ FbHFbHFbH	C C C	EE5	External Fault (input terminal S5)
EF6       EF6         External fault at multi-function input terminal S6.         EF7       EF7         External fault at multi-function input terminal S7)         External fault at multi-function input terminal S7         Cause         An external device has tripped an alarm function.         Wiring is incorrect.       Possible Solution         Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         • Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).         • Reconnect the signal line.         Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.         • Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).         • Check if the unused terminal settings.         Err       EEPROM Write Error         Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.         Excessive PID Feedback         PID feedback         PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set	673	EF5	External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S0.         External fault at multi-function input terminal S0.         External Fault (input terminal S7)         External Fault (input terminal S7)         External fault at multi-function input terminal S7         Cause       Possible Solution         An external device has tripped an alarm function.       Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         Wiring is incorrect.       Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-DD = 20 to 2F).         Neconnect the signal line.       • Check if the unused terminals set for H1-DD = 20 to 2F (External Fault).         • Change the terminal settings.       • Change the terminal settings.         EPROM Write Error       Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.         Excessive PID Feedback       PID feedback         PID feedback       PID feedback	r r r	EE(	External Fault (input terminal S6)
EF1       EF7         External fault at multi-function input terminal S7         Cause       Possible Solution         An external device has tripped an alarm function.       Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         Wiring is incorrect.       • Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).         Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.       • Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).         • Check if the unused terminal settings.       • Change the terminal settings. $E r r$ EEPROM Write Error         Data does not match the EEPROM being written to. $F b H$ FbH	cro	EF6	External fault at multi-function input terminal S6.
External fault at multi-function input terminal S7         Cause       Possible Solution         An external device has tripped an alarm function.       Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         Wiring is incorrect.       • Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).         • Reconnect the signal line.       • Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).         • Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).         • Change the terminal settings. $\mathcal{E}_{\Gamma \Gamma}$ EPROM Write Error         Data does not match the EEPROM being written to. $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{B}}\mathcal{H}$ FbH	C C O		External Fault (input terminal S7)
An external device has tripped an alarm function.       Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         Wiring is incorrect.       • Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F).         Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.       • Check if the unused terminals set for H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F (External Fault).         • Check if the unused terminal set for H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F (External Fault).       • Change the terminal settings.         • EPROM Write Error       • EEPROM Write Error         • Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.       • Excessive PID Feedback         • FbH       FbH	677	EF/	External fault at multi-function input terminal S7
alarm function.       Image: Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.         Wiring is incorrect. <ul> <li>Ensure the signal lines have been connected properly to the terminals assigned for external fault detection (H1-□□ = 20 to 2F).</li> <li>Reconnect the signal line.</li> <li>Check if the unused terminals set for H1-□□ = 20 to 2F (External Fault).</li> <li>Change the terminal settings.</li> </ul> $ \mathcal{E} r r $ <ul> <li>Eerrom Mitteerror</li> <li>Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.</li> <li>Excessive PID Feedback</li> <li>PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set</li> </ul>	Cau	ise	Possible Solution
Wiring is incorrect.       for external fault detection (H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F).         • Reconnect the signal line.       • Check if the unused terminals set for H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F (External Fault).         Incorrect setting of multi-function contact inputs.       • Check if the unused terminal set for H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F (External Fault).         • Change the terminal settings.       • Change the terminal settings.         • EPPROM Write Error       • Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.         • FbH       Fbedback         PID feedback       PID feedback	An external device has tripped an alarm function		Remove the cause of the external fault and reset the fault.
contact inputs.     • Change the terminal settings.       Err     EEPROM Write Error       Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.       FbH     Excessive PID Feedback       PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set			for external fault detection (H1- $\Box \Box = 20$ to 2F).
Err         Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.           FbH         Excessive PID Feedback           PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set	Incorrect setting of contact inputs.	f multi-function	
FbH     FbH   Data does not match the EEPROM being written to. Excessive PID Feedback PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set	C	Б	EEPROM Write Error
FbH         Excessive PID Feedback           FbH         FbH         PID feedback input is greater than the level set b5-36 for longer than the time set		Err	Data does not match the EEPROM being written to.
			ě – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –
	F5H	FbH	PID feedback input is greater than the level set $5-36$ for longer than the time set to $5-37$ . To enable fault detection, set $55-12 = "2"$ or "5".

		PID Feedback Loss
FBL	FbL	This fault occurs when PID Feedback Loss Detection is programmed to fault $(b5-12 = 2)$ and the PID Feedback < PID Feedback Loss Detection Level $(b5-13)$ for the PID Feedback Loss Detection Time $(b5-14)$ .
		Ground Fault
<u>GF</u>	GF	<ul> <li>Current shorted to ground exceeded 50% of rated current on output side of the drive.</li> <li>Setting L8-09 to 1 enables ground fault detection in models 5.5 kW or larger.</li> </ul>
Cau	ise	Possible Solution
Motor insulation is	s damaged.	<ul><li>Check the insulation resistance of the motor.</li><li>Replace the motor.</li></ul>
A damaged motor	cable is creating	Check the motor cable.     Remove the short circuit and turn the power back on.
a short circuit.		<ul> <li>Check the resistance between the cable and the ground terminal .</li> <li>Replace the cable.</li> </ul>
The leakage curren output is too high.	nt at the drive	<ul><li>Reduce the carrier frequency.</li><li>Reduce the amount of stray capacitance.</li></ul>
The drive started to Current Offset Fau coasting to a stop.		<ul> <li>The value set exceeds the allowable setting range while the drive automatically adjusts the current offset (this happens only attempting to restart a PM motor that is coasting to stop).</li> <li>Enable Speed Search at start (b3-01 = 1).</li> <li>Perform Speed Search 1 or 2 (H1-DD = 61 or 62) via one of the external terminals. Note: Speed Search 1 and 2 are the same when using PM OLV.</li> </ul>
Hardware problem	l.	Replace the drive.
		Output Phase Loss
LF	LF	<ul> <li>Phase loss on the output side of the drive.</li> <li>Phase Loss Detection is enabled when L8-07 is set to "1" or "2".</li> </ul>
Cau	ise	Possible Solution
The output cable is	s disconnected.	<ul> <li>Check for wiring errors and ensure the output cable is connected properly.</li> <li>Correct the wiring.</li> </ul>
The motor winding	g is damaged.	<ul><li>Check the resistance between motor lines.</li><li>Replace the motor if the winding is damaged.</li></ul>
The output termina	al is loose.	<ul> <li>Apply the tightening torque specified in this manual to fasten the terminals. <i>Refer to Wire Size and Torque Specifications on page 40</i>.</li> </ul>
The motor being u 5% of the drive rat	ed current.	Check the drive and motor capacities.
An output transisto	0	Replace the drive.
A single-phase mo	tor is being used.	<u> </u>
1.62	LF2	Output current imbalance
		One or more of the phases in the output current is lost.
Cause		Possible Solution
Phase loss has occ output side of the o	drive.	<ul> <li>Check for faulty wiring or poor connections on the output side of the drive.</li> <li>Correct the wiring.</li> </ul>
Terminal wires on the output side of the drive are loose.		Apply the tightening torque specified in this manual to fasten the terminals. <i>Refer</i> to <i>Wire Size and Torque Specifications on page 40</i> .
No signal displays from the gate driver board.		Replace the drive. Contact Yaskawa for assistance.
unver board.		· Measure the line-to-line resistance for each motor phase. Ensure all values are

_		Overcurrent
50	oC	Drive sensors have detected an output current greater than the specified overcurrent level.
Cau	se	Possible Solution
The motor has been overheating or the is damaged.		<ul><li>Check the insulation resistance.</li><li>Replace the motor.</li></ul>
One of the motor c		<ul> <li>Check the motor cables.</li> <li>Remove the short circuit and power the drive back up.</li> </ul>
out or there is a gro	ounding problem.	<ul> <li>Check the resistance between the motor cables and the ground terminal          <ul> <li>Replace damaged cables.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
The load is too hea	wy.	<ul> <li>Measure the current flowing into the motor.</li> <li>Replace the drive with a larger capacity unit if the current value exceeds the rated current of the drive.</li> <li>Determine if there is sudden fluctuation in the current level.</li> <li>Reduce the load to avoid sudden changes in the current level or switch to a larger drive.</li> </ul>
The acceleration o times are too short		Calculate the torque needed during acceleration relative to the load inertia and the specified acceleration time. If the right amount of torque cannot be set, make the following changes: Increase the acceleration time (C1-01, -03, -05, -07) Increase the S-curve characteristics (C2-01 through C2-04) Increase the capacity of the drive.
The drive is attemp specialized motor than the maximum	or a motor larger	<ul> <li>Check the motor capacity.</li> <li>Ensure that the rated capacity of the drive is greater than or equal to the capacity rating found on the motor nameplate.</li> </ul>
Magnetic contactor (MC) on the output side of the drive has turned on or off.		Set up the operation sequence so that the MC is not tripped while the drive is outputting current.
V/f setting is not operating as expected.		<ul> <li>Check the ratios between the voltage and frequency.</li> <li>Set parameter E1-04 through E1-10 appropriately. Set E3-04 through E3-10 when using a second motor.</li> <li>Lower the voltage if it is too high relative to the frequency.</li> </ul>
Excessive torque compensation.		<ul> <li>Check the amount of torque compensation.</li> <li>Reduce the torque compensation gain (C4-01) until there is no speed loss and less current.</li> </ul>
Drive fails to operate properly due to noise interference.		<ul> <li>Review the possible solutions provided for handling noise interference.</li> <li>Review the section on handling noise interference and check the control circuit lines, main circuit lines and ground wiring.</li> </ul>
Overexcitation gain is set too high.		<ul> <li>Check if fault occurs simultaneously to overexcitation function operation.</li> <li>Consider motor flux saturation and reduce the value of n3-13 (Overexcitation Deceleration Gain).</li> </ul>
Run command applied while motor was coasting.		<ul> <li>Enable Speed Search at start (b3-01 = "1").</li> <li>Program the Speed Search command input through one of the multi-function contact input terminals (H1-□□ = "61" or "62").</li> </ul>
The wrong motor code has been entered for PM Open Loop Vector (Yaskawa motors only).		Enter the correct motor code to E5-01 to indicate that a PM motor is connected.
The motor control method and motor do not match.		<ul> <li>Check which motor control method the drive is set to (A1-02).</li> <li>For IM motors, set A1-02 = "0" or "2".</li> <li>For PM motors, set A1-02 = "5".</li> </ul>
The motor cable is	too long	Use a larger drive.
oFA00 oFA00		Option Card Fault (Port A) The option card is incompatible with the drive.
		The option card is mooniputole with the drive.

nE80 I	oFA01	Option Card Fault (Port A)
0,		Replace the option card.
oFRO3	oFA03	Option Card Fault (port A)
	017405	Option card self-diagnostic error
о ГАОЧ	oFA04	Option Card Fault (port A)
0,	0FA04	An error occurred attempting to write to the option card memory.
oFR30 to	oFA30 to	Option Card Fault (port A)
oFA43	oFA43	Communication ID error
		Heatsink Overheat
οX	оН	The temperature of the heatsink exceeded the value set to L8-02 (90-100°C). Default value for L8-02 is determined by drive capacity (o2-04).
Cau	ise	Possible Solution
Surrounding temp high.	erature is too	<ul> <li>Check the temperature surrounding the drive. Verify temperature is within drive specifications.</li> <li>Improve the air circulation within the enclosure panel.</li> <li>Install a fan or air conditioner to cool the surrounding area.</li> <li>Remove anything near the drive that might be producing excessive heat.</li> </ul>
Load is too heavy.		<ul> <li>Measure the output current.</li> <li>Decrease the load.</li> <li>Lower the carrier frequency (C6-02).</li> </ul>
Internal cooling fa	n is stopped.	<ul> <li>Replace the cooling fan</li> <li>After replacing the drive, reset the cooling fan maintenance parameter (o4-03 = "0").</li> </ul>
		Overheat 1 (Heatsink Overheat)
oH l	oH1	The temperature of the heatsink has exceeded the value set to L8-02 (100-110 ° C). Default value for L8-02 is determined by drive capacity (o2-04).
Cau	ise	Possible Solution
Surrounding temperature is too hot.		<ul> <li>Check the temperature surrounding the drive.</li> <li>Improve the air circulation within the enclosure panel.</li> <li>Install a fan or air conditioner to cool the surrounding area.</li> <li>Remove anything near the drive that might be producing excessive heat.</li> </ul>
Load is too heavy.		<ul> <li>Measure the output current.</li> <li>Lower the carrier frequency (C6-02).</li> <li>Reduce the load.</li> </ul>
The internal cooling fan has reached its performance life or has malfunctioned.		<ul> <li>Check the maintenance time for the cooling fan (U4-04).</li> <li>If U4-04 exceeds 90%, replace the cooling fan</li> <li>After replacing fan, reset the fan maintenance time (o4-03 = "0").</li> </ul>
Current flowing to control circuit terminal +V exceeded the tolerance level.		<ul> <li>Check the current level of the terminal.</li> <li>Set the current to the control circuit terminal to be 20 mA or less.</li> </ul>
		Motor Overheat Alarm (PTC Input)

		Motor Overheat Alarm (PTC Input)
oH3	oH3	<ul> <li>The motor overheat signal to analog input terminal A1 or A2 exceeded the alarm detection level.</li> <li>Detection requires multi-function analog input H3-02 or H3-10 be set to "E".</li> </ul>
		Motor Overheat Fault (PTC Input)
084	oH4	<ul> <li>The motor overheat signal to analog input terminal A1 or A2 exceeded the fault detection level.</li> <li>Detection requires that multi-function analog input H3-02 or H3-10 = "E".</li> </ul>

Cause		Possible Solution
Motor has overheated.		<ul> <li>Check the size of the load, the accel/decel times and the cycle times.</li> <li>Decrease the load.</li> <li>Increase the acceleration and deceleration times (C1-01 through C1-08).</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Adjust the preset V/f pattern (E1-04 through E1-10). This will mainly involve reducing E1-08 and E1-10. Be careful not to lower E1-08 and E1-10 excessively because this reduces load tolerance at low speeds</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Check the motor-rated current.</li> <li>Enter the motor-rated current as indicated on the motor nameplate (E2-01).</li> <li>Ensure the motor cooling system is operating normally.</li> <li>Repair or replace the motor cooling system.</li> </ul>
ol I	oL1	Motor Overload
		The electrothermal sensor tripped overload protection.
Cau		Possible Solution
Load is too heavy.		Reduce the load.
Cycle times are too acceleration and de		Increase the acceleration and deceleration times (C1-01 through C1-08).
<ul> <li>Drive overload.</li> <li>Overload may of speeds when us purpose motor, within the rated limitation.</li> </ul>	occur at low ing a general- even if operating	<ul> <li>Reduce the load.</li> <li>Increase the speed.</li> <li>If the drive is supposed to operate at low speeds, either increase the motor capacity or use a motor specifically designed to operate with the drive.</li> </ul>
Although a special being used, the most selection is set for a motor $(L1-01 = 1)$ .	tor protection general-purpose	Set L1-01 = "2".
Voltage is too high characteristics.	n for the V/f	<ul> <li>Adjust the user set V/f patterns (E1-04 through E1-10). Parameters E1-08 and E1-10 may need to be reduced.</li> <li>If E1-08 and E1-10 are set too high, there may be very little load tolerance at low speed.</li> </ul>
The wrong motor-r to E2-01.	ated current is set	<ul> <li>Check the motor-rated current.</li> <li>Enter the value written on the motor nameplate to parameter E2-01.</li> </ul>
The maximum free drive input power		<ul> <li>Check the rated frequency indicated on the motor nameplate.</li> <li>Enter the rated frequency to E1-06 (Base Frequency).</li> </ul>
Multiple motors ar same drive.	re running off the	Disable the Motor Protection function ( $L1-01 = "0"$ ) and install a thermal relay to each motor.
The electrical thermal protection characteristics and motor overload characteristics do not match.		<ul> <li>Check the motor characteristics.</li> <li>Correct the value set to L1-01 (Motor Protection Function).</li> <li>Install an external thermal relay.</li> </ul>
The electrical thermal relay is operating at the wrong level.		<ul><li>Check the current rating listed on the motor nameplate.</li><li>Check the value set for the motor-rated current (E2-01).</li></ul>
Overexcitation current is enabled.		<ul> <li>Overexcitation is a potential serious danger to the motor.</li> <li>Reduce the excitation deceleration gain (n3-13).</li> <li>Set L3-04 (Stall Prevention during Deceleration) to a value other than 4.</li> <li>Disable overexcitation (n3-23 = "0").</li> </ul>
Speed Search related parameters are not set to the proper values.		<ul> <li>Check values set to Speed Search related parameters.</li> <li>Adjust the Speed Search current and Speed Search deceleration times (b3-02 and b3-03 respectively).</li> <li>After Auto-Tuning, enable Speed Estimation Type Search (b3-24 = "1").</li> </ul>
Output current fluc input phase loss	ctuation due to	Check the power supply for phase loss.

, ,		Drive Overload
012	oL2	The thermal sensor of the drive triggered overload protection.
Cause		Possible Solution
Load is too heavy.		Reduce the load.
Cycle times are too acceleration and de	o short during eceleration.	Increase the settings for the acceleration and deceleration times (C1-01 through C1-08).
Voltage is too high characteristics.	n for the V/f	<ul> <li>Adjust the preset V/f pattern (E1-04 through E1-10). This will mainly involve reducing E1-08 and E1-10.</li> <li>Be careful not to lower E1-08 and E1-10 excessively because this reduces load tolerance at low speeds.</li> </ul>
Drive capacity is to	oo small.	Replace the drive with a larger model.
Overload occurred at low speeds.	when operating	<ul> <li>Reduce the load when operating at low speeds.</li> <li>Replace the drive with a model that is one frame size larger.</li> <li>Lower the carrier frequency (C6-02).</li> </ul>
Excessive torque c	compensation.	Reduce the torque compensation gain (C4-01) until there is no speed loss but less current.
Speed Search relate not set correctly.	ed parameters are	<ul> <li>Check the settings for all Speed Search related parameters.</li> <li>Adjust the current used during Speed Search and the Speed Search deceleration time (b3-03 and b3-02 respectively).</li> <li>After Auto-Tuning the drive, enable the Speed Search Estimation Type (b3-24 = "1").</li> </ul>
Output current fluc input phase loss	ctuation due to	Check the power supply for phase loss.
		Overtorque Detection 1
ol3	oL3	The current has exceeded the value set for torque detection (L6-02) for longer than the allowable time (L6-03).
		Overtorque Detection 2
o14	oL4	The current has exceeded the value set for Overtorque Detection 2 (L6-05) for longer than the allowable time (L6-06).
		High-Slip Braking oL
ol7	oL7	The output frequency stayed constant for longer than the time set in n3-04 during High-slip Braking.
oPr	oPr	Digital Operator Connection Fault         • The LCD operator has been disconnected from the drive.         Note: An oPr fault will occur when all of the following conditions are true:         • Output is interrupted when the operator is disconnected (o2-06 = 1).         • The run command is assigned to the LCD operator (b1-02 = 0 and LOCAL has been selected).
o 5	oS	Overspeed (Simple V/f with PG)
		Pulse input (RP) indicates that motor speed feedback exceeded F1-08 setting.
00	ov	Overvoltage Voltage in the DC bus has exceeded the overvoltage detection level. • For 200 V class: approximately 410 V • For 400 V class: approximately 820 V (740 V when E1-01 is less than 400)
Cause		Possible Solution
Deceleration time is too short and regenerative energy flows from the motor into the drive.		<ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time (C1-02, -04, -06, -08).</li> <li>Install a braking resistor or a dynamic braking resistor unit.</li> <li>Enable stall prevention during deceleration (L3-04 = "1"). Stall prevention is enabled as the default setting.</li> </ul>
Acceleration time is too short.		<ul> <li>Check if sudden drive acceleration triggers an overvoltage alarm.</li> <li>Increase the acceleration time.</li> <li>Use longer S-curve acceleration and deceleration times.</li> </ul>

Excessive braking load.		The braking torque was too high, causing regenerative energy to charge the DC bus.
		Reduce the braking torque, use a braking option, or lengthen decel time.
Surge voltage entering from the drive input power.		Install a DC reactor. <b>Note:</b> Voltage surge can result from thyristor convertor and phase advancing capacitor using same drive main input power supply.
Ground fault in the causing the DC bus overcharge.		<ul><li>Check the motor wiring for ground faults.</li><li>Correct grounding shorts and turn the power back on.</li></ul>
Improper Setting o related parameters. Search after a mon loss and after a fau	(Includes Speed nentary power	<ul> <li>Check the settings for Speed Search related parameters.</li> <li>Enable Speed Search Retry function (b3-19 greater than or equal to 1 to 10).</li> <li>Adjust the current level during Speed Search and the deceleration time (b3-02 and b3-03 respectively).</li> <li>Perform Line-to-Line Resistance Auto-Tuning and then enable Speed Estimation Type Speed Search (b3-24 = "1").</li> </ul>
Excessive regeneration overshoot occurs a		<ul> <li>Enable the Overvoltage Suppression function (L3-11 = "1").</li> <li>Lengthen the S-curve at acceleration end.</li> </ul>
Drive input power high.	voltage is too	<ul><li>Check the voltage.</li><li>Lower drive input power voltage within the limits listed in the specifications.</li></ul>
The dynamic braki damaged.	ng transistor is	Replace the drive.
The braking transis incorrectly.	stor is wired	<ul> <li>Check braking transistor wiring for errors.</li> <li>Properly rewire the braking resistor device.</li> </ul>
Drive fails to opera to noise interference		<ul> <li>Review the list of possible solutions provided for controlling noise.</li> <li>Review the section on handling noise interference and check the control circuit lines, main circuit lines and ground wiring.</li> </ul>
Load inertia has be incorrectly.	en set	<ul> <li>Check the load inertia settings when using KEB, overvoltage suppression or Stall Prevention during deceleration.</li> <li>Adjust L3-25 (Load Inertia Ratio) in accordance with the load.</li> </ul>
Braking function is PM Open Loop Ve		Connect a braking resistor.
Motor hunting occurs.		<ul> <li>Adjust the parameters that control hunting.</li> <li>Set the hunting prevention gain (n1-02).</li> <li>Adjust the AFR time constant (n2-02 and n2-03) when in OLV Control.</li> <li>Use parameters n8-45 (PM Speed Feedback Detection Suppression Gain) and n8-47 (Pull-In Current Compensation Time Constant).</li> </ul>
		Input Phase Loss
PF	PF	Drive input power has an open phase or has a large imbalance of voltage between phases. Detected when $L8-05 = 1$ (enabled).
Cau	se	Possible Solution
There is phase loss in the drive input power.		<ul> <li>Check for wiring errors in the main circuit drive input power.</li> <li>Correct the wiring.</li> </ul>
There is loose wiring in the drive input power terminals.		<ul><li>Ensure the terminals are tightened properly.</li><li>Apply the tightening torque specified in this manual to fasten the terminals.</li></ul>
There is excessive fluctuation in the drive input power voltage.		<ul> <li>Check the voltage from the drive input power.</li> <li>Review the possible solutions for stabilizing the drive input power.</li> <li>Disable Input Phase Loss Detection (L8-05 = "0"). PF is detected if DC bus ripple is too high. If it is disabled, there is no fault but the ripple is still too high, thereby the capacitors are stressed more and lose lifetime.</li> </ul>
There is poor balance between voltage phases.		Stabilize drive input power or disable phase loss detection.

The main circuit capacitors are worn.		<ul> <li>Check the maintenance time for the capacitors (U4-05).</li> <li>Replace the drive if U4-05 is greater than 90%.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Check for anything wrong with the drive input power.</li> <li>If nothing is wrong with the drive input power, try the following solutions if the alarm continues:</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Disable Input Phase Loss Protection selection (L8-05 = "0"). PF is detected if DC bus ripple is too high. If it is disabled, there is no fault but the ripple is still too high, thereby the capacitors are stressed more and lose lifetime.</li> <li>Replace the drive.</li> </ul>
		PG Disconnect (for Simple V/f with PG)
Ρΰο	PGo	No PG pulses are received for longer than the time set to F1-14.
		Braking Resistor Overheat
r H	rH	Braking resistor protection was triggered. Fault detection is enabled when L8-01 = 1 (disabled as a default).
Ca	use	Possible Solution
		Check the load, deceleration time and speed.
Deceleration time excessive regeneration		<ul> <li>Reduce the load.</li> <li>Increase the acceleration and deceleration times (C1-01 through C1-08).</li> </ul>
flowing back into		<ul> <li>Replace the braking option with a larger device that can handle the power that is discharged.</li> </ul>
Excessive braking inertia.		Recalculate braking load and braking power. Then try reducing the braking load and checking the braking resistor settings and improve braking capacity.
2	·	and encening the orating resistor settings and improve orating capacity.
The proper brakin been installed.		Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu	g resistor has not ude of the braking	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.
The proper brakin been installed. <b>Note:</b> The magnitu the braking resiston hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     load trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using
The proper brakin been installed. <b>Note:</b> The magnitu the braking resistor	g resistor has not ude of the braking	<ul> <li>Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.</li> <li>Select the optimal braking resistor.</li> <li>Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very</li> </ul>
The proper brakin been installed. <b>Note:</b> The magnitu the braking resiston hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     load trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resistent hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using     than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing</i>
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magniti the braking resiste hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resisto hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using     than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106.</i>
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resistent hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using     than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing     and Resetting Faults on page 106.</i> Replace the drive if the fault continues.
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resisto hot. Can The braking transi The control circui $\Sigma \xi r$	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resisto hot.	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106.</i> Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resiste hot. $\Gamma \Gamma$ Cau The braking transi The control circui $SE \Gamma$ $S\Gamma O$	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr STO	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.     Pull-Out Detection
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resisto hot. Can The braking transi The control circui $\Sigma \xi r$	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr	<ul> <li>Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.</li> <li>Select the optimal braking resistor.</li> <li>Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very</li> <li>Dynamic Braking Transistor</li> <li>The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.</li> <li>Possible Solution</li> <li>Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i>.</li> <li>Replace the drive if the fault continues.</li> <li>Too Many Speed Search Restarts</li> <li>The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.</li> <li>Pull-Out Detection</li> <li>Motor pull-out has occurred.</li> </ul>
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resiste hot. $\Gamma \Gamma$ Cau The braking transi The control circui $SE \Gamma$ $S\Gamma O$	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr STO UL3	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using     than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing     and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.     Pull-Out Detection     Motor pull-out has occurred.     Undertorque Detection 1     The current has fallen below the minimum value set for torque detection (L6-02)     for longer than the allowable time (L6-03).
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magniture the braking resistent hot. $\Gamma \Gamma$ Cau The braking transi The control circui $SE \Gamma$ $S\Gamma D$ UL 3 There is a fault on	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr STO UL3 the machine side.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed. <b>Possible Solution</b> Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.     Pull-Out Detection     Motor pull-out has occurred.     Undertorque Detection 1     The current has fallen below the minimum value set for torque detection (L6-02) for longer than the allowable time (L6-03).     Check the load for any problems.     Undertorque Detection 2
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magnitu the braking resiste hot. The braking transi The control circuit 5Er 5F0 UL 3	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr STO UL3	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using     than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.     Pull-Out Detection     Motor pull-out has occurred.     Undertorque Detection 1     The current has fallen below the minimum value set for torque detection (L6-02)     for longer than the allowable time (L6-03).     Check the load for any problems.
The proper brakin been installed. Note: The magniture the braking resistent hot. $\Gamma \Gamma$ Cau The braking transi The control circui $SE \Gamma$ $S\Gamma D$ UL 3 There is a fault on	g resistor has not ude of the braking or more frequently rr use istor is damaged. t is damaged. SEr STO UL3 the machine side.	Check the specifications and conditions for the braking resistor device.     Select the optimal braking resistor.     Ioad trips the braking resistor overheat alarm, NOT the surface temperature. Using than its rating trips the alarm even when the braking resistor surface is not very     Dynamic Braking Transistor     The built-in dynamic braking transistor failed.     Possible Solution     Cycle power to the drive and check if the fault reoccurs. <i>Refer to Diagnosing and Resetting Faults on page 106</i> .     Replace the drive if the fault continues.     Too Many Speed Search Restarts     The number of speed search restarts exceeded the number set to b3-19.     Pull-Out Detection     Motor pull-out has occurred.     Undertorque Detection 1     The current has fallen below the minimum value set for torque detection (L6-02) for longer than the allowable time (L6-03).     Check the load for any problems.     Undertorque Detection 2

Uu I	Uv1	<ul> <li>DC Bus Undervoltage</li> <li>One of the following conditions occurred while the drive was stopped:</li> <li>Voltage in the DC bus fell below the undervoltage detection level (L2-05).</li> <li>For 200 V class: approximately 190 V (160 V for single phase drives)</li> <li>For 400 V class: approximately 380 V (350 V when E1-01 is less than 400) The fault is output only if L2-01 = 0 or L2-01 = 1 and the DC bus voltage is under L1-05 for longer than L2-02.</li> </ul>
Cau	ise	Possible Solution
Input power phase		<ul><li>The main circuit drive input power is wired incorrectly.</li><li>Correct the wiring.</li></ul>
One of the drive in terminals is loose.	put power wiring	<ul><li>Ensure there are no loose terminals.</li><li>Apply the tightening torque specified in this manual to fasten the terminals.</li></ul>
There is a problem from the drive input		<ul><li>Check the voltage.</li><li>Correct the voltage to within range listed in drive input power specifications.</li></ul>
The power has bee	n interrupted.	Correct the drive input power.
Drive internal circu worn.	uitry has become	<ul> <li>Check the maintenance time for the capacitors (U4-05).</li> <li>Replace the drive if U4-05 exceeds 90%.</li> </ul>
The drive input po is not large enough drops after switchi	and voltage	Check the capacity of the drive input power transformer.
Air inside the drive	e is too hot.	Check the drive internal temperature.
Problem with the C indicator.	CHARGE	Replace the drive.
<i>Uu2</i>	Uv2	Control Power Supply Voltage Fault
000	072	Voltage is too low for the control drive input power.
Cau		Possible Solution
L2-02 changed from its default value in drive that is 7.5 kW or smaller without installing a Momentary Power Loss Ride-Thru.		Correct parameter L2-02 setting or install optional Momentary Power Loss Ride- Thru unit.
The wiring for the control power supply is damaged.		<ul><li>Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs.</li><li>Replace the drive if the fault continues to occur.</li></ul>
Internal circuitry is damaged.		<ul><li>Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs.</li><li>Replace the drive if the fault continues to occur.</li></ul>
<i>Uu3</i>	Uv3	Undervoltage 3 (Inrush Prevention Circuit Fault)
		The inrush prevention circuit has failed.
Cause		Possible Solution
The contactor on the inrush prevention circuit is damaged.		<ul> <li>Cycle power to the drive. Check if the fault reoccurs.</li> <li>Replace the drive if the fault continues to occur.</li> <li>Check monitor U4-06 for the performance life of the inrush prevention circuit.</li> <li>Replace the drive if U4-06 exceeds 90%.</li> </ul>

# 5.3 Alarm Detection

# Alarm Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

LED Operat	or Display	Minor Fault Name
		Baseblock
66	bb	Drive output interrupted as indicated by an external baseblock signal.
		Option Communication Error
6US	bUS	<ul> <li>After initial communication was established, the connection was lost.</li> <li>Assign a run command frequency reference to the option card.</li> </ul>
[ALL	CALL	Serial Communication Transmission Error
נחננ	CALL	Communication has not yet been established.
66	CE	MEMOBUS/Modbus Communication Error
LC	CE	Control data was not received correctly for two seconds.
_		Speed Deviation (for Simple V/f with PG)
δευ	dEv	According to the pulse input (RP), the speed deviation is greater than the setting in F1-10 for a time longer than the setting in F1-11.
dnE	dnE	Drive Disabled
		Forward/Reverse Run Command Input Error
EF	EF	Both forward run and reverse run closed simultaneously for over 0.5 s.
cco		Option Card External Fault
EF0	EF0	An external fault condition is present.
EF I	<b>DD1</b>	External fault (input terminal S1)
67 1	EF1	External fault at multi-function input terminal S1.
573	EE2	External fault (input terminal S2)
crc	EF2	External fault at multi-function input terminal S2.
EF 3	EE2	External fault (input terminal S3)
cro	EF3	External fault at multi-function input terminal S3.
ЕГЧ	EF4	External fault (input terminal S4)
667		External fault at multi-function input terminal S4.
<i>EF</i> 5		External fault (input terminal S5)
сгэ	EF5	External fault at multi-function input terminal S5.
EF 6	EE(	External fault (input terminal S6)
сго	EF6	External fault at multi-function input terminal S6.
ЕЕЛ	EF7	External fault (input terminal S7)
66 1	EF/	External fault at multi-function input terminal S7.
_		Excessive PID Feedback
FЪH	FbH	The PID feedback input is higher than the level set in b5-36 for longer than the time set in b5-37, and b5-12 is set to 1 or 4.
		PID Feedback Loss
FBL	FbL	The PID feedback input is lower than the level set in b5-13 for longer than the time set in b5-14, and b5-12 is set to 1 or 4.

#### Table 5.3 Alarm Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

НЬБ	Hbb	Safe Disable Signal Input
		Both Safe Disable Input channels are open.
КЪЪЕ	HbbF	Safe Disable Signal Input
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		One of the Safe Disable input channels is open.
HER	HCA	Current Alarm
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	пса	Drive current exceeded overcurrent warning level (150% of the rated current).
οH	оН	Heatsink Overheat
	011	The temperature exceeded the maximum allowable value.
		Drive Overheat Warning
oH2	oH2	"Drive Overheat Warning" was input to a multi-function input terminal, S1 through S7 (H1-□□= B)
		Motor Overheat
oH3	oH3	The motor overheat signal entered to a multi-function analog input terminal exceeded the alarm level (H3-02 or H3-10 = $E$ ).
		Overtorque 1
old old		Drive output current (or torque in OLV) was greater than L6-02 for longer than the time set in L6-03.
		Overtorque 2
ol 4	oL4	Drive output current (or torque in OLV) was greater than L6-05 for longer than the time set in L6-06.
٥5	oS	Overspeed (for Simple V/f with PG)
UJ		Pulse input (RP) indicates that motor speed feedback exceeded F1-08 setting.
		DC Bus Overvoltage
ου	ov	The DC bus voltage exceeded the trip point. For 200 V class: approximately 410 V For 400 V class: approximately 820 V (740 V when E1-01 < 400)
P855		
00		PG Disconnect (for Simple V/f with PG)
Ρΰο	PGo	Detected when no PG pulses received for a time longer than setting in F1-14.
	rUn	Motor Switch during Run
rUn		A command to switch motors was entered during run.
UL 3	UL3	Undertorque Detection 1
015		Drive output current (or torque in OLV) less than L6-02 for longer than L6-03 time.
UL Y	UI4	Undertorque Detection 2
01 1	UL4	Drive output current (or torque in OLV) less than L6-05 for longer than L6-06 time.
Üu	Uv	Undervoltage
		<ul> <li>One of the following conditions was true when the drive was stopped and a run command was entered:</li> <li>DC bus voltage dropped below the level specified in L2-05.</li> <li>Contactor to suppress inrush current in the drive was open.</li> <li>Low voltage in the control drive input power. This alarm outputs only if L2-01 is not 0 and DC bus voltage is under L2-05.</li> </ul>

# 5.4 Operator Programming Errors

An Operator Programming Error (oPE) occurs when an inappropriate parameter is set or an individual parameter setting is inappropriate.

# • oPE Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

Table 5.4 OPE Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions			
LED Opera	tor Display	Error Name	
0PE0 I	oPE01	Drive Capacity Setting Fault	
0, 20,	OFEOI	Drive capacity and then value set to o2-04 do not match.	
		Parameter Range Setting Error	
<i>оРЕО2</i> оРЕО2		Use U1-18 to find which parameters were set outside the setting range.	
		Multi-Function Input Selection Error	
oPE03	oPE03	A contradictory setting is assigned to multi-function contact inputs H1-01 through to H1-07.	
оРЕОЧ	oPE04	Initialization required.	
		Run Command Selection Error	
oPE05	oPE05	The Run command selection parameter b1-02 is set to 3 but no option board is installed.	
		MMulti-Function Analog Input Selection Error	
oPE07	oPE07	A contradictory setting is assigned to multi-function analog inputs H3-02 through to H3-10 and PID functions conflict.	
		Parameter Selection Error	
<i>оРЕСВ</i> оРЕО8		A function has been set that cannot be used in the motor control method selected.	
		PID Control Selection Fault	
oPE09 oPE09		PID control function selection is incorrect. Requires that PID control is enabled $(b5-01 = 1 \text{ to } 4)$ .	
	oPE10	V/f Data Setting Error	
oPE 10		The following setting errors have occurred where: E1-04 is greater than or equal to E1-06 is greater than or equal to E1-09. Or the following setting errors have occurred: E3-04 is greater than or equal to E3-06 is greater than or equal to E3-07 is greater than or equal to E3-09.	
oPE I I	oPE11	Carrier Frequency Setting Error	
0-6-1	OFEII	Correct the setting for the carrier frequency.	
		Incorrect setting of monitor selection for Pulse Train (H6-06).	

#### Table 5.4 oPE Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

# 5.5 Auto-Tuning Fault Detection

Auto-Tuning faults are shown below. When the following faults are detected, the fault is displayed on the Digital Operator and the motor coasts to a stop. No fault or alarm outputs will occur

# Auto-Tuning Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

LED Operator Display		Error Name		
		Motor Data Error		
	use	Possible Solutions		
Motor data or da Auto-Tuning wa	ta entered during s incorrect.	<ul> <li>Check that the motor data entered to T1 parameters matches motor nameplate input before Auto-Tuning.</li> <li>Start Auto-Tuning over again and enter the correct information.</li> </ul>		
Motor output and current settings ( T1-04) do not m	T1-02 and	<ul> <li>Check the drive and motor capacities.</li> <li>Correct the settings of parameters T1-02 and T1-04.</li> </ul>		
Motor output and no-load current settings (T1-04 and E2-03) do not match. Data required when Auto-Tuning for OLV Control or Stationary Auto-Tuning.				
Base frequency and base motor rotations (T1-05 and T1-07) do not match.		Set T1-05 and T1-07 to the correct value.		
Er-02	$E_{\Gamma} = G_{\Gamma}^{2}$ Er-02 Minor Fault			
Ca	use	Possible Solutions		
Incorrect motor during Auto-Tur		<ul> <li>Motor data entered to the T1 parameters does not match the information written on the motor nameplate. Enter the correct data.</li> <li>Start Auto-Tuning over again and enter the correct information.</li> </ul>		
The wiring is fau Load is too heav	2	Check the wiring and correct defective connections.     Check around the machine.		
Er-03	Er-03	Check the load. STOP Button Input		
Ca	use	Possible Solutions		
Auto-Tuning car pressing STOP b		Auto-Tuning did not complete properly and will have to be performed again.		
Ег-ОЧ	Er-04	Line-to-Line Resistance Error		
Cause		Possible Solutions		
Motor data entered during Auto-Tuning was incorrect.		<ul> <li>Motor data entered to T1 parameters does not match motor nameplate. Enter the correct data.</li> <li>Start Auto-Tuning over again and enter the correct information.</li> </ul>		
Auto-Tuning did not complete within designated time frame.		<ul> <li>Check and correct faulty motor wiring.</li> <li>Disconnect the motor from machine and perform Rotational Auto-Tuning.</li> </ul>		
Drive-calculated values outside parameter setting range.				
Er-05	Er-05	No-Load Current Error		

Table 5.5 Auto-Tuning Codes, Causes, and Possible Solutions

5

Cause		Possible Solutions	
Motor data entered during		<ul> <li>Motor data entered to T1 parameters does not match motor nameplate. Enter the correct data.</li> </ul>	
Auto-Tuning wa	s incorrect.	Restart Auto-Tuning and enter the correct information.	
Auto-Tuning did within designate		<ul> <li>Check and correct faulty motor wiring.</li> <li>Disconnect the motor from machine and perform Rotational Auto-Tuning.</li> </ul>	
Drive-calculated parameter setting			
Er-08	Er-08	Rated Slip Error	
Ca	use	Possible Solutions	
Motor data enter Auto-Tuning wa		<ul> <li>Motor data entered to T1 parameters does not match motor nameplate. Enter the correct data.</li> <li>Restart Auto-Tuning and enter the correct information.</li> </ul>	
Auto-Tuning did within designate		Check and correct faulty motor wiring.	
Values calculated by the drive are outside the allowable parameter setting ranges.		<ul> <li>Disconnect the motor from machine and perform Auto-Tuning.</li> </ul>	
Er-09	Er-09	Acceleration Error (detected only during Rotational Auto-Tuning)	
Ca	use	Possible Solutions	
The motor did not the specified acc		<ul> <li>Increase the acceleration time (C1-01).</li> <li>Check if it is possible to disconnect the machine from the motor.</li> </ul>	
Torque limit whe low (L7-01 and	en motoring is too L7-02).	<ul> <li>Check the settings of parameters L7-01 and L7-02.</li> <li>Increase the setting.</li> </ul>	
Er-11	Er-11	Motor Speed Fault (detected only when Auto-Tuning is enabled)	
Ca	use	Possible Solutions	
Torque reference (Enabled in OLV		<ul> <li>Increase the acceleration time (C1-01).</li> <li>Disconnect the machine from the motor, if possible.</li> </ul>	
Er - 12	Er-12	Current Detection Error	
Ca	use	Possible Solutions	
One of the motor missing (U/T1, V		Check motor wiring and correct problems.	
Current exceeder rating of the driv		<ul> <li>Check the motor wiring for a short between motor lines.</li> <li>If a magnetic contactor is used between motors, ensure it is on.</li> </ul>	
The current is to	o low.	Replace the drive.	
Attempted Auto-Tuning without motor connected to the drive.		Connect the motor and perform Auto-Tuning.	
Current detection signal error.		Replace the drive.	
End / End1		Excessive V/f Setting. Detected only during Rotational Auto-Tuning, and displayed after Auto-Tuning is complete.	
Cause		Possible Solutions	
The torque reference exceeded 20% during Auto-Tuning.		<ul> <li>Before Auto-Tuning the drive, verify the information written on the motor nameplate and enter that data to T1-03 through T1-05.</li> <li>Enter proper information to parameters T1-03 to T1-05 and repeat Auto-Tuning.</li> <li>If possible, disconnect the motor from the load and perform Auto-Tuning.</li> </ul>	
The results from Auto-Tuning the no-load current exceeded 80%.			
End2	End2	Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient. Detected only during Rotational Auto-Tuning and displayed after Auto-Tuning is complete.	
Ca	use	Possible Solutions	
Cause			

Motor data entered during Auto-Tuning was incorrect.		<ul> <li>Motor data entered to the T1 parameters does not match the information written on the motor nameplate.</li> <li>Restart Auto-Tuning and enter the correct information.</li> </ul>	
Auto-Tuning calculated values outside the parameter setting range, assigning the iron-core saturation coefficient (E2-07, -08) a temporary value.		<ul> <li>Check and correct faulty motor wiring.</li> <li>Disconnect the motor from machine and perform Rotational Auto-Tuning.</li> </ul>	
End3	End3	Rated Current Setting Alarm (displayed after Auto-Tuning is complete)	
Cause		Possible Solutions	
The motor line-to-line resistance and the motor-rated current are not consistent with one another.     The correct current rating printed on the nameplate was not entered into T1-04.			

# 5.6 Diagnosing and Resetting Faults

# Fault Reset Methods

After the Fault Occurs	Procedure	
Fix the cause of the fault, restart the drive, and reset the fault	Press the RESET button on the digital operator	
Resetting via Fault Reset Digital Input S4	Close then open the fault signal digital input via terminal S4. S4 is set fault reset as default (H1-04 = 12)	Fault Reset Switch S4 Fault Reset Digital Input
If the above methods do not ress supply. Reapply power after L	et the fault, turn off the drive main power ED operator display is out.	② ON ↑ ③ OFF



6

# **Specifications**

6.1	HEAVY DUTY AND NORMAL DUTY	
	RATINGS 1	108
6.2	SINGLE/THREE-PHASE 200 V CLASS	
	DRIVE 1	109
6.3	THREE-PHASE 400 V CLASS DRIVES 1	111

# 6.1 Heavy Duty and Normal Duty Ratings

The capacity of the drive is based on two types of load characteristics: Heavy Duty (HD) and Normal Duty (ND).

*Refer to Selecting the Appropriate Load Rating on page 108* for the differences between HD and ND. Specifications for capacity ratings appear are listed on the following pages.

Setting Parameter C6-01	Rated Output Current	Overload Tolerance	Default Carrier Frequency
0: Heavy Duty	HD Rating varies by model		8/10 kHz varies by model
1: Normal Duty		120% rated output current for 60 s varies by model	2 kHz, Swing PWM

Table 6.1 Selecting the Appropriate Load Rating

<1> The following pages list information on rating changes based on drive model.

- **HD** and **ND**: HD refers to applications requiring constant torque output, while ND refers to applications with variable torque needs. The drive allows the user to select HD or ND torque depending on the application. Fans, pumps, and blowers should use ND (C6-01 = "1"), and other applications generally use HD (C6-01 = "0").
  - **Swing PWM**:Swing PWM equivalent to a 2 kHz audible noise. This function turns the motor noise into a less obtrusive white noise.
- Note: Differences between HD ratings and ND ratings for the drive include rated input and output current, overload capacity, carrier frequency, and current limit. The default setting is for ND (C6-01 = 1).

# 6.2 Single/Three-Phase 200 V Class Drive

	ltem	1		Specification						
1	Three-Phase: C	IMR-V	□2A	0001	0002	0004	0006	0010	0012	0020
Sir	ngle-Phase: Cll	MR-V□	BA <1>	0001	0002	0003	0006	0010	0012	0018
	Maximum Motor Size Allowed ND Rating		0.13	0.25	0.5/0.7 5	1.0/1.5	2.0/3.0	3.0	5.5 <b>&lt;*&gt;</b>	
	(HP) <3>		HD Rating	0.13	0.25	0.5/0.7 5	0.75/1. 0	1.5/2.0	3.0	3.7
		Three	ND Rating	1.1	1.9	3.9	7.3	10.8	13.9	24.0
Input	Input Current	Phase	HD Rating	0.7	1.5	2.9	5.8	7.5	11.0	18.9
input	(A) <4>	Single	ND Rating	2.0	3.6	7.3	13.8	20.2	24.0	-
		Phase	HD Rating	1.4	2.8	5.5	11.0	14.1	20.6	35.0
	Rated Output		ND Rating	0.5	0.7	1.3	2.3	3.7	4.6	7.5
	Capacity (kVA	ĺ) <>	HD Rating	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.2	6.7
			ND Rating 🦘	1.2	1.9	3.5 (3.3)	6.0	9.6	12.0	19.6
	Output Curre	ent (A)	HD Rating	0.8 <>>	1.6 🖘	3.0 🖘	5.0 🖘	8.0 🔧	11.0 <8>	17.5 <\$>
Output	Over	load To	olerance	ND Rating: 120% of rated output current for 1 minute HD Rating: 150% of rated output current for 1 minute (Derating may be required for applications that start and stop frequently)						
	Carr	rier Fre	quency	2 kHz (user-set, 2 to 15 kHz)						
	Max O	utput V	oltage (V)	Three-phase power: Three-phase 200 to 240 V Single-phase power: Three-phase 200 to 240 V (both proportional to input voltage)						
	Max Out	put Fre	quency (Hz)	400 Hz (user-adjustable)						
Power	Rated Voltage Rower Rated Frequency						200 to 2 240 V 5			
Supply Allowable Voltage Fluctuation		-15 to 10%								
Allowable Frequency Fluctuation		±5%								
Harmonic Corrective DC Reactor		Optional								

Table 6.2 Power Ratings

<1> Drives with single-phase power supply inputs output three-phase power, and cannot run a single-phase motor.

<2> The motor capacity (HP) refers to a NEC rated 4-pole motor. The rated output current of the drive output amps should be equal to or greater than the motor rated current.

<3> Input current rating varies depending on the power supply transformer, input reactor, wiring connections, and power supply impedance.

<4> Rated motor capacity is calculated with a rated output voltage of 230 V.

<5> Carrier frequency is set to 2 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<6> Carrier frequency is set to 10 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<7> Carrier frequency is set to 8 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<8> CIMR-V□BA0020 only. CIMR-V□BA0018 is available with a Heavy Duty rating only.

	Ite	em		Specification			
	Three-Phase	: CIMR-V	2A	0030	0040	0056	0069
	Single-Phase: CIMR-VDBA <1>			-	-	-	-
M			ND Rating	10.1	14.8	20.1	24.8
Maximui	m Motor Size Allowe	a (HP) 💙	HD Rating	7.4	10.1	14.8	20.1
		Three-	ND Rating	34.7	50.9	69.4	85.6
Innut	Input Current (A)	Phase	HD Rating	26.0	35.4	51.9	70.8
Input	<4>	Single-	ND Rating	-	-	-	-
		Phase	HD Rating	-	-	-	-
	Rated Output Capa	city (kVA)	ND Rating	11.4	15.2	21.3	26.3
	<5>	• • • •	HD Rating	9.5	12.6	17.9	22.9
	Output Current (A)		ND Rating 🛛 🎸	30.0	40.0	56.0	69.0
			HD Rating	25.0 <	33.0 <*>	47. < <del>8</del> >	60.0 <8>
Output	Overload Tolerance			ND Rating: 120% of rated output current for 1 minute HD Rating: 150% of rated output current for 1 minute (Derating may be required for applications that start and stop frequently)			
	Carrier Frequency			2 kHz (user-set, 2 to 15 kHz)			
	Max Output Voltage (V)			Three-phase power: Three-phase 200 to 240 V Single-phase power: Three-phase 200 to 240 V (both proportional to input voltage)			
	Max Out	put Freque	ncy (Hz)	400 Hz (user-adjustable)			
Rated Voltage Power Rated Frequency		Three-phase power: Three-phase 200 to 240 V 50/60 Hz Single-phase power: 200 to 240 V 50/60 Hz					
Supply	Allowable	Voltage Flu	uctuation	-15 to 10%			
	Allowable I	Frequency F	luctuation	±5%			
Harmoni	c Corrective Actions	D	C Reactor		(	Optional	

Table 6.3 Power Ratings Continued

<1> Drives with single-phase power supply inputs output three-phase power, and cannot run a single-phase motor.

<2> The motor capacity (kW) refers to a Yaskawa 4-pole motor. The rated output current of the drive output amps should be equal to or greater than the motor rated current.

<3> Input current rating varies depending on the power supply transformer, input reactor, wiring connections, and power supply impedance.

<4> Rated motor capacity is calculated with a rated output voltage of 220 V.

<5> Carrier frequency is set to 2 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<7> Carrier frequency is set to 8 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

Note: Differences between Heavy Duty (HD) ratings and Normal Duty (ND) ratings for the drive include rated input and output current, overload capacity, carrier frequency and current limit. Set parameter C6-01 to "0" for HD or "1" for ND (default).

# 6.3 Three-Phase 400 V Class Drives

Item			Specification						
	CIMR-V⊡4A		0001	0002	0004	0005	0007	0009	0011
Maxir	Maximum Applicable Motor ND Rating		0.25	0.5/0.75 /1.0	1.5/2.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	7.5
(	Capacity (HP) <1>	HD Rating	0.25	0.5/0.75	1.0/1.5/ 2.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0
Turnet	Input Current (A) 🗇	ND Rating	1.2	2.1	4.3	5.9	8.1	9.4	14.0
Input	Input Current (A) 🍫	HD Rating	1.2	1.8	3.2	4.4	6.0	8.2	10.4
	Output Current (kVA)	ND Rating	0.9	1.6	3.1	4.1	5.3	6.7	8.5
		HD Rating	0.9	1.4	2.6	3.7	4.2	5.5	7.0
		ND Rating	1.2	2.1	4.1	5.4	6.9	8.8	11.1
Output	Output Current (A)	HD Rating	1.2	1.8	3.4	4.8	5.5	7.2	9.2
output	Overload Tolerance			ND Rating: 120% of rated output current for 60 s HD Rating: 150% of rated output current for 60 s (Derating may be required for applications that start and stop frequently)					
	Carrier Freque	ency	User adjustable between 2 and 15 kHz (see HD output current line of this table for default values)						
	Maximum Output V	oltage (V)	Thre	e-phase: 3	380 to 480	) V (prop	ortional to	o input vo	ltage)
	Maximum Output Frequency (Hz)		400 Hz (user-adjustable)						
D	Rated Voltage Rated	Frequency		Thr	ee-phase:	380 to 48	80 V 50/6	0 Hz	
Power Supply	Allowable Voltage Fl	uctuation				-15 to 109	/6	_	
Supp.j	Allowable Frequency	Fluctuation	±5%						
Harmo	nic Corrective Actions	DC Reactor	Optional						

#### Table 6.4 Power Ratings

<1> The motor capacity (HP) refers to a NEC 4-pole motor. The rated output current of the drive output amps should be equal to or greater than the motor rated current.

Input current rating varies depending on the power supply transformer, input reactor, wiring conditions, and power supply impedance.

<3> Rated motor capacity is calculated with a rated output voltage of 460 V.

<4> Carrier frequency is set to 2 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<5> Carrier frequency is set to 8 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

Item		Specification			
CIMR-V□4A		0018	0023	0031	0038
Maximum Applicable Motor	ND Rating	10.1	14.8	20.1	24.8
Capacity (HP) <1>	HD Rating	7.4	10.1	14.8	20.1

Table 6.5 Power Ratings Continued

#### 6.3 Three-Phase 400 V Class Drives

	ltem		Specification				
	CIMR-V□4A		0018	0023	0031	0038	
Turnet	Input Current (A)	ND Rating	20.0	24.0	38.0	44.0	
Input	Input Current (A) <2>	HD Rating	15.0	20.0	29.0	39.0	
		ND Rating 🖇	13.3	17.5	23.6	29.0	
	Output Current (kVA) <3>	HD Rating 🗇	11.3	13.7	18.3	23.6	
	Output Current (A)	ND Rating 🖇	17.5	23.0	31.0	38.0	
		HD Rating 🗇	14.8	18.0	24.0	31.0	
Output	- Overlead Telerance		ND Rating: 120% of rated output current for 60 s HD Rating: 150% of rated output current for 60 s (Derating may be required for applications that start and stop frequently)				
	Carrier Frequen	cy <3>	2 kHz (user-adjustable from 2 to 15 kHz)				
	Maximum Output V	oltage (V)	Three-phase: @380 to 480 V (proportional to input voltage)				
	Maximum Output Fre	quency (Hz)	400 Hz (user-adjustable)				
D	Rated Voltage Rated	Frequency	Three-phase: 380 to 480 V 50/60 Hz				
Power Supply	Allowable Voltage F	luctuation	-15 to 10%				
Suppiy	Allowable Frequency Fluctuation		±5%				
Harmo	onic Corrective Actions	DC Reactor	Optional				

<1> The motor capacity (kW) refers to a Yaskawa 4-pole motor. The rated output current of the drive output amps should be equal to or greater than the motor rated current.

2> Input current rating varies depending on the power supply transformer, input reactor, wiring conditions, and power supply impedance.

<3> Rated motor capacity is calculated with a rated output voltage of 440 V.

<4> Carrier frequency is set to 2 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

<5> Carrier frequency is set to 8 kHz. Current derating is required in order to raise the carrier frequency.

Note: Differences between Heavy Duty (HD) ratings and Normal Duty (ND) ratings for the drive include rated input and output current, overload capacity, carrier frequency and current limit. Set parameter C6-01 to "0" for HD or "1" for ND (default).



7

# **Parameter List**

This chapter contains a full listing of all parameters and settings available in the drive

# 7.1 PARAMETER TABLE ...... 114

# 7.1 Parameter Table

No.	Name	Description			
	A1: Initialization Parameters Use A1 parameters to configure the basic environment for drive operation.				
A1-01	Access Level Selection	0: Operation only 1: User Parameters (access to parameters selected by the user) 2: Advanced Access Level			
A1-02	Control Method Selection	0: V/f Control without PG 2: Open Loop Vector (OLV) 5: PM Open Loop Vector (PM) Note: Does not return to the default setting after initialization.			
A1-03	Initialize Parameters	0: No Initialize 1110: User Initialize (First set user parameter values must be stored using parameter 02-03) 2220: 2-Wire Initialization 3330: 3-Wire Initialization 5550: OPE04 Error Reset			
A1-04	Password 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
A1-05	Password 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
A1-06	Application Preset	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
A1-07	DriveWorksEZ Function Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
	A2: User Parameters				
	Use A2	parameters to program the drive.			
A2-01 to A2-32	User Parameters, 1 to 32	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
A2-33	User Parameter Automatic Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
	b1: Use b1 param	Operation Mode Selection heters to configure the operation mode.			
b1-01	Frequency Reference Selection 1	0: Operator - Digital preset speed d1-01 to d1-17. 1: Terminals - Analog input terminal A1 or A2. 2: Memobus communications 3: Option PCB 4: Pulse Input (Terminal RP)			
b1-02	Run Command Selection 1	0: Operator - RUN and STOP keys on the digital operator. 1: Digital input terminals S1 to S7 2: Memobus communications 3: Option PCB.			
b1-03	Stopping Method Selection	0: Ramp to Stop 1: Coast to Stop 2: DC Injection Braking to Stop 3: Coast with Timer (A new run command is ignored if received before the timer expires)			
b1-04	Reverse Operation Selection	0: Reverse enabled. 1: Reverse disabled.			
b1-07	Local/Remote Run Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b1-08	Run Command Selection while in Programming Mode	0: Run command accepted only in the operation menu. 1: Run command accepted in all menus. 2: Prohibit entering programming mode during Run			

No.	Name	Description				
		Sets phase order for drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2 and W/T3.				
b1-14	Phase Order Selection	0: Standard 1: Switch phase order				
h1-15	Frequency Reference 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	Run Command Source 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	Run Command at Power Up	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
01-17	b2: DC Injection Braking					
	Use b2 parameters	to configure DC Injection Braking operation				
b2-01	DC Injection Braking Start Frequency	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b2-02	DC Injection Braking Current	Sets the DC Injection Braking current as a percentage of the drive rated current.				
b2-03	DC Injection Braking Time/DC Excitation Time at Start	Sets DC Injection Braking time at start. Disabled when set to 0.00 seconds.				
b2-04	DC Injection Braking Time at Stop	Sets DC Injection Braking time at stop.				
b2-08	Magnetic Flux Compensation Capacity	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b2-12	Short Circuit Brake Time at Start	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b2-13	Short Circuit Brake Time at Stop	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
		b3: Speed Search				
	*	o configure Speed Search function operation.				
b3-01	Speed Search Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-02	Speed Search Deactivation Current	Sets the current level at which the speed is assumed to be detected and Speed Search is ended. Set in percent of the drive rated current.				
b3-03	Speed Search Deceleration Time	Sets time constant used to reduce the output frequency during speed search. Related to a change from max. output frequency to 0.				
b3-05	Speed Search Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-06	Output Current 1 during Speed Search	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-10	Speed Search Detection Compensation Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-14	Bi-Directional Speed Search Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-17	Speed Search Restart Current Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-18	Speed Search Restart Detection Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-19	Number of Speed Search Restarts	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-24	Speed Search Method Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b3-25	Speed Search Retry Interval Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	b4: Timer Function					
1 4 01		ers to configure timer function operation.				
b4-01	Timer Function On-Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
b4-02	Timer Function Off-Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	b5: PID Control Use b5 parameters to configure the PID control drive function.					
b5-01	PID Function Setting	0: Disabled 1: Enable (Deviation is D-controlled) 2: Enable (Feedback is D-controlled) 3: Enable (Deviation is D-controlled, PID output added to Freq. Ref.) 4: Enable (Feedback is D-controlled, PID output added to Freq. Ref.)				
b5-02	Proportional Gain Setting (P)	Sets the proportional gain of the PID controller. A setting of 0.00 disables P control.				

No.	Name	Description			
b5-03	Integral Time Setting (I)	Sets the integral time for the PID controller. A setting of 0.0 s disables integral control.			
b5-04	Integral Limit Setting	Sets the maximum output possible from the integrator.			
b5-05	Derivative Time (D)	Sets D control derivative time. A setting of 0.00 s disables derivative control.			
b5-06	PID Output Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-07	PID Offset Adjustment	Applies an offset to the PID controller output.			
b5-08	PID Primary Delay Time Constant	Sets the amount of time for the filter on the output of the PID controller.			
b5-09	PID Output Level Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-10	PID Output Gain Setting	Sets the gain applied to the PID output.			
b5-11	PID Output Reverse Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-12	PID Feedback Reference Missing Detection Selection	<ul> <li>0: Disabled.</li> <li>1: Feedback loss detected when PID enabled. Alarm output, operation is continued without triggering a fault contact.</li> <li>2: Feedback loss detected when PID enabled. Fault output, operation is stopped and a fault contact is triggered.</li> <li>3: Feedback loss detection when PID disabled by digital input. No alarm/fault output. "PID feedback loss" digital output is switched.</li> <li>4: PID Feedback error detection when PID disabled by digital input. An alarm is triggered and the drive continues to run.</li> <li>5: PID Feedback error detection when PID disabled by digital input. Fault is triggered and output is shut off.</li> </ul>			
b5-13	PID Feedback Loss Detection Level	Sets the PID feedback loss detection level.			
b5-14	PID Feedback Loss Detection Time	Sets the PID feedback loss detection delay time.			
b5-15	PID Sleep Function Start Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-16	PID Sleep Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-17	PID Accel/Decel Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-18	PID Setpoint Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-19	PID Setpoint Value	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-20	PID Setpoint Scaling	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-34	PID Output Lower Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-35	PID Input Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-36	PID Feedback High Detection Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-37	PID Feedback High Level Detection Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-38	PID Setpoint / User Display	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b5-39	PID Setpoint Display Digits	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
	Use b6 paramet	<b>b6: Dwell Function</b> ers to configure dwell function operation.			
b6-01	Dwell Reference at Start				
b6-02	Dwell Time at Start	Pafer to V1000 Technical Manual for Jotaila			
b6-03	Dwell Frequency at Stop	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			
b6-04	Dwell Time at Stop	]			
	b8: Energy Saving Use b8 parameters to configure the energy saving/conservation drive function.				
b8-01	Energy Saving Control Selection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled (set b8-04)			
b8-02	Energy Saving Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.			

No.	Name	Description
b8-03	Energy Saving Control Filter Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
b8-04	Energy Saving Coefficient Value	Sets the Energy Saving coefficient and is used to fine adjustments in V/ f Control.
b8-05	Power Detection Filter Time	Sets a filter time for the Power Detection used by Energy Savings in V/ f Control.
b8-06	Search Operation Voltage Limit	Sets the limit for the voltage search operation performed by Energy Savings in V/f Control.
		leration and Deceleration Times configure motor acceleration and deceleration.
C1-01	Acceleration Time 1	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to maximum frequency.
	Deceleration Time 1	Sets the time to decelerate from maximum frequency to 0.
	Acceleration Time 2	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to maximum frequency when Accel/ Decel times 2 are selected by a digital input.
C1-04	Deceleration Time 2	Sets the time to decelerate from maximum frequency to 0 when Accel/ Decel times 2 are selected by a digital input.
C1-05	Acceleration Time 3 (Motor 2 Accel Time 1)	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to maximum frequency when Accel/ Decel times 3 are selected by a digital input.
C1-06	Deceleration Time 3 (Motor 2 Decel Time 1)	Sets the time to decelerate from maximum frequency to 0 when Accel/ Decel times 3 are selected by a digital input.
C1-07	Acceleration Time 4 (Motor 2 Accel Time 2)	Sets the time to accelerate from 0 to maximum frequency when Accel/ Decel times 4 are selected by a digital input.
C1-08	Deceleration Time 4 (Motor 2 Decel Time 2)	Sets the time to decelerate from maximum frequency to 0 when Accel/ Decel times 4 are selected by a digital input.
C1-09	Fast-Stop Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
C1-10	Accel/Decel Time Setting Units	0: 0.01 s (0.00 to 600.00 s) 1: 0.1 s (0.0 to 6000.0 s)
C1-11	Accel/Decel Time Switching Frequency	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		2: S-Curve Characteristics meters to configure S-curve operation.
C2-01	S-Curve Characteristic at Accel Start	
· ·	S-Curve Characteristic at Accel End	S-curve is used to further soften the starting and stopping ramp. The
	S-Curve Characteristic at Decel Start	longer the S-curve time, the softer the starting and stopping ramp. The
	S-Curve Characteristic at Decel End	
	L	C3: Slip Compensation
		to configure the slip compensation function.
C3-01	Slip Compensation Gain	Sets the slip compensation gain.
C3-02	Slip Compensation Primary Delay Time	Adjusts the slip compensation function delay time.
C3-03	Slip Compensation Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
C3-04	Slip Compensation Selection during Regeneration	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
C3-05	Output Voltage Limit Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.

No.	Name	Description				
		4: Torque Compensation				
	Use C4 parameters	to configure Torque Compensation function.				
C4-01	Torque Compensation Gain	V/f control: Sets the gain for the automatic torque (voltage) boost function and helps to produce better starting torque. Open Loop Vector: Sets the torque compensation function gain. Normally no change is required.				
C4-02	Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time	Sets the torque compensation filter time.				
C4-03	Torque Compensation at Forward Start	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
C4-04	Torque Compensation at Reverse Start	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
C4-05	Torque Compensation Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
C4-06	Torque Compensation Primary Delay Time 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
		C5: Speed Control (ASR)				
		onfigure the Automatic Speed Regulator (ASR). e only when using V/f with Simple PG (H6-01 = 3).				
C5-01	ASR Proportional Gain 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	ASR Integral Time 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	ASR Proportional Gain 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
-	ASR Integral Time 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	<u> </u>	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
03-03	C5-05  ASR Limit   Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details. C6: Carrier Frequency					
	Use C6 parameters to	configure the carrier frequency drive settings.				
C6-01	Normal/Heavy Duty Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	Carrier Frequency Selection	1: 2.0 kHz 2: 5.0 kHz 3: 8.0 kHz 4: 10.0 kHz 5: 12.5 kHz 6: 15.0 kHz 7: Swing PWM1 (Audible sound 1) 8: Swing PWM2 (Audible sound 2) 9: Swing PWM3 (Audible sound 3) A: Swing PWM4 (Audible sound 4) B to E: No setting possible F: User defined (determined by C6-03 through C6-05)				
	Carrier Frequency Upper Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	Carrier Frequency Lower Limit					
C6-05	Carrier Frequency Proportional Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
	d1: Frequency Reference Use d1 parameters to configure the drive frequency reference.					
d1-01	Frequency Reference 1	Frequency reference				
d1-02	Frequency Reference 2	Frequency reference when digital input "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1" (H1- $\Box \Box = 3$ ) is on.				
d1-03	Frequency Reference 3	Frequency reference when digital input "Multi-Step Speed Reference 2" (H1- $\Box \Box = 4$ ) is on.				
d1-04	Frequency Reference 4	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1, 2" (H1- $\Box \Box = 3$ and 4) are on.				

No.	Name	Description
d1-05	Frequency Reference 5	Frequency reference when digital input "Multi-Step Speed Reference 3" (H1- $\Box \Box = 5$ ) is on.
d1-06	Frequency Reference 6	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1, 3" (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 3 and 5) are on.
d1-07	Frequency Reference 7	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 2, 3" (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 4 and 5) are on.
d1-08	Frequency Reference 8	Frequency reference when multi-function input "Multi-Step speed reference 1, 2, 3" (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 3, 4, 5) are on.
d1-09	Frequency Reference 9	Frequency reference when multi-function input "Multi-Step Speed Reference 4" (H1- $\Box \Box = 32$ ) is on.
d1-10	Frequency Reference 10	Frequency reference when digital input "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1, 4" (H1- $\Box \Box = 3$ and 32) are on.
d1-11	Frequency Reference 11	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 2, 4" (H1- $\Box \Box = 4$ and 32) are on.
d1-13	Frequency Reference 13	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 3, 4" (H1- $\square$ = 5 and 32) are on.
d1-14	Frequency Reference 14	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1, 3, 4" (H1- $\Box \Box = 3, 5, 32$ ) are on.
d1-15	Frequency Reference 15	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 2, 3, 4" (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 4, 5, 32) are on.
d1-16	Frequency Reference 16	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Multi-Step Speed Reference 1, 2, 3, 4" (H1- $\Box \Box$ = 3, 4, 5, 32) are on.
d1-17	Jog Frequency Reference	Frequency reference when digital inputs "Jog Frequency Reference," "Forward Jog" or "Reverse Jog." are on.
		uency Upper and Lower Limits to configure the frequency reference limits.
d2-01	Frequency Reference Upper Limit	Sets the frequency reference upper limit as a percentage of maximum output frequency (E1-04).
d2-02	Frequency Reference Lower Limit	Sets the frequency reference lower limit as a percentage of maximum output frequency (E1-04).
d2-03	Master Speed Reference Lower Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Use d3 parameters to	d3: Jump Frequency configure the drive Jump Frequency settings.
d3-01	Jump Frequency 1	d3-01 to d3-04 allow programming of three prohibited frequency
d3-02	Jump Frequency 2	reference points for eliminating problems with resonant vibration of the
d3-03	Jump Frequency 3	motor / machine.
d3-04	Jump Frequency Width	This parameter sets the dead-band width around each selected prohibited frequency reference point.
		Frequency Reference Hold figure the drive frequency reference hold function.
d4-01	Frequency Reference Hold Function Selection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
d4-03	Frequency Reference Bias Step (Up/ Down 2)	Sets the bias added to the frequency reference when the Up/Down 2 digital inputs are set.
d4-04	Frequency Reference Accel/Decel (Up/Down 2)	0: Adjusts bias value according to currently selected accel/decel time. 1: Adjusts the bias value by Accel/Decel Time 4 (C1-07 and C1-08).
d4-05	Frequency Reference Bias Operation Mode Selection (Up/Down 2)	0: Holds the bias value when Up/Down 2 reference is on or off. 1: When the Up 2 reference and Down 2 reference are both on or both off, applied bias becomes 0 using currently selected accel/ decel. times.

No.	Name	Description
d4-06	Frequency Reference Bias (Up/Down 2)	Saves the bias value once the frequency reference is adjusted.
d4-07	Analog Frequency Reference Fluctuation Limit (Up/Down 2)	When the Up 2 and Down 2 commands are enabled, the frequency reference holds the bias value as the levels for the analog frequency reference or pulse train frequency reference change, accelerating or decelerating to the frequency reference.
d4-08	Frequency Reference Bias Upper Limit (Up/Down 2)	When d4-06 is greater than d4-08, d4-08 becomes bias for upper limit.
d4-09	Frequency Reference Bias Lower Limit (Up/Down 2)	When d4-06 is less than d4-09, d4-09 becomes bias for lower limit.
	Use d7 par	d7: Offset Frequency rameters to set the offset frequency.
d7-01	Offset Frequency 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
d7-02	Offset Frequency 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
d7-03	Offset Frequency 3	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		V/f Pattern Characteristics
E1-01	Input Voltage Setting	ers to set V/f characteristics for the motor. Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	V/f Pattern Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Max Output Frequency (FMAX)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
	Max Voltage (VMAX)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
	Base Frequency (FA)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
	Mid Output Freq. (FB)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F. To set linear V/f characteristics, set the same values for E1-07 and E1-09.
E1-08	Mid Output Frequency Voltage (VC)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
	Minimum Output Freq. (FMIN)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F. To set linear V/f characteristics, set the same values for E1-07 and E1-09.
E1-10	Minimum Output Freq. Volt. (VMIN)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
E1-11	Mid Output Frequency 2	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
E1-12	Mid Output Frequency Voltage 2	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
E1-13	Base Voltage (VBASE)	Only applicable when E1-03 is set to F.
	Liss E2 m	E2: Motor Parameters trameters to set motor-related data.
E2-01	Motor Rated Current	Sets motor nameplate full load current in amperes (A).
	Motor Rated Slip	Sets the motor rated slip in hertz (Hz).
	Motor No-Load Current	Sets the motor face ship in fette (112). Sets the magnetizing current of the motor as a percentage of the motor rated current (E2-01).
E2-04	Number of Motor Poles	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor Line-to-Line Resistance	Sets the phase-to-phase motor resistance in ohms.
	Motor Leakage Inductance	Sets the voltage drop due to motor leakage inductance as a percentage of motor rated voltage.
E2-07	Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E2-08	Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E2-09	Motor Mechanical Loss	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E2-10	Motor Iron Loss for Torque Compensation	Sets the motor iron loss in watts (W).

No.	Name	Description
E2-11	Motor Rated Output	Sets the motor rated power in kilowatts (kW).
E2-12	Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 3	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		Motor 2 V/f Characteristics s to set the V/f pattern for a second motor.
E3-01	Motor 2 Control Method	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-04	Motor 2 Max Output Frequency	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-05	Motor 2 Max Voltage (VMAX)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-06	Motor 2 Base Frequency (FA)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-07	Motor 2 Mid Output Freq. (FB)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-08	Motor 2 Mid Output Freq. Voltage (VC)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-09	Motor 2 Min. Output Freq. (FMIN)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-10	Motor 2 Min. Output Freq. Voltage (VMIN)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-11	Motor 2 Mid Output Frequency 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-12	Motor 2 Mid Output Frequency Voltage 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E3-13	Motor 2 Base Voltage (VBASE)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		E4: Motor 2 Parameters ntrol a second motor operating on the same drive.
E4-01	Motor 2 Rated Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor 2 Rated Slip	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-03	Motor 2 Rated No-Load Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-04	Motor 2 Motor Poles	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-05	Motor 2 Line-to-Line Resistance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-06	Motor 2 Leakage Inductance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-07	Motor 2 Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-08	Motor 2 Motor Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-09	Motor 2 Mechanical Loss	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-10	Motor 2 Iron Loss	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-11	Motor 2 Rated Capacity	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-12	Motor 2 Iron-Core Saturation Coefficient 3	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-14	Motor 2 Slip Compensation Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E4-15	Torque Compensation Gain - Motor 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		5: PM Motor Parameters
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor Rated Capacity (for PM motor)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor Rated Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor Poles	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor Resistance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Motor d Axis Inductance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
E5-07	Motor q Axis Inductance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.

No.	Name	Description	
E5-09	Motor Induction Voltage Constant 1	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
E5-24	Motor Induction Voltage Parameter 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
Use F1		Simple PG V/f Parameters le PG V/f control. These parameters are enabled only when H6-01 = 03	
F1-02	Operation Selection at PG Open Circuit (PGO)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-03	Operation Selection at Overspeed (OS)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-04	Operation Selection at Deviation	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-08	Overspeed Detection Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-09	Overspeed Detection Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-10	Excessive Speed Deviation Detection Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-11	Excessive Speed Deviation Detection Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F1-14	PG Open-Circuit Detection Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	F6 and F7: Serial Communications Option Card Settings Use F6 parameters to program the drive for serial communication.		
F6-01 to F6-41	Range reserved	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
F7-01 to F7-21	Range reserved	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	

No.	Name	Description		
	H1: Multi-Function Digital Input			
H1 para	meters to assign functions to the multi-function digital input term	inals. Unused terminals should be set to "F".		
H1-01	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S1 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S1		
H1-02	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S2 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S2		
H1-03	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S3 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S3		
H1-04	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S4 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S4		
H1-05	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S5 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S5		
H1-06	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S6 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S6		
H1-07	Multi-Function Digital Input Terminal S7 Function Selection	Selects function of terminal S7		

	H1 Multi-Function Digital Input Selections		
H1-DD Setting	Function	Description	
0	3-Wire Sequence	Closed: Reverse rotation (only for 3-wire sequence)	
1	Local/Remote Selection	Open: Remote, Reference 1 or 2 (b1-01/02 or b1-15/16) Closed: Local, LED operator is run and reference source	
2	External Reference 1/2	Open: Run and frequency reference source 1 (b1-01/02) Closed: Run and frequency reference source 2 (b1-01/02)	
3	Multi-Step Speed Reference 1		
4	Multi-Step Speed Reference 2	Used to select Multi-Step Speeds set in d1-01 to d1-16	
5	Multi-Step Speed Reference 3		

	H1 Multi-Function Digital Input Selections			
H1-DD Setting	Function	Description		
6	Jog Reference Selection	Open: Selected speed reference Closed: Jog Frequency reference (d1-17). Jog has priority over all other reference sources.		
7	Accel/Decel Time 1	Used to switch between Accel/Decel. Time 1/2		
8	Baseblock Command (N.O.)	Open: Normal operation Closed: No drive output		
9	Baseblock Command (N.C.)	Open: No drive output Closed: Normal operation		
А	Accel/Decel Ramp Hold	Closed: The drive pauses during acceleration or deceleration and maintains the output frequency.		
В	Drive Overheat Alarm (OH2)	Closed: Displays an OH2 alarm		
С	Terminal A2 Enable	Open: Terminal A2 disabled Closed: Terminal A2 enabled		
F	Not used	Select this setting when not using the terminal or when using the terminal in a pass-through mode.		
10	Up Command	Open: Maintains the current frequency reference		
11	Down Command	Closed: Increases or decreases the current frequency reference		
12	Forward Jog	Closed: Runs forward at the Jog Frequency d1-17.		
13	Reverse Jog	Closed: Runs reverse at the Jog Frequency d1-17.		
14	Fault Reset	Closed: Resets faults if cause is cleared and Run command removed.		
15	Fast-Stop (N.O.)	Closed: Decelerates at the Fast-Stop time C1-09.		
16	Motor 2 Selection	Open: Motor 1 (E1-□□, E2-□□) Closed: Motor 2 (E3-□□, E4-□□)		
17	Fast-stop (N.C.)	Open: Decelerates according to C1-09 (Fast-stop Time)		
18	Timer Input Function	Set the timer delay using parameters b4-01 and b4-02.		
19	PID Disable	Closed: PID control disabled		
1A	Accel/Decel Time Selection 2	Switches Accel/Decel times.		
1B	Program Lockout	Open: Parameters can not be edited. (except U1-01 if reference source is set for operator) Closed: Parameters may be edited and saved.		
1E	Reference Sample Hold	Closed: Samples the analog frequency reference and operates the drive at that speed.		
	External Fault	<ul> <li>20: N.O., Always Detected, Ramp To Stop</li> <li>21: N.C., Always Detected, Ramp To Stop</li> <li>22: N.O., During Run, Ramp To Stop</li> <li>23: N.C., During Run, Ramp To Stop</li> <li>24: N.O., Always Detected, Coast To Stop</li> <li>25: N.C., Always Detected, Coast To Stop</li> <li>26: N.O., During Run, Coast To Stop</li> <li>27: N.C., During Run, Coast To Stop</li> <li>28: N.O., Always Detected, Fast-stop</li> <li>28: N.O., During Run, Fast-stop</li> <li>28: N.C., During Run, Fast-stop</li> <li>28: N.C., During Run, Fast-stop</li> <li>28: N.C., During Run, Fast-stop</li> <li>29: N.C., Always Detected, Alarm Only (continue running)</li> <li>21: N.O., During Run, Alarm Only (continue running)</li> <li>24: N.O., During Run, Alarm Only (continue running)</li> </ul>		
30	PID Integral Reset	Closed: Resets the PID control integral value.		

	H1 Multi-Function Digital Input Selections		
H1-DD Setting	Function	Description	
31	PID Integral Hold	Closed: Maintains the current PID control integral value.	
32	Multi-Step Speed Reference 4	Used to select Multi-Step Speeds set in d1-01 to d1-16	
34	PID Soft Starter	Closed: Disables the PID soft starter b5-17.	
35	PID Input Switch	Closed: Inverses the PID input signal	
40	Forward Run Command (2-wire sequence)	Open: Stop Closed: Forward run	
41	Reverse Run Command (2-wire sequence)	Open: Stop Closed: Reverse run	
42	Run Command (2-wire sequence 2)	Open: Stop Closed: Run	
43	FWD/REV Command (2-wire sequence 2)	Open: Reverse Closed: Forward	
44	Offset Frequency 1 Addition	Closed: Adds d7-01 to the frequency reference.	
45	Offset Frequency 2 Addition	Closed: Adds d7-02 to the frequency reference.	
46	Offset Frequency 3 Addition	Closed: Adds d7-03 to the frequency reference.	
60	DC Injection Braking Command	Closed: Triggers DC Injection Braking (b2-02)	
61	External Search Command 1	Closed: Activates Current Detection Speed Search from the max. output frequency (E1-04) if b3-01=0.	
62	External Search Command 2	Closed: Activates Current Detection Speed Search from the frequency reference if b3-01=0. Activates Speed Estimation Type Speed search if b3-01 =1.	
65	KEB Ride-Thru 1 (N.C.)	Open: KEB Ride-Thru 1 enabled Closed: Normal operation	
66	KEB Ride-Thru 1 (N.O.)	Open: Normal operation Closed: KEB Ride-Thru 1 enabled	
67	Communications Test Mode	Tests the MEMOBUS/Modbus RS-485/422 interface.	
68	High-Slip Braking	Closed: High-Slip braking is executed. Drive stops.	
6A	Drive Enable	Open: Drive disabled. If this input is opened during run, then the drive will stop as specified by parameter b1-03. Closed: Ready for operation.	
75	Up 2 Command	Open: Maintains the current frequency reference	
76	Down 2 Command	Closed: Increases or decreases the frequency reference.	
7A	KEB Ride-Thru 2 (N.C.)	Open: KEB Ride-Thru 2 enabled Closed: Normal operation	
7B	KEB Ride-Thru 2 (N.O.)	Open: Normal operation Closed: KEB Ride-Thru 2 enabled	
7C	Short-Circuit Braking (N.O.)	Open: Normal operation	
7D	Short-Circuit Braking (N.C.)	Closed: Short-Circuit Braking	
7E	Forward/Reverse Detection	Direction of rotation detection (for Simple V/f w/PG)	
9F	DriveWorksEZ enable	Open: DWEZ enabled Closed: DWEZ disabled	

No.	Name	Description	Range		
H2: Multi-Function Digital Outputs					
	Use H2 parameters to assign functions to the multi-function digital outputs.				

No.	Name	Description	Range
H2-01	Terminal MA, MB and MC Function Selection (relay)	Refer to "Multi-Function Digital	
H2-02	Terminal P1 Function Selection (open-collector)	Output Selection Table" for a	0 to 192
H2-03	Terminal P2 Function Selection (open-collector)	description of setting values.	
H2-06	Watt Hour Output Unit Selection	Refer to V1000 Tech Manual.	0 to 4

	H2 Multi-Function Digital Output Settings		
H2-DD Setting	Function	Description	
0	During Run	Closed: A Run command is active or voltage is output.	
1	Zero Speed	Closed: Output frequency is 0.	
2	Fref/Fout Agree 1	Closed: Output frequency equals the speed reference (plus or minus the hysteresis set to L4-02).	
3	Fref/Fset Agree 1	Closed: Output frequency and speed reference equal the value in L4-01 (plus or minus the hysteresis of L4-02).	
4	Frequency (FOUT) Detection 1	Closed: Output frequency is less than or equal to the value in L4-01 with hysteresis determined by L4-02.	
5	Frequency (FOUT) Detection 2	Closed: Output frequency is greater than or equal to the value in L4-01, with hysteresis determined by L4-02.	
6	Drive Ready	Closed: Drive Ready. The drive is powered up, not in a fault state, and in the Drive mode.	
7	DC Bus Undervoltage	Closed: DC bus voltage is below the UV trip level set in L2-05.	
8	During Baseblock	Closed: This is no output voltage	
9	Option Reference	Closed: Digital operator supplies the frequency reference.	
А	Local/Remote	Open: Reference 1 or 2 are active Closed: Digital operator supplies the run command.	
В	Torque Detection 1 (N.O.)	Closed: Output current/torque exceeds the torque value set in parameter L6-02 for longer than the time set in parameter L6-03.	
С	Loss of Reference	Closed: Loss of the analog frequency reference detected. Enabled when $L4-05 = 1$ .	
D	Braking Resistor Fault	Closed: Braking resistor or transistor is overheated or faulted out.	
E	Fault	Closed: Fault occurred (other than CPF00 and CPF01).	
F	Not used	Set this value when the terminal is not used, or when using the terminal in the pass-through mode.	
10	Alarm	Closed: An alarm is triggered.	
11	Reset Command Active	Closed: Reset command to the drive is active.	
12	Timer Output	Timer output, controlled by b4-01 and b4-02. Used in conjunction with the digital input (H1- $\Box$ = 18 "timer function").	
13	Fref/Fout Agree 2	Closed: When drive output frequency equals the frequency reference +/- L4-04.	
14	Fref/Fset Agree 2	Closed: When the drive output frequency is equal to the value in L4-03 (plus or minus L4-04).	
15	Frequency Detection 3	Closed: When the drive output frequency is less than or equal to the value in L4-03 with the hysteresis determined by L4-04.	
16	Frequency Detection 4	Closed: When the output frequency is greater than or equal to the value in L4-03 with the hysteresis determined by L4-04.	
17	Torque Detection 1 (N.C.)	Open: When the output current/torque exceeds the value set in parameter L6-02 for more time than is set in parameter L6-03.	
18	Torque Detection 2 (N.O.)	Closed: When the output current/torque exceeds the value set in parameter L6-05 for more time than is set in parameter L6-06.	

	H2 Multi-Function Digital Output Settings		
H2-DD Setting	Function	Description	
19	Torque Detection 2 (N.C.)	Open: Output current/torque exceeds the value set in parameter L6-05 for more time than is set in parameter L6-06.	
1A	Reverse Direction	Closed: Drive is running in the reverse direction.	
1B	Baseblock 2	Open: Drive is in base block condition. Output is disabled.	
1C	Motor 2 Selection	Closed: Motor 2 is selected by a digital input (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 16)	
1E	Restart Enabled	Closed: An automatic restart is performed	
1F	Overload Alarm OL1	Closed: OL1 is at 90% of its trip point or greater.	
20	OH Pre alarm	Closed: Heatsink temperature exceeds the parameter L8-02 value.	
22	Mechanical Weakening (N.O.)	Closed: Mechanical Weakening detected.	
30	During Torque Limit	Closed: When the torque limit has been reached.	
37	During Frequency Output	Closed: Frequency is output Open: Operation stopped, Baseblock, DC Injection Braking, or Initial Excitation is being performed.	
38	Drive Enable	Closed: Multi-function input closes (H1- $\Box\Box$ = 6A)	
39	Watt Hour Pulse Output	Output units are determined by H2-06, outputs 200 ms pulse for each incremented kWh count.	
3C	Drive Mode	Closed: Local Open: Remote	
3D	Speed Search	Closed: Speed search is being executed.	
3E	PID Feedback Loss	Closed: PID Feedback Loss.	
3F	PID Feedback Fault	Closed: PID Feedback Fault.	
4A	KEB Operation	Closed: KEB is being performed.	
4B	Short-Circuit Brake	Closed: Short-Circuit Braking is active.	
4C	During Fast-stop	Closed: Fast-stop command is entered	
4D	OH Pre-alarm Time Limit	Closed: OH Pre-alarm time limit is passed.	
100 to 14D	H2 Parameter Functions Reversed Output Switching of 0 to 92	Reverse the output switching of the multi-function output functions. Set the last two digits of $1\square\square$ to reverse the output signal of that specific function.	

No.	Name	Description	
	H3: Analog Inputs Use H3 parameters to set the multi-function analog input terminals.		
H3-01	Terminal A1 Signal Level Selection	0: 0 to +10 V (lower limit) 1: 0 to +10 V (no lower limit)	
H3-02	Terminal A1 Function Selection	Sets the function of terminal A1.	
H3-03	Terminal A1 Gain Setting	Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-02 when 10V is input at terminal A1.	
H3-04	Terminal A1 Bias Setting	Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-02 when 0V is input at terminal A1.	
H3-09	Terminal A2 Signal Level Selection	Sets the input signal level for terminal A2. 0: 0 to +10 V (with lower limit) 1: 0 to +10 V (no lower limit) 2: 4 to 20 mA 3: 0 to 20 mA	
H3-10	Terminal A2 Function Selection	Sets the function of terminal A2.	
H3-11	Terminal A2 Gain Setting	Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-10 when 10 V (20 mA) is input at terminal A2.	

No.	Name	Description
H3-12		Sets the level of the input value selected in H3-10 when 0 V (0 or 4 mA) is input at terminal A2.
H3-13		Sets the primary delay filter time constant for terminals A1 and A2. Used for noise filtering.

H3 Multi-Function Analog Input Settings			
H3-DD Setting	Function	Maximum Input Level Possible	
0	Frequency Bias	Max output frequency (E1-04).	
1	Frequency Gain	Frequency reference (voltage)	
2	Auxiliary Frequency Reference (used as multi-step speed 2)	Max output frequency (E1-04)	
4	Output Voltage Bias	Motor rated voltage (E1-05).	
7	Overtorque/Undertorque Detection Level	Open Loop Vector: Motor rated torque V/f control: Drive rated current	
В	PID Feedback	10V = 100%	
C	PID Set Point	10V = 100%	
Е	Motor Temperature (PTC input)	10 V = 100.00%	
F	Not used / Pass-through mode	-	
10	FWD Torque Limit	Motor rated torque	
11	REV Torque Limit	Motor rated torque	
12	Regenerative Torque Limit	Motor rated torque	
15	FWD/REV Torque Limit	Motor rated torque	
16	Differential PID Feedback	10 V = 100%	

No.	Name	Description		
	H4: Multi-Function Analog Outputs Use H4 parameters to configure the multi-function analog output terminals.			
H4-01	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM)	Selects data output via multi-function analog output terminal AM.		
H4-02	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Gain	Sets terminal AM output level when selected monitor is at 100%.		
H4-03	Multi-Function Analog Output Terminal AM Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
	H5: MEMOBUS/Modbus Communications Use H5 Parameters to connect the drive to a MEMOBUS/Modbus network.			
H5-01	Drive Node Address	Selects drive station node number (address) for MEMOBUS/Modbus terminals R+, R-, S+, S Cycle power for the setting to take effect.		
Н5-02	Communication Speed Selection	0: 1200 bps 1: 2400 bps 2: 4800 bps 3: 9600 bps 4: 19200 bps 5: 38400 bps 6: 57600 bps 7: 76800 bps 8: 115200 bps		
H5-03	Communication Parity Selection	0: No parity 1: Even parity 2: Odd parity		

No.	Name	Description
H5-04	Stopping Method After Communication Error	0: Ramp to stop 1: Coast to stop 2: Fast-stop 3: Alarm only
H5-05	Communication Fault Detection Selection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled - If communication is lost for more than two seconds, a CE fault will occur.
H5-06	Drive Transmit Wait Time	Set the wait time between receiving and sending data.
H5-07	RTS Control Selection	0: Disabled - RTS is always on. 1: Enabled - RTS turns on only when sending.
H5-09	CE Detection Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
H5-10	Unit Selection for MEMOBUS/ Modbus Register 0025H	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
H5-11	Communications ENTER Function Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
H5-12	Run Command Method Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
		6: Pulse Train Input/Output
	Use H6 parame	ters to configure Pulse Train I/O operation.
H6-01	Pulse Train Input Terminal RP Function Selection	0: Frequency reference 1: PID feedback value 2: PID setpoint value 3: Simple PG V/f control mode (can be set only when using motor 1 in the V/f control mode)
H6-02	Pulse Train Input Scaling	Sets the number of pulses (Hz) that is equal to 100% of the value selected in H6-01.
H6-03	Pulse Train Input Gain	Sets the level of the value selected in H6-01 when a frequency with the value set in H6-02 is input.
H6-04	Pulse Train Input Bias	Sets the level of the value selected in H6-01 when 0 Hz is input.
H6-05	Pulse Train Input Filter Time	Sets the pulse train input filter time constant.
H6-06	Pulse Train Monitor Terminal MP Selection	Select the pulse train monitor output function (value of the $\Box$ - $\Box$ $\Box$ part of $U\Box$ - $\Box$ $\Box$ ).
H6-07	Pulse Train Monitor Scaling	Sets the pulse output frequency in Hz when the monitor value is 100%.
		Motor Protection Functions ers to configure motor protective functions.
L1-01	Motor Overload Protection Selection	0: Disabled 1: Standard Fan Cooled (< 10:1 motor) 2: Standard Blower Cooled (≥ 10:1 motor) 3: Vector Motor (100:1 motor) 4: PM motor with variable torque <b>NOTICE:</b> The thermal protection is reset when the power is cycled. In applications where the power is frequently cycled, the drive may not be able to provide protection, even if this parameter is set to 1. Set to "0" and ensure each motor has a thermal relay installed.
L1-02	Motor Overload Protection Time	Sets the motor thermal overload protection (OL1) time.
L1-03	Motor Overheat Alarm Operation Selection (PTC input)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
L1-04	Motor Overheat Fault Operation Selection (PTC input)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
L1-05	Motor Temperature Input Filter Time (PTC input)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
L1-13	Continuous Electrothermal Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.

No.	Name	Description		
	L2: Momentary Power Loss Use L2 parameters to configure drive functions for momentary power loss conditions.			
L2-01	Momentary Power Loss Operation Selection	<ul> <li>0: Disabled - Drive trips on (UV1) fault when power is lost.</li> <li>1: Power Loss Ride-Thru Time - Drive will restart if power returns within the time set in L2-02.</li> <li>2: CPU Power Active - Drive will restart if power returns as long as the CPU is working.</li> </ul>		
L2-02	Momentary Power Loss Ride-Thru Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-03	Momentary Power Loss Minimum Baseblock Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-04	Momentary Power Loss Voltage Recovery Ramp Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-05	Undervoltage Detection Level (UV)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-06	KEB Deceleration Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-07	Momentary Power Loss Ride-Thru Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-08	Minimum Frequency Gain at KEB Start	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L2-11	Desired DC Bus Voltage during KEB	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
		s: Stall Prevention Function rs to configure the stall prevention function.		
L3-01	Stall Prevention Selection during Acceleration	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-02	Stall Prevention Level during Acceleration	Used when L3-01 = 1 or 2. 100% is equal to the drive rated current. Decrease the set value if stalling or excessive current occurs with default setting.		
L3-03	Stall Prevention Limit during Acceleration	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-04	Stall Prevention Selection during Deceleration	0: Disabled 1: General Purpose 2: Intelligent 3: Stall Prevention with Braking Resistor 4: Overexcitation Deceleration		
L3-05	Stall Prevention Selection during Run	0: Disabled 1: Decel Time 1 2: Decel Time 2		
L3-06	Stall Prevention Level during Run	Enabled when L3-05 is set to "1" or "2". 100% is equal to the drive rated current.		
L3-11	OV Suppression Function Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-17	Overvoltage Suppression and Stall Prevention Desired DC Bus Voltage	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-20	Main Power Circuit Voltage Adjustment Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-21	Accel/Decel Rate Calculation Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		
L3-22	Deceleration Time at Stall Prevention during Acceleration	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.		

### 7.1 Parameter Table

No.	Name	Description	
L3-23	Automatic Reduction Selection for Stall Prevention during Run	0: Sets the stall prevention level throughout the entire frequency range to the value in parameter L3-06. 1: Automatically lowers the stall prevention level in the constant output range. The lower limit value is 40% of L3-06.	
L3-24	Motor Acceleration Time for Inertia Calculations	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L3-25	Load Inertia Ratio	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	Use L4 parameter	L4: Frequency Detection s to configure frequency detection operation.	
L4-01	Speed Agreement Detection Level	These parameters configure the multi-function output (H2- $\Box \Box = 2, 3, 4$ ,	
L4-02	Speed Agreement Detection Width	These parameters configure the multi-function output (H2- $\Box \Box = 2, 3, 4, 5$ ) settings "Fref/Fout Agree 1," "Fref/Set Agree 1," "Frequency Detection 1," and "Frequency detection 2."	
L4-03	Speed Agreement Detection Level (+/-)	Defende M1000 Technical Manual feadateile	
L4-04	Speed Agreement Detection Width (+/-)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L4-05	Frequency Reference Loss Detection Selection	0: Stop - Drive will stop 1: Run at L4-06	
L4-06	Frequency Reference at Reference Loss	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L4-07	Frequency Detection Conditions	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	Use L5 paramete	L5: Fault Reset rs to configure Automatic Restart after fault.	
L5-01	Number of Auto Restart Attempts	Sets the counter for the number of times the drive attempts to restart when the following faults occur: GF, LF, OC, OV, PF, PUF, RH, RR, OL1, OL2, OL3, OL4, UV1.	
L5-02	Auto Restart Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L5-04	Fault Reset Interval Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L5-05	Fault Reset Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	L6: Overtorque Detection Use L6 parameters to configure overtorque detection.		
L6-01	Torque Detection Selection 1	0: Disabled 1: OL3 at Speed Agree - Alarm 2: OL3 at RUN - Alarm 3: OL3 at Speed Agree - Fault 5: UL3 at Speed Agree - Fault 6: UL3 at RUN - Alarm 7: UL3 at Speed Agree - Fault 8: UL3 at RUN - Fault	
L6-02	Torque Detection Level 1	Sets the overtorque/undertorque detection level.	
L6-03	Torque Detection Time 1	Sets the length of time an overtorque/undertorque condition must exist before Torque Detection 1 is triggered.	
L6-04	Torque Detection Selection 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L6-05	Torque Detection Level 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L6-06	Torque Detection Time 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L6-08	Mechanical Weakening (OL5) Detection Operation	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L6-09	Mechanical Weakening Detection Speed Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L6-10	Mechanical Weakening Detection Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	

No.	Name	Description	
L6-11	Mechanical Weakening Detection Start Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	L7: Torque Limit Use L7 parameters to configure the torque limit function.		
L7-01	Forward Torque Limit		
L7-02	Reverse Torque Limit		
L7-03	Forward Regenerative Torque Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L7-04	Reverse Regenerative Torque Limit		
L7-06	Torque Limit Integral Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L7-07	Torque Limit Control Method Selection during Accel/Decel	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
		L8: Hardware Protection s to configure hardware protection functions.	
L8-01	Internal Dynamic Braking Resistor Protection Selection (ERF type)	0: Resistor overheat protection disabled 1: Resistor overheat protection enabled	
L8-02	Overheat Alarm Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-03	Overheat Pre-Alarm Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-05	Input Phase Loss Protection Selection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled	
L8-07	Output Phase Loss Protection	0: Disabled 1: Enabled (triggered by a single phase loss). 2: Enabled (triggered when two phases are lost).	
L8-09	Output Ground Fault Detection Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-10	Heatsink Cooling Fan Operation Selection	0: Fan On-Run Mode 1: Fan always on	
L8-11	Heatsink Cooling Fan Operation Delay Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-12	Ambient Temperature Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-15	OL2 Characteristics Selection at Low Speeds	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-18	Soft CLA Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-19	Frequency Reduction Rate during OH Pre-Alarm	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-29	Current Unbalance Detection (LF2)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-35	Side-by-Side Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
L8-38	Carrier Frequency Reduction	0: Disabled 1: Enabled below 6Hz 2: Enabled for the whole speed range	
L8-41	Current Alarm Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	Use n1 parameter	<b>n1: Hunting Prevention</b> rs to configure hunting prevention operation.	
n1-01	Hunting Prevention Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n1-02	Hunting Prevention Gain Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n1-03	Hunting Prevention Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	

No.	Name	Description	
n1-05	Hunting Prevention Gain while in Reverse	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
		Reedback Detection Control Function the Speed Feedback Detection Control function operation.	
n2-01	Speed Feedback Detection Control (AFR) Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n2-02	Speed Feedback Detection Control (AFR) Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n2-03	Speed Feedback Detection Control (AFR) Time Constant 2	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	Use n3 parameter	<b>n3: High-Slip Braking</b> s to configure the high-slip braking function.	
n3-01	High-Slip Braking Deceleration Frequency Width	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n3-02	High-Slip Braking Current Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n3-03	High-Slip Braking Dwell Time at	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	Stop		
n3-04	High-Slip Braking Overload Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n3-13	Overexcitation Deceleration Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n3-21	High-Slip Suppression Current Level	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n3-23	Overexcitation Operation Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	<b>n6: Online Tu</b> Use n6 parameters to adjust t	ning of Resistance between Motor Lines he motor line-to-line resistance while the drive is online.	
n6-01	Line-to-Line Motor Resistance Online Tuning	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
		anent Magnet (PM) Motor Control meters to control the PM motor control.	
n8-45	Speed Feedback Detection Control Gain	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-47	Pull-In Current Compensation Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-48	Pull-In Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-49	Load Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-51	Acceleration Pull-In Current	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-54	Voltage Error Compensation Time Constant	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-55	Load Inertia	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
n8-62	Output Voltage Limit	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	<b>o1: Display Settings</b> Use o1 parameters to configure the digital operator display.		
o1-01	Drive Mode Unit Monitor Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
o1-02	User Monitor Selection After Power Up	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
o1-03	Digital Operator Display Selection	0: Hz 1: % (100% = E1-04) 2: r/min (enter the number of motor poles into E2-04/E4-04/E5-04) 3: User defined by parameters o1-10 and o1-11	

No.	Name	Description
o1 <b>-</b> 10	Frequency Reference Setting and User-Set Display	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
o1-11	Frequency Reference Setting / Decimal Display	Refer to v 1000 Technical Manual for details.
		: Multi-Function Selections o configure LED digital operator key functions.
	LOCAL/REMOTE Key Function	U U U U U U U_
02-01	Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
02-02	STOP Key Function Selection	Enables/Disables the operator panel STOP key when the drive is operated form external sources (not operator). 0: Disabled. 1: Enabled
02-03	User Parameter Default Value	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
o2-04	Drive/kVA Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
02-05	Frequency Reference Setting Method Selection	0: Data/Enter key must be pressed to enter a frequency reference. 1: Data/Enter key is not required. The frequency reference is adjusted by the "up" and "down" arrow keys.
o2-06	Operation Selection when Digital Operator is Disconnected	0: The drive will continue operation 1: The drive will trigger a fault (OPR) and the motor will coast to stop
o2-07	Motor Direction at Power Up when Using Operator	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Use o4 p	o4: Maintenance Period parameters to perform maintenance.
o4-01	Accumulated Operation Time Setting	Sets the starting value for the cumulative operation time of the drive in units of 10h.
04-02	Accumulated Operation Time Selection	0: Logs power-on time 1: Logs operation time when the drive output is active (output operation time).
04-03	Cooling Fan Operation Time Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
04-05	Capacitor Maintenance Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
04-07	Inrush Prevention Relay Maintenance Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
04-09	IGBT Maintenance Setting	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
04-11	U2, U3 Initialize Selection	0: Saves the fault monitor data 1: Resets the fault monitor data
o4-12	kWh Monitor Initialize Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
04-13	Number of Run commands Initialize selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
T1-00	Motor Selection 1/2	1: 1st Motor - E1 to E2 2: 2nd Motor - E3 to E4 (this selection is not displayed if motor 2 has not been selected)
T1-01	Auto-Tuning Mode Selection	0: Rotational Auto-Tuning 2: Stationary Auto-Tuning 3: Rotational Auto-Tuning for V/f control
T1-02	Motor Rated Power	Sets the motor rated power in kilowatts (kW).
T1-03	Motor Rated Voltage	Sets the motor rated voltage in volts (V).
T1-04	Motor Rated Current	Sets the motor rated current in amperes (A).
T1-05	Motor Base Frequency	Sets the base frequency of the motor in Hertz (Hz).
T1-06	Number of Motor Poles	Sets the number of motor poles.

No.	Name	Description	
T1-07	Motor Base Speed	Sets the base speed of the motor in revolutions per minute r/min (RPM).	
T1-11	Motor Iron Loss	Provides the iron loss for determining the Energy Saving coefficient.	
	U1: Operation Status Monitors Use U1 monitors to display the operation status of the drive.		
U1-01	Frequency Reference	Monitors the frequency	
U1-02	Output Frequency	Displays the output frequency.	
U1-03	Output Current	Displays the output current.	
U1-04	Control Mode	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
U1-05	Motor Speed	Displays the motor speed feedback. Display units are determined by 01-03.	
U1-06	Output Voltage Reference	Displays the output voltage.	
U1-07	DC Bus Voltage	Displays the DC bus voltage.	
U1-08	Output Power	Displays the output voltage (this value is determined internally).	
U1-09	Torque Reference	Monitor of internal torque reference value for Open Loop Vector (OLV) control	
U1-10	Input Terminal Status	Displays the input terminal status.	
U1-11	Output Terminal Status	Displays the output terminal status.	
U1-12	Drive Status	Verifies the drive operation status.	
U1-13	Terminal A1 Input Voltage	Displays the analog input A1 input level. 100% when the input is 10 V.	
U1-14	Terminal A2 Input Voltage	Displays the analog input A2 input level. 100% when the input is 10 V / 20 mA.	
U1-16	Output Frequency after Soft Start	Displays the output frequency.	
U1-18	OPE Fault Parameter	Displays the parameter number for $oPE\Box\Box$ or Err (operator error) where the error occurred.	
U1-19	MEMOBUS/Modbus Error Code	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
U1-24	Input Pulse Monitor	Displays the Pulse Train input RP frequency.	
U1-25	Software No. (Flash)	Yaskawa Flash ID	
U1-26	Software No. (ROM)	Yaskawa ROM ID	
	Use U2 mon	U2: Fault Trace itor parameters to view fault trace data.	
U2-01	Current Fault	Display of the current fault.	
U2-02	Previous Fault	Display of the previous fault.	
U2-03	Frequency Reference at Previous Fault	Displays the frequency reference at the previous fault.	
U2-04	Output Frequency at Previous Fault	Displays the output frequency at the previous fault.	
U2-05	Output Current at Previous Fault	Displays the output current at the previous fault.	
U2-06	Motor Speed at Previous Fault	Displays the motor speed at the previous fault.	
U2-07	Output Voltage at Previous Fault	Displays the output voltage at the previous fault.	
U2-08	DC Bus Voltage at Previous Fault	Displays the DC bus voltage at the previous fault.	
U2-09	Output Power at Previous Fault	Displays the output power at the previous fault.	
U2-10	Torque Reference at Previous Fault	Displays the torque reference at the previous fault.	
U2-11	Input Terminal Status at Previous Fault	Displays the input terminal status at the previous fault. Displayed as in U1-10.	
U2-12	Output Terminal Status at Previous Fault	Displays the output status at the previous fault.	

U2-13         Drive Operation Status at Previous         Displays the operation status of drive at the previous fault.           U2-14         Cumulative Operation Time at Previous Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the previous fault.           U2-15         Storter Speed Reference at Previous         Displays q-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U2-16         Motor q-Axis Current at Previous         Displays q-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U2-17         Motor d-Axis Current at Previous         Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U3-01         Most Recent Fault         Displays the most recent fault.           U3-02         2 and Most Recent Fault         Displays the fourth most recent fault.           U3-03         3rd Most Recent Fault         Displays the fourth most recent fault.           U3-04         4th Most Recent Fault         Displays the seventh most recent fault.           U3-05         5th Most Recent Fault         Displays the seventh most recent fault.           U3-04         8th Most Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-04         Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-05         Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-04<	No.	Name	Description	
D2-14         Previous Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the previous fault.           U2-15         Soft Starter Speed Reference at Previous Fault         Displays are current for the motor at the previous fault.           U2-17         Motor q-Axis Current at Previous Fault         Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U2-17         Motor d-Axis Current at Previous Fault         Displays the most recent fault.           U3-01         Most Recent Fault         Displays the most recent fault.           U3-02         2nd Most Recent Fault         Displays the foorth most recent fault.           U3-03         3rd Most Recent Fault         Displays the foorth most recent fault.           U3-04         4th Most Recent Fault         Displays the sixth most recent fault.           U3-05         5th Most Recent Fault         Displays the sixth most recent fault.           U3-06         6th Most Recent Fault         Displays the sixth most recent fault.           U3-07         7th Most Recent Fault         Displays the eighth most recent fault.           U3-08         8th Most Recent Fault         Displays the ighth most recent fault.           U3-10         Remulative Operation Time at 2nd Most Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-11         Cumulative Operation Time at 2nd Most Recent Fault         Di	U2-13	Fault	Displays the operation status of drive at the previous fault.	
U2-15       Previous Fault       Displays speed reference for soit starter at the previous fault.         U2-16       Motor q-Axis Current at Previous Fault       Displays q-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.         U2-17       Motor d-Axis Current at Previous Fault       Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.         U3-11       Most Recent Fault       Displays the most recent fault.         U3-02       2nd Most Recent Fault       Displays the fourth most recent fault.         U3-03       3rd Most Recent Fault       Displays the fourth most recent fault.         U3-04       4th Most Recent Fault       Displays the fourth most recent fault.         U3-05       5th Most Recent Fault       Displays the fifth most recent fault.         U3-06       6th Most Recent Fault       Displays the seventh most recent fault.         U3-07       7th Most Recent Fault       Displays the seventh most recent fault.         U3-08       8th Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation fault.         U3-09       9th Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation fime at Most Recent Fault         U3-11       Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation fime at Math Most Recent Fault         U3-12       Cumulative Operation Time at Math Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation time at the fifth most recent fault.	U2-14	Cumulative Operation Time at Previous Fault	Displays the cumulative operation time at the previous fault.	
U2-16         Fault         Displays q-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U2-17         Motor d-Axis Current at Previous Fault         Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.           U3-01         Most Recent Fault         Displays the most recent fault.           U3-02         2nd Most Recent Fault         Displays the fourth most recent fault.           U3-03         3rd Most Recent Fault         Displays the fourth most recent fault.           U3-04         4th Most Recent Fault         Displays the fourth most recent fault.           U3-05         5th Most Recent Fault         Displays the firth most recent fault.           U3-06         6th Most Recent Fault         Displays the eighth most recent fault.           U3-07         7th Most Recent Fault         Displays the eighth most recent fault.           U3-08         8th Most Recent Fault         Displays the eighth most recent fault.           U3-09         9th Most Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at themost recent fault.           U3-10         10th Most Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-18         Remed Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.           U3-10         Inthe Most Recent Fault         Displays the cumulative operation time at the finth.	U2-15		Displays speed reference for soft starter at the previous fault.	
U2-17       Fault       Fault       Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.         U3:       Fault History       Use U3 parameters to display fault data.         U3-02       2nd Most Recent Fault       Displays the most recent fault.         U3-03       3rd Most Recent Fault       Displays the third most recent fault.         U3-04       4th Most Recent Fault       Displays the fourth most recent fault.         U3-05       5th Most Recent Fault       Displays the sixth most recent fault.         U3-06       6th Most Recent Fault       Displays the sixth most recent fault.         U3-07       7th Most Recent Fault       Displays the sixth most recent fault.         U3-08       8th Most Recent Fault       Displays the seventh most recent fault.         U3-09       9th Most Recent Fault       Displays the eighth most recent fault.         U3-011       Cumulative Operation Time at Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.         U3-10       Inth Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.         U3-11       Cumulative Operation Time at Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation time at theth Most Recent Fault         U3-13       Cumulative Operation Time at Most Recent Fault       Displays the cumulative operation time at the fourth most recent fault.	U2-16		Displays q-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.	
Use U3 parameters to display fault data.U3-01Most Recent FaultDisplays the most recent fault.U3-022nd Most Recent FaultDisplays the second most recent fault.U3-033rd Most Recent FaultDisplays the firth most recent fault.U3-044th Most Recent FaultDisplays the firth most recent fault.U3-055th Most Recent FaultDisplays the sixth most recent fault.U3-066th Most Recent FaultDisplays the sixth most recent fault.U3-077th Most Recent FaultDisplays the eight most recent fault.U3-088th Most Recent FaultDisplays the eight most recent fault.U3-099th Most Recent FaultDisplays the eight most recent fault.U3-01010th Most Recent FaultDisplays the tenth most recent fault.U3-10110th Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.U3-11Cumulative Operation Time at 2nd Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the first most recent fault.U3-12Cumulative Operation Time at 3rd Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the fourth most recent fault.U3-13Cumulative Operation Time at 5th Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the first most recent fault.U3-14Cumulative Operation Time at 5th Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the first most recent fault.U3-15Cumulative Operation Time at 5th Most Recent FaultDisplays the cumulative operation time at the sixt most recent fault.U3-16Cumulativ	U2-17		Displays d-axis current for the motor at the previous fault.	
U3-01     Most Recent Fault     Displays the most recent fault.       U3-02     2nd Most Recent Fault     Displays the second most recent fault.       U3-03     3rd Most Recent Fault     Displays the firth most recent fault.       U3-04     4th Most Recent Fault     Displays the firth most recent fault.       U3-05     5th Most Recent Fault     Displays the firth most recent fault.       U3-06     6th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sixth most recent fault.       U3-07     7th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sixth most recent fault.       U3-08     8th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sight most recent fault.       U3-09     9th Most Recent Fault     Displays the inith most recent fault.       U3-09     9th Most Recent Fault     Displays the inith most recent fault.       U3-09     9th Most Recent Fault     Displays the tenth most recent fault.       U3-01     10th Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.       U3-11     Cumulative Operation Time at 3rd Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the fourth most recent fault.       U3-14     Cumulative Operation Time at 3rd Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the firth most recent fault.       U3-15     Cumulative Operation Time at 5th Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the firth most recent fault.       U3-16     Cumu		Use U		
U3-02     2nd Most Recent Fault     Displays the second most recent fault.       U3-03     3rd Most Recent Fault     Displays the fourth most recent fault.       U3-04     4th Most Recent Fault     Displays the fourth most recent fault.       U3-05     5th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sixth most recent fault.       U3-06     6th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sixth most recent fault.       U3-07     7th Most Recent Fault     Displays the sixth most recent fault.       U3-08     8th Most Recent Fault     Displays the eighth most recent fault.       U3-09     9th Most Recent Fault     Displays the eighth most recent fault.       U3-10     10th Most Recent Fault     Displays the eighth most recent fault.       U3-11     Cumulative Operation Time at Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.       U3-12     Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the most recent fault.       U3-13     Cumulative Operation Time at 2nd Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the fourth most recent fault.       U3-14     Cumulative Operation Time at 4th Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the fourth most recent fault.       U3-14     Cumulative Operation Time at 7th Most Recent Fault     Displays the cumulative operation time at the fifth most recent fault.       U3-16     Cumulative Operation Time at 7th Most Recent Fault	U3-01		1 1 2	
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Use U4 parameters to display drive maintenance information.       U4-01     Accumulated Operation Time     Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.       U4-02     Number of Run Commands     Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.       U4-03     Cooling Fan Operation Time     Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	U3-20	Cumulative Operation Time at 10th Most Recent Fault	Displays the cumulative operation time at the tenth most recent fault.	
U4-02         Number of Run Commands         Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.           U4-03         Cooling Fan Operation Time         Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.				
U4-03 Cooling Fan Operation Time Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	U4-01	Accumulated Operation Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	U4-02	Number of Run Commands	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
U4-05 Capacitor Maintenance Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	U4-03	Cooling Fan Operation Time	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	
	U4-05		Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.	

No.	Name	Description
U4-07	IGBT Maintenance	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-08 	Heatsink Temperature	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-09	LED Check	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-10	kWH, Lower 4 Digits	Monitors the drive output power.
	kWH, Upper 5 Digits	Nonitors the drive output power.
U4-13	Peak Hold Current	Displays the peak hold current during run.
U4-14	Peak Hold Output Frequency	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-16	Motor Overload Estimate (OL1)	100% = OL1 detection level
U4-18	Frequency Reference Source Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-19	Frequency Reference from MEMOBUS/Modbus Comm.	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-20	Option Frequency Reference	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-21	Run Command Source Selection	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-22	MEMOBUS/Modbus Communications Reference	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U4-23	Option Card Reference	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Use U5 paran	U5: Application Monitor neters to view application-specific settings.
U5-01	PID Feedback	Displays the PID feedback value in.
U5-02	PID Input	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U5-03	PID Output	Displays PID control output.
U5-04	PID Setpoint	Displays the PID setpoint.
U5-05	PID differential feedback	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U5-06	PID Adjusted Feedback	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
	Use U6 paran	U6: Application Monitor neters to display drive control information.
U6-01	Motor Secondary Current (Iq)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-02	Motor Excitation Current (ld)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-03	ASR Input	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-04	ASR Output	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-05	Output voltage reference (Vq)	Output voltage reference (Vq). (q-axis)
U6-06	Output Voltage Reference (Vd)	Output voltage reference (Vd). (d-axis)
U6-07	q-axis ACR Output	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-08	d-Axis ACR Output	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-20	Frequency Reference Bias (Up/ Down 2)	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.
U6-21	Offset Frequency	Refer to V1000 Technical Manual for details.

<1> Available for the drive software version 1011 or later.

Note: Cycle power to the drive to enable MEMOBUS/Modbus settings.



# Standards Compliance

This chapter explains the guidelines and criteria for maintaining CE and UL standards.

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# 8.1 European Standards

# CE

Figure 8.1 CE Mark

The CE mark indicates compliance with European safety and environmental regulations and is required for engaging in business and commerce in Europe.

European standards include the Machinery Directive for machine manufacturers, the Low Voltage Directive for electronics manufacturers and the EMC guidelines for controlling noise.

This drive displays the CE mark based on the EMC guidelines and the Low Voltage Directive.

- EMC Guidelines: Devices used in combination with this drive must also be CE certified and display the CE mark. When using drives displaying the CE mark in combination with other devices, it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to ensure compliance with CE standards. After setting up the device, verify that conditions meet European standards.
- Low Voltage Directive: 73/23/EEC, 93/68/EEC

# CE Low Voltage Directive Compliance

This drive has been tested according to European standard EN50178, and it fully complies with the Low Voltage Directive.

To comply with the Low Voltage Directive, be sure to meet the following conditions when combining this drive with other devices:

# Area of Use

Do not use drives in areas with pollution higher than severity 2 and overvoltage category 3 in accordance with IEC664.

# Installing Fuses on the Input Side

Install recommended UL-approved fuses at the main power input of the drive. Select fuses according to *Table 8.1*.

Drive Model CIMR-	Time Delay/ Class RK5 Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR	Fuse Ampere Rating	Non-Time Delay/ Class T Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR			
200 V Class Single-Phase Drives						
BA0001	TRS5R	5	Contact Yaskawa			

Drive Model CIMR- VD	Time Delay/ Class RK5 Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR	Fuse Ampere Rating	Non-Time Delay/ Class T Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR			
BA0002	TRS10R	10	Contact Yaskawa			
BA0003	TRS20R	20	Contact Yaskawa			
BA0006	TRS35R	35	Contact Yaskawa			
BA0010	TRS50R	50	Contact Yaskawa			
BA0012	TRS60R	60	Contact Yaskawa			
BA0018	Contact Yaskawa		Contact Yaskawa			
200 V Class Three-Phase Drives						
2A0001	TRS5R	5	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0002	TRS5R	5	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0004	TRS10R	10	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0006	TRS15R	15	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0010	TRS25R	25	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0012	TRS35R	35	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0020	TRS60R	60	Contact Yaskawa			
2A0030		70	A6T70			
2A0040	Not Available	100	A6T100			
2A0056	Not Available	150	A6T150			
2A0069		200	A6T200			
400 V Class Three-Phase Drives						
4A0001	TRS2.5R	2.5	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0002	TRS5R	5	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0004	TRS10R	10	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0005	TRS20R	20	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0007	TRS20R	20	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0009	TRS20R	20	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0011	TRS30R	30	Contact Yaskawa			
4A0018		50	A6T50			
4A0023	Not Available	60	A6T60			
4A0031	ivot Available	70	A6T70			
4A0038		80	A6T70			

# Guarding Against Harmful Materials

When installing IP20/Open-Chassis drives, use an enclosure that prevents foreign material from entering the drive from above or below.

#### Grounding

The drive is designed to be used in T-N (grounded neutral point) networks. If installing the drive in other types of grounded systems, contact your dealer or Yaskawa for instructions.

# **EMC** Guidelines Compliance

This drive is tested according to European standards EN61800-3 and it complies with the EMC guidelines.

### EMC Filter Installation

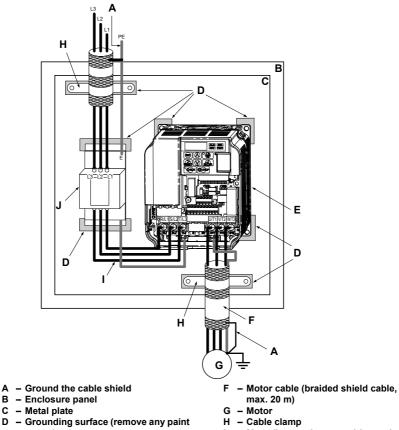
The following conditions must be met to ensure continued compliance with guidelines. *Refer* to EMC Filters on page 142 for EMC filter selection.

#### Installation Method

Verify the following installation conditions to ensure that other devices and machinery used in combination with this drive also comply with EMC guidelines.

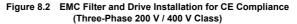
- 1. Install an EMC noise filter to the input side specified by **Yaskawa** for compliance with European standards.
- Place the drive and EMC noise filter in the same enclosure.
   Use braided shield cable for the drive and motor wiring or rule
- **3.** Use braided shield cable for the drive and motor wiring or run the wiring through a metal conduit.
- **4.** Keep wiring as short as possible. Ground the shield on both the drive side and the motor side.
- 5. Ground the largest possible surface area of the shield to the metal conduit when using braided shield cable. Yaskawa recommends using a cable clamp.

#### Three-Phase 200 V / 400 V Class

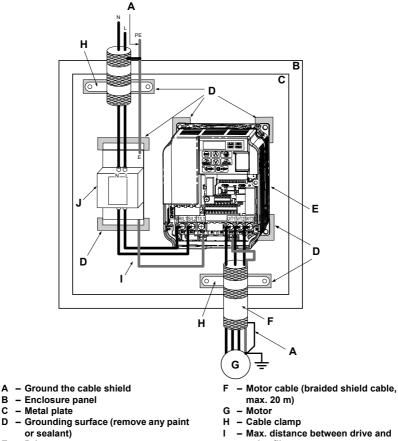


- or sealant)
- E Drive

- I Max. distance between drive and noise filter
- J EMC noise filter

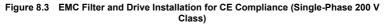


#### Single-Phase 200 V Class



E – Drive

- Max. distance between drive and noise filter
- J EMC noise filter



## **EMC** Filters

The drive should be installed with the EMC filters listed below in order to comply with the EN 61800-3, category C1 requirements.

	Filter Data (Manufacturer: Schaffner)						
Drive CIMR-V⊡	Туре	Rated Current [A]	Weight [kg]	Dimensions [W x L x H] (mm)	YxX	Drive Mounting Screw A	Filter Mounting Screw
			200 V Si	ingle-Phase Units			
BA0001	FS 5855-10/07	10	0.4	71 x 169 x 45	51 x 156	M4	M5
BA0002	FS 5855-10/07	10	0.4	71 x 169 x 45	51 x 156	M4	M5
BA0003	FS 5855-10/07	10	0.4	71 x 169 x 45	51 x 156	M4	M5
BA0006	FS 5855-20/07	20	0.7	111 x 169 x 50	91 x 156	M4	M5
BA0010	FS 5855-20/07	20	0.7	111 x 169 x 50	120 x 161	M4	M5
BA0012	FS 5855-30/07	30	1.0	144 x 174 x 50	120 x 161	M4	M5
BA0018				Contact Yaskawa			
200 V Three-Phase Units							
2A0001	FS 5856-10-07	10	0.7	82 x 194 x 50	62 x 181	M4	M5
2A0002	FS 5856-10-07	10	0.7	82 x 194 x 50	62 x 181	M4	M5
2A0004	FS 5856-10-07	10	0.7	82 x 194 x 50	62 x 181	M4	M5
2A0006	FS 5856-10-07	10	0.7	82 x 194 x 50	62 x 181	M4	M5
2A0010	FS 5856-20-07	20	0.8	111 x 169 x 50	91 x 156	M4	M5
2A0012	FS 5856-20-07	20	0.8	111 x 169 x 50	91 x 156	M4	M5
2A0020	FS 5856-30-07	30	0.9	144 x 174 x 50	120 x 161	M4	M5
2A0030	FS 5973-35-07	35	1.4	141 x 330 x 46	Drive cannot be mounted M on filter. M		M5
2A0040	FS 5973-60-07	60	3.0	206 x 355 x 60			M6
2A0056	FS 5973-100-07	60	3.0	206 x 355 x 60			M6
2A0069	FS 5973-100-07	100	4.9	236 x 408 x 80			M8
400 V Three-Phase Units							
4A0001	FS 5857-5/07	5	0.5	111 x 169 x 45	91 x 156	M4	M5
4A0002	FS 5857-5/07	5	0.5	111 x 169 x 45	91 x 156	M4	M5
4A0004	FS 5857-10/07	10	0.75	111 x 169 x 45	91 x 156	M4	M5
4A0005	FS 5857-10/07	10	0.75	111 x 169 x 45	91 x 156	M4	M5
4A0007	FS 5857-10/07	10	0.75	111 x 169 x 45	91 x 156	M4	M5
4A0009	FS 5857-20/07	20	1.0	144 x 174 x 50	120 x 161	M4	M5
4A0011	FS 5857-20/07	20	1.0	144 x 174 x 50	120 x 161	M4	M5
4A0018	FS 5972-35-07	35	2.1	206 x 355 x 50	Drive cannot be mounted M5 on filter. M5 M6		M5
4A0023	FS 5972-35-07	35	2.1	206 x 355 x 50			
4A0031	FS 5972-60-07	60	4.0	236 x 408 x 65			
4A0038	FS 5972-60-07	60	4.0	236 x 408 x 65			M6

#### Table 8.2 EN 61800-3 Category C1 Filters

Note: EMC filters for models CIMR-V□2A0030 through 0069 are in compliance with IEC61800–3, Category 2. All other models comply with Category 1.

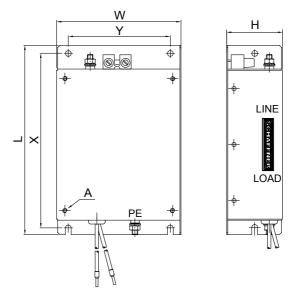


Figure 8.4 EMC Filter Dimensions

## DC Reactors for EN 61000-3-2 Compliance

Table 8.3 DC Reactors for Harmonics Reduction
---

Drive Type CIMR-VD	DC Reactor				
CIMR-V	Model	Rating			
200V Three-Phase Units					
2A0004	UZDA-B	5.4 A			
2A0006	UZDA-B	8 mH			
400 V Three-Phase Units					
4A0002	UZDA-B	3.2 A 28 mH			
4A0004	UZDA-B				

Note: Contact Yaskawa for information about DC reactors for other models.

# 8.2 UL Standards

The UL/cUL mark applies to products in the United States and Canada indicates that UL has performed product testing and evaluation and determined that their stringent standards for product safety have been met. For a product to receive UL certification, all components inside that product must also receive UL certification.



Figure 8.5 UL/cUL Mark

### UL Standards Compliance

This drive is tested in accordance with UL standard UL508C and complies with UL requirements. The following conditions must be met to maintain compliance when using this drive in combination with other equipment:

#### Installation Area

Do not install the drive to an area greater than pollution severity 2 (UL standard).

### Main Circuit Terminal Wiring

Yaskawa recommends using UL-listed copper wires (rated at 75 °C) and closed-loop connectors or CSA-certified ring connectors sized for the selected wire gauge to maintain proper clearances when wiring the drive. Use the correct crimp tool to install connectors per manufacturer recommendation. *Table 8.4* lists a suitable closed-loop connector manufactured by JST Corporation.

Wire Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Terminal Screws	Crimp Terminal Model Numbers	Tightening Torque N m (Ib to in.)
0.75 (10)	M3.5	R1.25-3.5	0.8 to 1.0 (7.1 to 8.9)
0.75 (18)	M4	R1.25-4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
1.25 (16)	M3.5	R1.25-3.5	0.8 to 1.0 (7.1 to 8.9)
	M4	R1.25-4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
	M3.5	R2-3.5	0.8 to 1.0 (7.1 to 8.9)
2 (14)	M4	R2-4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
	M5	R2-5	2.0 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)
	M6	R2-6	4.0 to 5.0 (35.4 to 44.3)

Table 8.4	Closed-Loop Crim	p Terminal Size	(JIS C 2805)	(same for 200 V and 400 V)

Standards Compliance

Wire Gauge mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Terminal Screws	Crimp Terminal Model Numbers	Tightening Torque N m (Ib to in.)
	M4	R5.5-4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
3.5/5.5 (12/10)	M5	R5.5-5	2.0 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)
5.5/5.5 (12/10)	M6	R5.5-6	4.0 to 5.0 (35.4 to 44.3)
	M8	R5.5-8	9.0 to 11.0 (79.7 to 97.4)
	M4	8-4	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
0 (0)	M5	R8-5	2.0 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)
8 (8)	M6	R8-6	4.0 to 5.0 (35.4 to 44.3)
	M8	R8-8	9.0 to 11.0 (79.7 to 97.4)
	M4	14-4 < <i>l</i> >	1.2 to 1.5 (10.6 to 13.3)
14 (6)	M5	R14-5	2.0 to 2.5 (17.7 to 22.1)
14 (6)	M6	R14-6	4.0 to 5.0 (35.4 to 44.3)
	M8	R14-8	9.0 to 11.0 (79.7 to 97.4)
22 (4)	M6	R22-6	4.0 to 5.0 (35.4 to 44.3)
	M8	R22-8	9.0 to 11.0 (79.7 to 97.4)
30/38 (3/2)	M8	R38-8	9.0 to 11.0 (79.7 to 97.4)

<1> Use the specified crimp terminals (Model 14–NK4) when using CIMR-V□2A0030, V□2A0040, and V□4A0023 with 14 mm<sup>2</sup> (6 AWG).

Note: Use crimp insulated terminals or insulated shrink tubing for wiring connections. Wires should have a continuous maximum allowable temperature of 75 °C 600 Vac UL-approved vinyl-sheathed insulation.

Drive Model CIMR-VD	Time Delay/ Class RK5 Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR	Fuse Ampere Rating
	200 V Class Single-Phase Drives	
BA0001	TRS5R	5
BA0002	TRS10R	10
BA0003	TRS20R	20
BA0006	TRS35R	35
BA0010	TRS50R	50
BA0012	TRS60R	60
BA0018	Contact	Yaskawa
	200 V Class Three-Phase Drives	
2A0001	TRS5R	5
2A0002	TRS5R	5
2A0004	TRS10R	10
2A0006	TRS15R	15
2A0010	TRS25R	25
2A0012	TRS35R	35
2A0020	TRS60R	60

Table 8 5	<b>Recommended Input Fuse Selection</b>
10010-0.0	Recommended input i use ociection

Drive Model CIMR-V	Time Delay/ Class RK5 Fuses 600 Vac, 200 kAIR	Fuse Ampere Rating			
2A0030		70			
2A0040	Contact Yaskawa	100			
2A0056	Contact Faskawa	150			
2A0069		200			
	400 V Class Three-Phase Drives				
4A0001	TRS2.5R	2.5			
4A0002	TRS5R	5			
4A0004	TRS10R	10			
4A0005	TRS20R	20			
4A0007	TRS20R	20			
4A0009	TRS20R	20			
4A0011	TRS30R	30			
4A0018		50			
4A0023	Contact Yaskawa	60			
4A0031	Contact Yaskawa	70			
4A0038		80			

#### Low Voltage Wiring for Control Circuit Terminals

Wire low voltage wires with NEC Class 1 circuit conductors. Refer to national state or local codes for wiring. Use a class 2 (UL regulations) power supply for the control circuit terminal.

Input / Output	Terminal Signal	Power Supply Specifications
Multi-function photocoupler output	P1, P2, PC	Require class 2 power supply
Multi-function digital inputs	S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, SC	Use the internal power supply of the drive. Use class 2 for external power supply.
Multi-function analog inputs	+V, A1, A2, AC	Use the internal power supply of the drive. Use class 2 for external power supply.
Pulse train input	RP	Use the internal LVLC power supply of the drive. Use class 2 for external power supply.
Pulse train output	MP	Use the internal LVLC power supply of the drive. Use class 2 for external power supply.

### Drive Short-Circuit Rating

This drive has undergone the UL short-circuit test, which certifies that during a short circuit in the power supply the current flow will not rise above 30,000 amps maximum at 240 V for 200 V class drives and 480 V for 400 V class drives.

- The MCCB and breaker protection and fuse ratings shall be equal to or greater than the short-circuit tolerance of the power supply being used.
- Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 30,000 RMS symmetrical amperes for 240 V in 200 V class drives (up to 480 V for 400 V class drives) motor overload protection.

### Drive Motor Overload Protection

Set parameter E2-01 (motor rated current) to the appropriate value to enable motor overload protection. The internal motor overload protection is UL listed and in accordance with the NEC and CEC.

#### E2-01 Motor Rated Current

Setting Range: Model Dependent

Factory Default: Model Dependent

Parameter E2-01 (motor rated current) protects the motor if parameter L1-01 is not set to 0 (default is 1, standard induction motor protection enabled).

If Auto-Tuning has been performed successfully, the motor data that was entered in T1-04 is automatically written into parameter E2-01. If Auto-Tuning has not been performed, manually enter the correct motor rated current in parameter E2-01.

#### L1-01 Motor Overload Protection Selection

The drive has an electronic overload protection function (oL1) based on time, output current and output frequency, which protects the motor from overheating. The electronic thermal overload function is UL-recognized, so it does not require an external thermal overload relay for single motor operation.

This parameter selects the motor overload curve used according to the type of motor applied.

Setting	Description	
0	Disabled	
1	Std Fan Cooled (< 10:1 motor) (factory default)	
2	Standard Blower Cooled (10:1 motor)	
3	Vector Motor (1000:1 motor)	
4	PM motor	

Table 8.7 Overload Protection Settings

Disable the electronic overload protection (L1-01 = 0: Disabled) and wire each motor with its own motor thermal overload when connecting the drive to more than one motor for simultaneous operation.

Enable the motor overload protection (L1-01 = "1", "2", or "3") when connecting the drive to a single motor unless there is another means of preventing motor thermal overload. The electronic thermal overload function causes an oL1 fault, which shuts off the output of the drive and prevents additional overheating of the motor. The motor temperature is continually calculated as long as the drive is powered up.

#### L1-02 Motor Overload Protection Time

Setting Range: 0.1 to 5.0 Minutes

Factory Default: 1.0 Minutes

The L1-02 parameter sets the allowed operation time before the oL1 fault occurs when the drive is running at 60 Hz and 133% of the full load amp rating (E2-01) of the motor. Adjusting the value of L1-02 can shift the set of oL1 curves up the Y-axis of the diagram below but will not change the shape of the curves.

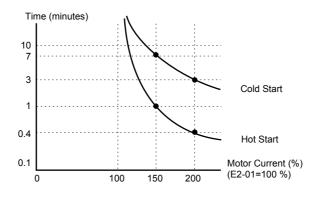


Figure 8.6 Motor Overload Protection Time

## 8.3 Safe Disable Input Precautions

### Safe Disable Function Description

The Safe Disable function can be utilized to perform a safe stop according to the EN60204-1, stop category 0 (Uncontrolled stop by power removal). It is designed to meet the requirements of the EN954-1, Safety Category 3 and EN61508, SIL2.

Removing the voltage from terminal H1 disables the drive output, i.e. the power supply to the motor is cut by stopping the switching of the output transistors in a safe way. "Hbb" is shown on the display. Safe Disable is applicable for induction and permanent magnet motors.

### Installation

If the Safe Disable function is utilized, the wire link between the terminals HC and H1 that is installed at shipment must be removed entirely.

Connect the drive to an EN954-1, Safety Category 3 interrupting device so that in case of a Safe Disable request the connection between the terminals HC and H1 is opened.

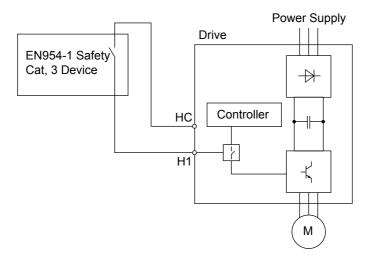


Figure 8.7 Safe Disable Wiring Example

#### Installation Precautions

- To ensure the Safe Disable function appropriately fulfills the safety requirements of the application, a thorough risk assessment for the safety system must be carried out.
- The drive must be installed in an enclosure with a protection degree of at least IP54 in order to maintain EN954-1, safety category 3 compliance.
- If the safety device and the drive are installed in separate cabinets, install the Safe Disable wires in a manner preventing short circuits.
- The Safe Disable function does not cut the power supply to the drive and does not provide electrical isolation. Before any installation or maintenance work is done, the power supply of the drive must be switched off.
- Consider the following when using PM motors: When the Safe Disable function is active, a failure in two of the drive power devices can occur and current will continue to flow through the motor winding. This failure will not produce torque in an induction motor, however, when occurring in a PM motor, torque will be produced and cause an alignment of the rotor magnets, which may cause the rotor to turn up to 180 degrees electrically. Ensure that this possible failure mode is not safety-critical for the application.
- The wiring distance for the Safe Disable inputs should not exceed 30 m.
- The time from opening the Safe Disable input until the drive output is switched off is less than 1 ms.

# 8.4 V1000 - ORIENTAÇÃO BÁSICA

#### PORTUGUÊS

### INVERSORES - V1000 TERMO DE GARANTIA

#### O manual do V1000 em português encontra-se no CD fornecido junto com o inversor

#### Limites da Garantia

Os produtos fabricados pela YASKAWA são garantidos contra defeitos de fabricação pelo período de 12 (doze) meses da data de entrega do equipamento. A comprovação da aplicabilidade da garantia é feita através da nota fiscal de compra.

A garantia é FOB YASKAWA BRASIL não incluído custos de transporte e frete.

Os produtos com defeitos de fabricação serão reparados ou trocados por novos, a critério da YASKAWA, sem nenhum ônus ao cliente. Caberá a YASKAWA a definição da aplicação ou não da garantia. A obrigação da companhia restringe-se ao reparo ou troca de produtos defeituosos, não cobrindo em hipótese alguma custos adicionais decorrentes do não funcionamento dos equipamentos. A YASKAWA não assumirá responsabilidade por reparos em produtos e/ou equipamentos realizados por empresas não autorizadas. A vida dos produtos da companhia dependerá de seu uso e instalação corretas, dentro dos limites especificados. Produtos que sofrerem danos por instalação inadequada, por tensões impróprias e/ou interligações ou fiação incorretas, não serão cobertos pela garantia. A garantia Yaskawa não cobrirá danos causados por elementos naturais como raios, terremotos, avalanches, inundações e qualquer outro tipo de efeito causado pela natureza.

#### Solicitação de Reparo em Garantia

Junto ao equipamento deverá ser enviado um relatório descrevendo o defeito e/ ou reclamação assim como descrição da aplicação e do motor utilizado. Solicite o formulário "solicitação de reparo em garantia" ao nosso departamento técnico.

#### Garantia a Terceiros

A garantia é direito do primeiro comprador e deverá ser solicitada pelo mesmo.

## INVERSORES DE FREQUÊNCIA - V1000

### ORIENTAÇÃO BÁSICA

#### Instalação

Para o perfeito funcionamento e garantia de durabilidade, os inversores devem ser instalados em local abrigado e livre de altas temperaturas, chuva, umidade, óleo em suspensão, atmosferas salinas, exposição direta ao sol, gases ou líquidos corrosivos, poeira, partículas

metálicas em suspensão e vibrações excessivas. A temperatura ambiente máxima recomendada é de 40°C. Ao se instalar o inversor em locais fechados recomenda-se prever ventilação forçada adequada de forma a não permitir que a temperatura interna exceda a 50° C.

#### Cuidados de Interligação

Conecte a alimentação nos terminais R/L1, S/L2 e T/L3 e o motor nos terminais U/T1, V/T2 e W/T3.Para operação com alimentação monofásica, conecte a alimentação aos terminais R/L1 e S/L2. Não utilize o T/L3.

#### Para perfeito funcionamento do inversor siga as seguintes recomendações:

- O motor deve ser conectado aos terminais U, V e W.
- Nunca conecte a alimentação aos terminais de saída, isso irá danificar o inversor.
- Se a distância entre o motor e o inversor for longa, reduza a freqüência da portadora, C6-02.
- A fiação de controle deve ter distância máxima de 50 m. Caso necessário distâncias maiores utilize relés para chaveamento dos comandos. Use cabos blindados instalados separados da fiação de força.
- Certifique-se que os terminais estejam apertados. Não conecte ou desconecte a fiação com o inversor energizado.
- Conecte o terminal de terra dos inversores a um ponto central, individualmente, evitandose a formação de loops.
- Utilize cabos e terminais de pressão apropriados de forma a não existir mau contato na barra de terminais.

Operador Digital	Descrição da Falha		
bus	Erro de cartão de comunicação		
BB	Supressão de Pulsos (Base Block Externo)		
CE	Erro de comunicação Memobus/Modbus		
CF / CPFxx	Falhas no cartão de controle		
dEu	Desvio de velocidade		
dWAL	Erro de saída programa DriveWorksEZ		
dWFL	Falha DriveWorksEZ		
EF	Erro de Sequenciamento: Comando Rodar Avante e Reverso Acionados Juntos.		
EFx	Falha Externa		
FAN	Falha no Ventilador		
FbH/FbL	Realimentação PID excessiva ou Perdida		
GF	Fuga a Terra		
LF / LF2	Perca de Fase na Saída/Desbalanceamento		
oC	Sobrecorrente		
oFAxx	Falha no cartão opcional		
oH/oH1	H/oH1 Falha de Sobretemperatura no dissipador		
* Para informaçõe manutenção.	s mais detalhadas das falhas e alarmes, consultar o manual de programação e		

#### Table 8.8 INDICAÇÃO DE FALHAS \*

Operador Digital	Descrição da Falha		
oH3/oH4	Sobretemperatura: no motor (entrada PTC)		
oL1	Sobrecarga do Motor		
oL2	Sobrecarga do Inversor		
oL3/4/7	Detecção Sobretorque		
oPx	Erro de Programação		
oS	Sobrevelocidade		
oV	Sobretensão: Tensão Link CC Elevada		
PF	Perca de Fase na Entrada		
PGo	Encoder desconectado		
rH	Sobretemperatura no Resistor de Frenagem		
r r	Falha no transistor de frenagem		
SER	Erro de Sequenciamento		
Ser	Número de religações excedido		
uV	Subtensão: Tensão de Entrada Baixa		
UV1	Subtensão		
UV2	Subtensão no Controle		
* Para informaç manutenção.	ões mais detalhadas das falhas e alarmes, consultar o manual de programação e		

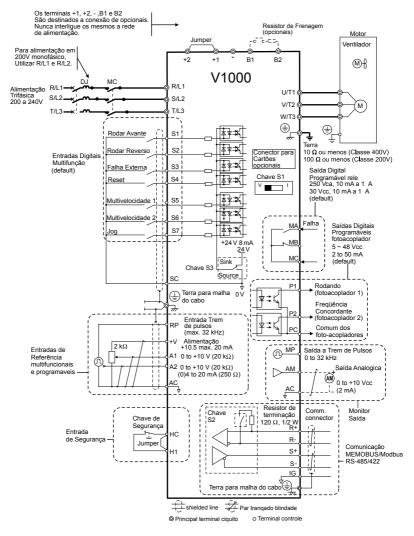


Figure 8.8 Diagrama de Interligacoes

### 8.4 V1000 - ORIENTAÇÃO BÁSICA

Entradas Digitais Multifunção:	Saídas Digitais Multifunção:	Entrada Analógica Multifunção:	Saída Analógica Multifunção:
S1: H1-01	MA: H2-01	A1: H3-02	AM: H4-02
S2: H1-02	P1 : H2-02	A2: H3-10	-
S3: H1-03	P2 : H2-03	-	-
S4: H1-04	-	-	-
S5: H1-05	-	-	-
S6: H1-06	-	-	-
S7: H1-07	-	-	-

		Yaskawa Brasil acredita no	
Yaskawa Eletrico do Brasil Ltda	Fone: (0xx11) 3585-1100	desenvolvimento sustentavel do pais e	
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Bairro Saude	E-mail : yaskawa@yaskawa.com.br	papel.	
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		em nosso site:	

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# YASKAWA AC Drive - V1000

**Compact Vector Control Drive** 

## Quick Start Guide

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YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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In the event that the end user of this product is to be the military and said product is to be employed in any weapons systems or the manufacture thereof, the export will fail under the relevant regulations as sipulated in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Regulations. Therefore, be sure to follow all procedures and submit all relevant documentation according to any and all rules, regulations and laws that may apply.

Specifications are subject to change without notice for ongoing product modifications and improvements.

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